



**The Descendants of John Allen**  
**(1784 – 1850 c.a.)**  
**Galway and Clare Ireland**

**Ninth Edition**

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Researched by: David G. Robb

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## Foreword

Since publishing the eighth edition of *The Descendants of John Allen* I have learned a great deal more about the family of Henry Allen's [12] daughter, Mary Allen [122]. Information regarding Mary's children and children's children has now been added. However, there remain some gaps in the information that I have not been able to gather.

Long sought after information regarding the family of Alice Bouchier, the wife of John Bouchier Allen [123] has also been collected and included in the 9<sup>th</sup> edition of the book.

The presentation format has been slightly modified to present the family units more clearly. Within each family section, the first generation appears as it did previously. However, each subsequent generation has been indented a few spaces. For example:

First Generation within a section

    Second Generation within the section

        Third Generation within the section

As always, if anyone is interested in submitting more recent family information, I will gladly include it in the family database and in any future updates that may be made to this document.

There has been considerable confusion in some dates and the order of certain events due to incomplete and inaccurate records, memory lapses, and conflicts of Parish and family records. Thus, we have been left to surmise about some events and occurrences based on happenings that I have been told about and the course of history.

It was found that previous generations were very autonomous. They were unaware of, and did not appear interested in occurrences outside of the immediate family. There seems to have been little, if any, communication between brothers, sisters, or parents once they no longer lived in the same home. For example, it was not uncommon for children to know nothing of their aunts, uncles, or grandparents.

The reason for this lack of knowledge is reflected in the era in which our ancestors lived. It was a time when there were great migrations from Ireland and families losing touch with one another. To magnify the problem, there were no reliable methods of communication.

People leaving Ireland did not always want to remember the past. Painful memories and hardship sometimes made them want to move on and forget about their misfortunes and suffering. In such circumstances our forefathers decided the past was best forgotten and not remembered.

Our forefathers were not concerned about maintaining accurate records. It was not until 1864 that it became law in Ireland to record births, deaths, and marriages. Even when records were kept, they were often incomplete.

To add to this problem, most of the Government Records in Ireland, which were housed in the Public Record Office in Dublin, were destroyed by fire in 1922, during the Irish Civil War. The record office was taken under siege during the dispute and the records were used to barricade windows and doors and ultimately caught fire.

In the individual families no one ever seemed to find it worthwhile to take note of family occurrences or enquire about the family's past. If someone through the ages had taken the initiative to enquire about the past and made note of it, today's generations could have certainly benefited from understanding what our forefathers endured.

I extend special gratitude to Alan G. Lowe [12711] for sharing the extensive amount of information regarding the descendants of Annie Allen. Equally important though is the vast amount of research Alan conducted into our early ancestors beginning with Henry Allen [12].

I also would like to take this opportunity to thank all those people who have enthusiastically embraced this work over the past several decades and provided much welcome information and advice. Without their help and co-operation, the work could not have been completed.

Although every effort is made to make the information as accurate as possible, there will be some errors and omissions, which I apologize for. Corrections and additional information are always welcomed and would be incorporated as part of any future edition or supplement. As well, any family stories, folklore or old photos you are willing to share would be a most welcome addition.

Email your submissions to me at [robbgenealogy@gmail.com](mailto:robbgenealogy@gmail.com).

## User's Guide

The book is divided into two components. The first provides a narrative account of the Allen family, beginning with John Allen. The objective is to include as much detail as possible concerning the way of life of our ancestors.

The second section provides the family lineage indicating where each descendant is positioned in the overall family tree.

The numbering system used for identifying family members is known in genealogical terms as the Henry System and operates in the following manner:

The male in the first generation discussed is Number 1, his first child becomes Number 11 (one, one); his second child is Number 12 (one, two), etc. Accordingly, the third child of Number 11 would be Number 113 (one, one, three).

Any number larger than nine is placed in parentheses such as 11(12) (one, one, twelve), to indicate the twelfth child of the first child of Number 1.

*"We are not self-made persons; we are indebted to the parents and ancestors who have shaped much of what we are."*

Rev. Bill McElwain  
Past Pastor, St. Giles Presbyterian Church  
St. Catharines, Ontario, Canada

## The Allen Name

There is no great honour or nobility associated with the surname ALLEN. It was a name adopted by a group of individuals who did not have an identity of their own.

Around the year 1200 it started to become commonplace for people to have a surname. The population in Great Britain and Europe was expanding to the point where it was becoming too confusing for a person to be identified by a single name.

Those first individuals with the surname of Allen most likely came by it because they were the descendants of a person whose Christian or given name was Allen. For example, a man with the name of John, whose father was Allen, was identified as John, the son of Allen. This was then abbreviated to John Allen.

Since there were many Johns with a father named Allen, the surnames were duplicated many times over. Therefore, it is important to remember that just because two people share the same surname; it should not be assumed that they are related.

The Allen name, spelled A L L E Y N, occurs frequently in mediaeval Anglo-Irish records<sup>1</sup>. However, generally speaking the name is usually of Scottish, or English origin. It is believed to have originated from a Celtic personal name. One of the most plausible origins is that the name originally meant "little rock". The Gaelic *ailin* is the diminutive of *ail*, which means "rock". The name became popular among Breton followers of William the Conqueror, by whom it was first introduced to England, and then to Ireland.

In Ireland, Allen is the Anglicization of the Gaelic name Ó h-Ailín.

## Irish Customs

The Irish people of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries were rich in customs. Understanding those customs helps to better understand our ancestors.

### Naming Practices

During the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries the Irish employed a traditional means of naming their children. According to Rosemary ffollriott, the following practice was used when naming the sons:

Child	Representation
Eldest son	Paternal grandfather
Second son	Maternal grandfather
Third son	Own father
Fourth son and beyond	No particular pattern

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<sup>1</sup> Anglo Irish was a term used primarily in the 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> century to identify a privileged social class in Ireland, whose members were mostly the descendants and successors of the Protestant Ascendancy. They mostly belonged to the Church of Ireland, which was the established church in Ireland until 1871. Its members tended to follow English practices in matters of culture, science, law, agriculture and politics but tended to define themselves as Irish.

The naming of daughters was more flexible. The eldest daughter may have been named after either her paternal or maternal grandmother, or her own mother.

It was quite common until the mid-nineteenth century for children to be baptized using only a single name.

## Marriages

Protestant couples in Ireland were most commonly married in the church. Catholics, on the other hand, were more often married in the bride's home. Only the poorest class of Protestants was married by banns as it was seen as a social disgrace. Most couples opted for marriage by consistorial licence. Most weddings took place in the bride's parish.

Getting married at a young age was another trait of the poor. Prosperous individuals married later in life, around age 30 for a man and age 25 for a woman. A poor farmer or labourer would often marry in his late teens or early twenties.

Marriages between cousins were not uncommon. There was seldom any hesitation for an Irishman to marry his first cousin. The negative impact of this practice was that it was not uncommon to see traits of mental health issues within family lineage. Several such situations have been identified in the pages that follow.

## Deaths

The Statistical Survey of the County of Clare, 1808, Chapter V, Section 31, provided the following comments regarding funeral wakes.

*"Wakes, quite different from what are so called in England, still continue to be the disgrace of the country. As it would be thought a great mark of disrespect not to attend at the house where the corpse lies, every person makes it a point, especially women, to shew themselves; and when they first enter the house, they set up the most hideous but dry-eyed yell, called the Irish cry; this, however, lasts but a short time. The night is usually spent in singing, not mournful dirges, but merry songs, and in amusing themselves with different small plays, dancing, drinking, and often fighting".*

Traditionally the Irish were returned to the parish of their birth for burial. Even within cemeteries relatives of different surnames tend to be buried next to each other. All but the wealthy (who were buried in lead coffins in vaults) were buried in graves. Tombstones were not considered all that important by Protestants so it was not uncommon for graves to be unmarked. Such practices make it very challenging for individuals today attempting to trace their family's roots.

## Allen Origins

History played an important role in shaping what the family was, how it conducted itself, its motivations and prejudices.

Given that the Allen family was English speaking, not Irish, and members of the Church of Ireland (Protestant) and not Catholic, historians suggest that the original Allen inhabitants of Ireland had their early roots in England or Scotland. During the late 1700's and early 1800's, Ireland's population was an overwhelming 90 percent Catholic and only 10 percent Protestant (Church of Ireland).

When considering religion, it is important to keep in mind that given the anti-Irish and anti-Catholic sentiments of the English rulers during the 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> centuries, the most recent research suggests that during this period a family's stated religious beliefs could change depending on political influence. Therefore, it should not always be assumed that records indicating a family as having one religious belief or another are actually true. The potential impact is that following family lineage based on published religious beliefs could be a misnomer.

### The Allens of England

If it is true that the Allens, who were members of the Church of Ireland did come from England, it could then be further speculated that the Allens arrived in Ireland as part of the Cromwellian occupation.

### The Cromwellian Occupation

The Cromwellian occupation occurred from 1649 to 1653. The invasion was led by the English Puritan, Oliver Cromwell. Cromwell landed in Ireland in August 1649.

Since the Irish Rebellion of 1641, most of Ireland had been under the control of the Irish Catholic Confederation. By May 1652, Cromwell's Parliamentary army had defeated the Confederate and Royalist coalition in Ireland and occupied the country. Cromwell passed a series of Penal Laws against Catholics, who were the vast majority of the population, and confiscated large amounts of their land.

The impact of the war on the Irish population was very severe. The war resulted in famine, which was worsened by an outbreak of bubonic plague. It is estimated that the Irish population decreased somewhere between 15% and 50%, as a result of the Parliamentary campaign.

If our Allen ancestors came from England either as participants of the Cromwellian occupation or otherwise, the origins were most likely Norman, not Celtic, as the majority of Irish would be.

Many families had their land confiscated and were left to roam and find new ways to survive. This resulted in many families having to travel to other parts of the country in search of lodging and a means to support themselves. Soldiers were to kill anyone who refused to relocate. Even those who ultimately had land returned to them, found that the plot size was often significantly reduced and often situated far away from their original homes and in much more rugged and less fertile locations.

Anyone implicated in the rebellion was sold into slavery in the West Indies. Catholicism was outlawed and Catholic priests were executed when found. In 1652, Cromwell ordered the ethnic cleansing of Ireland east of Shannon.

During the 1650s over 100,000 Irish children between the ages of 10 and 14 were taken from their parents and sold as slaves in the West Indies, Virginia and New England. Also 52,000 Irish (mostly women and children) were sold to Barbados and Virginia and another 30,000 Irish men and women were also transported and sold to the highest bidder. In 1656, Cromwell ordered 2,000 Irish children be sent to Jamaica and sold as slaves to English settlers.

It has been documented that Cromwell did not have the financial means to pay his troops in Ireland, so instead he appropriated Irish property to provide compensation. Some of these expropriations were made in Tipperary and some in Sligo. Research completed by Alan Lowe suggests that our earliest known ancestor, John Allen, originated from County Sligo, where his ancestor had probably received land in lieu of wages while being members of Cromwell's army.

Looking into this further, I was able to ascertain information from *The Original Officer List of the New Model Army*, based on House of Lords Record Office, Main Papers, 10 March 1645. Included on the original officer list was an entry for Captain Francis Allen, who was a member of the Sixth Regiment of Foot.

There is also record of Francis Allen (Cockermouth), Matthew Allen (Weymouth), and a T. Allen, recorded in *The Squire papers (letters of O. Cromwell) List of the Long Parliament*.

*The Army in Cromwellian England, 1649 – 1660* identifies a William Allen being in Dublin in 1654. There is also reference to Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Allen. Both men were identified as still being members of the army in 1658. William Allen was identified as Adjutant-General in Ireland "and remained in the army until the end of 1656, when he resigned is commission of his own accord, though he was strongly opposed to the Protectorate from is establishment." He was arrested in January 1655 "for 'multiplying dissatisfaction in the minds of men to the present government', was permitted to return to his post in Ireland on extremely generous terms after making a forceful defense of his conduct before the Protector."

## The Earl of Essex

Sir Robert Devereux, the Second Earl of Essex, was declared the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, by Queen Elizabeth I. Essex was charged with the task of subduing the unruly Irish septs who had been providing a strong resistance to their English rulers.

The Earl arrived in Ireland on April 15, 1599, with an army of over 16,000 foot soldiers and 1,300 mounted men from England. Each English soldier had been promised 400 acres as payment for their enlistment as a member of his force. Though Essex was a failure in Ireland and his position there was short lived, many of the English soldiers remained in Ireland permanently.

I have been unable to find any information regarding the names of any of the soldiers or officers who accompanied Essex to Ireland.

## The Allens of Scotland

In addition to the Allens with English roots there were also Protestant Allens who were Presbyterian. Many of these families originated in the northern part of the country (Ulster) and the belief is that many of these families came to Ireland from Scotland.

The English monarchs, beginning with Henry the Eighth, came to view Ireland as being potentially valuable lands ideal for colonization, but unfortunately inhabited by primitive and troublesome natives who would require taming and displacement.

The 1606-1690 Plantations of Ulster, under King James, were the first successful step toward the colonization of Ireland. After defeating the local Irish chieftains, the Crown promised landless Englishmen and Scots tenancy of the seized land in Ireland if they would agree to abide by Crown rules and organize for defense against Irish counterattack. Only English extreme Protestants and Scottish Presbyterians were wanted, since they could be relied on to resist the displaced native Catholic Irish. The land would actually be owned as an investment by wealthy friends and clients of the Crown, and profits were expected.

Plantation settlements were developed in the Province of Old Ulster, in the counties of Antrim, Armagh, Cavan, Donegal, Down, Fermanagh, Londonderry, and Tyrone. Up to 200,000 Scots settled in the area, moving from the Scottish Lowlands.

Included in the Scottish surnames, contained on Muster Rolls and Estate Maps of the Plantation Counties of Ulster for the period 1607 – 1633 were several Allens. Two were identified as living in County Armagh, two in County Donegal, and one in County Down.

## Irish Occupation

Whether originating from Scotland or England, it is highly likely that the Allens arrived in Ireland as part of one English occupation or another. However, I am inclined to believe that they were of English origin since the family were members of the Anglican Church rather than Presbyterian.

The Allens had resided in Ireland for at least several generations, which was long enough to adopt much of the Irish culture. However, if John Bouchier Allen [123] was any indication, there were aspects of their British heritage that they never relinquished.

I have found no evidence to support the notion of the Allens being native to Ireland. I have not been able to identify any Allen or variation, as being a member of any of the Irish septs that were prevalent in Ireland from 700 through to the English invasions of the 1600s. Also there doesn't seem to be any commonality in the given names of family members compared to those found in the Irish septs.

The fact that the Allens appear to have come through the famines virtually unscathed suggests that they were in some way protected from the devastation realized by so many Irish. Being Protestant most likely protected them in way by providing income to be able to purchase food to sustain themselves, as well as, alleviate the risk of being evicted from their land by the English landlords. If members of the family were gainfully employed and protected by the English aristocracy, their livelihoods were placed in less jeopardy than those of the Catholic faith.

Generally speaking, the Allens seem to share more cultural traits with their Celtic cousins in the lowlands of Scotland. The question is whether these traits were hereditary from their cultural background or acquired from living in Ireland for two hundred years, sharing the culture and way of life with their native Irish neighbours.

We will most likely never conclusively know where, when, or how, our forefathers arrived in Ireland know. What we do know is that their experiences and life lessons that took place while living there, not only influenced their own lives but those of their children and children's' children to be a part of who we are today.

## Residency Prior to Mountshannon

Sue Allen [138431], a descendant of Andrew Allen [13], pointed out the possibility that the Allen family may have come to Mountshannon from the vicinity of the Hill of Allen, which is located in County Kildare. Sue discovered a note written by her uncle, William Allen [13841], indicating that the family had come from there.

County Kildare, where Allen is located, had become a Norman settlement after the invasion by William the Conqueror.

The actual Hill of Allen (*Cnoc Alúine* in Modern Irish, earlier *Cnoc Almaine*; also Hill of Almu) is a volcanic hill situated in the west of County Kildare, Ireland, adjacent to the village of Allen. According to Irish Mythology it was the seat of the hunter-warrior Fionn mac Cumhaill and the Fianna.

The hill is situated at the easternmost point of the Bog of Allen, and it is from this hill that the bog gets its name. According to legend, Fionn mac Cumhaill had a fortress on the hill and used the surrounding flatlands as training grounds for his warriors. In 722 the Battle of Allen was fought between the Leinstermen (Laigin), led by Murchad mac Brain Mut (King of Leinster), and the forces of Fergal mac Máele Dúin (High King of Ireland) in close proximity to the hill.

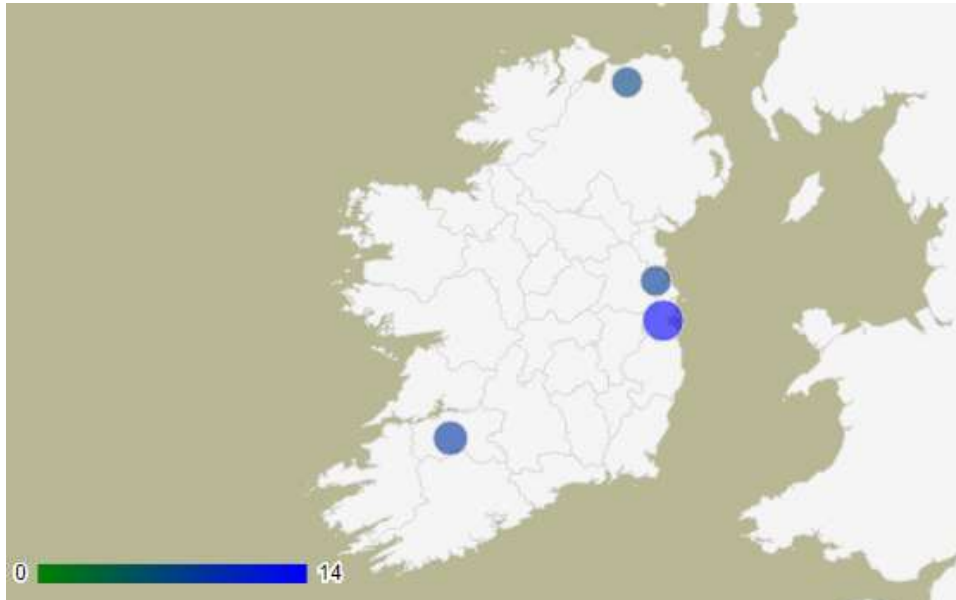
The village of Allen (Irish: Alúine) is located on regional road R415 between Kilmeage and Milltown. The village is overlooked by the Hill of Allen, which in recent times has been scarred by quarrying. This hill, visible over much of Kildare and the surrounding counties, is regarded as the ancient seat of Fionn mac Cumhaill.

In AD 722 The Battle of Allen took place between the Leinstermen, commanded by their King, Murchad mac Brain Mut and the northern and southern Uí Néill, commanded by Fergal mac Máele Dúin, along with his son Aedh Allen, and Aedh Laighean, King of Uí Maine in Connacht

## Distribution of Families with the Surname Allen

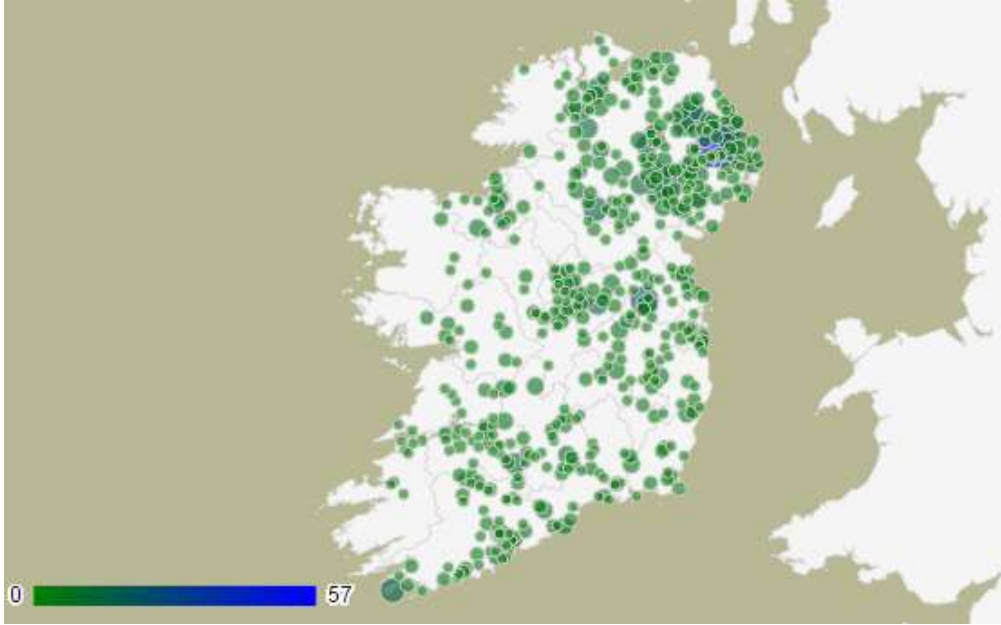
Pender's 'Census' of 1659 indicated the distribution of families with the surname of Allen being as follows:

1. Colraige – 7 families
2. Duleek – 8 families
3. Connolough – 9 families
4. Dublin City – 14 families



By the time of the Griffith's Valuation (1847 – 1864) the distribution of families with the surname Allen had changed significantly.

Antrim	151	Armagh	114	Belfast City	59	Carlow	5
Cavan	11	Clare	10	Cork	104	Cork City	27
Derry	68	Donegal	35	Down	132	Dublin	29
Dublin City	43	Fermanagh	35	Galway	33	Kerry	8
Kildare	17	Kilkenny	10	Laois	14	Leitrim	3
Limerick	39	Limerick City	6	Longford	35	Louth	8
Mayo	6	Meath	53	Monaghan	17	Offaly	15
Roscommon	10	Sligo	38	Tipperary	50	Tyrone	103
Waterford	36	Westmeath	65	Wexford	30	Wicklow	25



The illustrated distribution is based on a variety of spellings and interpretations of the name Allen. Variations include Allen, Allan, Alan, Alain, Alline, Allyn and Alen.

## Irish Slavery

From the time of the Tudor Conquest of Ireland, which culminated with the declaration of Henry VIII as King of Ireland, until Irish Independence in 1921, the Irish proved to be a challenge to and frustration for, the English. The majority was Catholic, who spoke Irish, not English, and their numbers were overwhelmingly large.

During the reign of King James I, the English began sending Irish slaves to the new world. The first recorded sale of Irish slaves was to a settlement in the Amazon in 1612, seven years before the first African slaves arrived in Jamestown.

The Proclamation of 1625, by James II, made it official policy that all Irish political prisoners be transported to the West Indies and sold to English planters. Soon Irish slaves were the majority of slaves in the English colonies. By 1637 a census indicated that Irish slaves composed almost 70% of the population of Montserrat.

Demand for slaves continued to increase to the point where political prisoners alone could not satisfy the demand. Therefore, those convicted of petty crimes were sentenced to slavery as well. Soon slave gangs were formed to travel the Irish countryside kidnapping individuals at will to balance out the need for still more slaves.

## Environmental & Economic Impacts

Those young men and women not in the fortunate position of being future heirs of a family farm had to market themselves. This often occurred at either an annual or semi-annual market fair that would take place in most towns throughout the country. Individuals would generally have to stand in a long line, along with their competitors, while men looking to hire various labourers would walk up and down the line looking for the best candidates for their particular work. Those individuals chosen would then go with their new employer for the upcoming six-month period. It was most common for the labourer to live on site. For a farm labourer that often meant living in the farmer's barn.

Married men living within a reasonable distance from the seacoast would often become spalpeens. They would beg for enough money to get them to one of the seaports of Cork, Dublin, Donegal Town, or Belfast and then go to England or Scotland. Once there the workers would be organized into work gangs by Irish contractors, to work

through the British harvest season. The workers would then return home some four months later with up to seven guineas in their possession.

Those men who became conditioned to this lifestyle, eventually left Ireland for good, in search of a more financially stable life.

The emigration from Ireland began in earnest at the conclusion of the Napoleonic war. During the 1830s, over 60,000 people, mainly families emigrated each year. Ironically it was not the famine that was the main instigator of emigration, but the search for a brighter economic future.

## The Orange Order

The Loyal Orange Institution often referred to as the Orange Order, is a Protestant fraternal organization based primarily in Northern Ireland. Its origins are believed to have stemmed from County Armagh in 1795, during a period of Protestant-Catholic sectarian conflict. The Order is a Masonic-style brotherhood that is intended to maintain the Protestant Ascendancy. It is headed by the Grand Orange Lodge of Ireland, which was established in 1798. Its name is a tribute to the Dutch-born Protestant king, William of Orange, who defeated the army of Catholic King James II at the Battle of the Boyne in 1690.

Politically, the Orange Order is a conservative British unionist organization with links to Ulster loyalism. The Order sees itself as a defender of Protestant civil and religious liberties. Critics consider the Order as being sectarian, triumphalist and supremacist. It does not accept non-Protestants as members unless they convert and adhere to the principles of Orangeism, nor does it accept Protestants married to Catholics.

The Society was outlawed at times but still continued to thrive under the guise of benevolent societies and drinking clubs. During the 1800s it changed its image from being a group of ruffians and thugs to a Reformist organization against the Papists. Secret chapters formed within the British military while expansion spread to England, Scotland, and Canada.

Respectability came when its membership expanded to include Anglos, preachers, and the aristocracy. From this a new political arm developed, a party determined to maintain the relationship with England. This political party became known as the Unionist Party.

A number of the members of the Allen family are known to have been members of the Orange Order, taking part in organized events, including the annual Orange Parade.

## The End of British Rule

Throughout history, the British managed to suppress the Irish people, not just the Catholics but the Protestants as well. The British kept a stranglehold on the Irish and their economy through the use of oppressive measures against the people themselves, in particular the Catholics, and by way of slowing economic development, by slowing the advancements and benefits of the industrial revolution. This oppression helped ensure that the British always remained ahead of the Irish in abilities and capabilities, provided by new technology.

Resentment against the British was always present and began building momentum through the Irish Republican Brotherhood (IRB), an underground organization that took root in the late 1850s. Members were often referred to as Fenians.

Although the British were aware of the IRB's existence and did everything possible to prevent it from developing into a significant political power, the IRB was able to recruit a significant membership and gather a significant arsenal of guns and mortars in preparation for an attempt to free Ireland from its oppressors.

The IRB launched itself onto the world stage when it orchestrated the Easter Uprising in 1916. This occurred about two decades after the majority of our Allen ancestors had emigrated from Ireland. Even though the uprising itself was put down and rebel leaders executed, it did not deter the Irish people from engaging in the War of Independence (1919 – 1921).

The War of Independence was a guerilla war that was fought between the Irish Republican Army (IRA) and the British Security Forces occupying Ireland. During the conflict the British government declared martial law in much of southern Ireland. In excess of 1,000 people were killed and 4,500 republicans were interned during the conflict. The fighting was heavily concentrated in Munster (particularly County Cork), Dublin and Belfast. These three locations saw over 75% of the conflict's fatalities.

A truce was declared on July 11, 1921. In May, Ireland had been partitioned by an Act of the British Parliament, which created Northern Ireland. The post-ceasefire talks led to the signing of the Anglo-Irish Treaty on December 6, 1921. This treaty ended British rule in 26 counties of Ireland. The "Irish Free State" was created on December 6, 1922, as a self-governing state with Dominion status. The six north-eastern counties remained within the United Kingdom and still are today.

## Life in County Galway (Clare) circa 1680

### Excerpts from a Short Study of a Transplanted Family in the Seventeenth Century by Edward MacLysaght

*"Irish was still a living language not a fostered school subject, drink was cheap and drunkenness common, meat a luxury and the wearing of shoes except on Sundays almost an innovation, girls wore shawls over their heads and did not count themselves demeaned thereby, the old-fashioned sawpit was in regular use, and customs and beliefs now condemned by the Church as superstitious were common.*

*Even wakes retained much of their older character, now almost entirely lost though the keening women were but a pale shadow of the professional caointeoirí of the seventeenth century and mumming rites no longer diverted sorrowing relations and interested neighbours."*

To quote a page from Very Rev. P. White's book on Clare,

*"Even at this period, A.D. 1771, so long after the Williamite<sup>2</sup>. Subjugation, the country had scarcely yet begun to recover from the prostrate condition into which it had been flung. This means of communication between the people were of the worst kind. Roads were few and bad and badly kept. They were run invariably against the hill-tops for the purpose of securing at little cost a solid foundation. Produce was carried to fairs and markets on the backs of horses, or dragged on rude sleighs over the ill-constructed narrow roads. Eugene O'Curry mentions at p. 369, Ordnance Survey, that his grandfather Melaghlan O'Curry, a large farmer, employed his men, horses and sledges in burying the victims of the famine of 1741. The almost equally rude and inconvenient block-wheeled carts began to be used first*

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<sup>2</sup> **The Williamite War** in Ireland (1688–1691): Cogadh an Dá Rí, meaning "war of the two kings"—was a conflict between Jacobites (supporters of the Scottish Catholic King James VII of Scotland) and Williamites (supporters of the Dutch Protestant Prince William of Orange) over who would be King of England, Scotland and Ireland. It is also called the Jacobite War in Ireland or the Williamite–Jacobite War in Ireland.

The cause of the war was the deposition of James VII as King of the Three Kingdoms in the "Glorious Revolution" of 1688. James was supported by the mostly Catholic "Jacobites" in Ireland and hoped to use the country as a base to regain his Three Kingdoms. He was given military support by France to this end. For this reason, the war became part of a wider European conflict known as the Nine Years' War (or War of the Grand Alliance). Some Protestants of the Church of Ireland also fought on the side of King James.

James was opposed in Ireland by the mostly Protestant "Williamites", who were concentrated in the north of the country. William landed a multi-national force in Ireland, composed of English, Scottish, Dutch, Danish and other troops, to put down Jacobite resistance. James left Ireland after a reverse at the Battle of the Boyne in 1690 and the Irish Jacobites were finally defeated after the Battle of Aughrim in 1691.

William defeated Jacobitism in Ireland and subsequent Jacobite risings were confined to Scotland and England. However, the War was to have a lasting effect on Ireland, confirming British and Protestant rule over the country for over two centuries. The iconic Williamite victories of the Siege of Derry and the Battle of the Boyne are still celebrated by (mostly Ulster Protestant) unionists in Ireland today.

*about this time. The wealthiest of the gentry owned heavy four-wheeled carriages, but seldom used them, because of the difficulty of drawing them up and down the steep and dangerous roads. Spring cars were totally unknown. Pillions, upon which the gentleman's or farmer's wife sat behind her husband on horseback took their place, and were much used far into the present [the 19th] century".*

Based on this, it appears that the roads were even worse in 1771 than they were at the time we are examining from a hundred years earlier. Stevens, who travelled over a considerable part of East Clare in his marches from Limerick to Loughrea and Athlone often referred to roads, some of which he describes as "extraordinarily rough and stony" and "uncouth"; but on the other hand, others were quite passable for carts especially in good weather.

The dress fashion of the wealthier people was influenced by English manners and dress had become fashionable, mainly through the influence of the Duke of Ormonde. It was less noticeable in the working classes, for by 1680 the characteristic mantle was almost discarded: the peasantry made all their own clothes from the wool of their own sheep (and even brogues from raw hide), and, no doubt, the men in the fields were already wearing something like the *báinin* which the older generation of small farmers in Co. Clare have not yet given up.

Each community was practically self-supporting. Money did not play an important role in the life of the people. The shopkeeper was not then the figure of local importance he became later and the gombeen<sup>3</sup> man was also a product of the eighteenth century. In 1680 almost the only article the people wanted regularly from him, or more usually from the itinerant pedlar, who supplied their few needs, was tobacco. In those days frequent mule carts were not to be seen on the roads leaving every country town and village with the inevitable bag of meal, for bread was made of oats produced and ground at home, or in a small local mill; and tea, of course, as a popular beverage was of much later introduction.

By 1680 the use of tobacco was universal in Ireland. The language spoken within family homes was Irish and, there was an undercurrent of sadness below the prevailing good humour and sudden fits of quarrelsomeness.

The extent to which the Catholic religion was openly practiced during the reign of Charles II varied with the fluctuation in its repression from year to year, and district to district, and the state of the church at the time. As a result of the transplantation thirty years previously there was a much larger proportion of the Catholic gentry in Clare than in most of the other counties. The church itself was disorganized, the priests performed their duties while trying not to bring attention to the fact, morals inclined to be lax, and the only sacred edifices to be seen throughout the countryside were the few substantial churches which had escaped the destruction caused by wars or mere neglect, formerly Catholic, now seized for services of the legally established Protestant church.

The congregations in these Protestant churches were small, but at the time we are considering there was a surprisingly large proportion of Protestants in Clare, particularly among the gentry: less probably than in 1900 but certainly more than there are to-day.

The population of Ireland was little more than a quarter of what it is now and only an eight therefore of what it was in 1847; but once the depopulation caused by the Cromwellian War, and the plague, transportations and voluntary exiles which followed it, was made up in the natural course of events, the great disparity is almost entirely accounted for by the numbers of the inhabitants of the towns. Galway is probably the only important urban area in Ireland whose population was anything like as large in 1680 as it is now.

After the changes of ownership which had occurred since the "Flight of the Earls" no one felt any real sense of security of possession in the years when Charles II was on the English throne; and two hundred years later no resident landlord could feel any certainty that he would be allowed to enjoy peaceably the possession which were his according to the letter of the law.

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<sup>3</sup> A **Gombeen man** is a pejorative Hiberno-English term used in Ireland for a shady, small-time "wheeler-dealer" businessman or politician who is always looking to make a quick profit, often at someone else's expense or through the acceptance of bribes. Its origin is the Irish word "gaimbín", meaning monetary interest. The term referred originally to a money-lender and became associated with those shopkeepers and merchants who exploited the starving during the Irish Famine by selling much-needed food and goods on credit at ruinous interest rates.

## Emigration from County Clare

Emigration from County Clare was sparked by the famine of 1822, which was the result of the extremely poor harvest in 1821. Up until that time, the population in Clare had experienced great growth, having about doubled in size during the twenty years previous.

The growing rural population led to tenants subletting their farms into two or three acre holdings which provided sustenance for landless sons and neighbours. At the same time the Napoleonic wars caused agricultural prices to increase. Both proved favourable for landlords and tenants alike and provided employment for subtenants, cottiers and labourers. Consequently, early marriages took place and children were regarded as being of little or no burden.

After the conclusion of the Napoleonic wars in 1815, rural Ireland underwent a transition period. Grain prices tumbled but landlords still demanded war rents. This led to conflict as tenants were unable to meet the financial obligations. In response to these stresses many landlords consolidated small farms into large tillage holdings or into pastureland for the grazing of cattle. This forced thousands of families off the land and out of their homes.

The famine of 1882 was especially hard felt in Clare. Emigration caused by this famine generally ended up on Merseyside, with Irish labourers building docks, water ways, public buildings and factories in Lancashire and elsewhere.

In response to this, the English proclaimed that the Irish workers seeking work in English factories at reduced wages, was a threat to the standard of living of British workers. As a result, the English Government established a Poor Law or 'workhouse' system for Ireland.

In the years following 1822, many individuals immigrated to Australia. Deportation rates soared. Pre-1822, there were only 82 people shipped to Australia but from 1821 to 1840, over 600 Clare residents were transported to New South Wales for committing petty crimes in an effort to survive. Their crimes were for stealing bread, butter, clothing, and killing sheep for meat. Word made it back from Australia that there was a better life waiting for them there than there ever could be in Ireland.

A large number of free settlers with financial means immigrated to Australia as well. They were mostly the sons of landlords, merchants and professional classes. With the population surge in Australia there was a need for shepherds, stockmen, ploughmen, artisans, and miners. Included with those emigrating were several of our Allen ancestors, who are identified in the pages below.

Some landlords offered their tenants and their families, free passage to Canada or Australia. Many families accepted the offer since the alternative was to be evicted from their homes.

1838 saw the enactment of the Poor Law, which divided Clare into Poor Law Unions each administered by a Board of Guardians. Initially there were only four unions – Ennis, Kilrush, Scariff and Ennistymon. Each had a workhouse that could each house from 600 to 800 residents.

Between 1850 and 1852 other workhouses were provided at Corofin, Ballyvaughan, Kildysart and Tulla. Most of the occupants were evicted tenants and orphans and others left destitute by the Great Famine. It was found to be less expensive to pay the passage to Australia over housing residents in the workhouses.

To further lessen the financial burden, the Boards of Guardians in the Poor Law Unions offered free passage to Australia to orphan girls between the ages 14 and 18. Sadly the workhouses were home for the most destitute children in Ireland.

1837 brought about the colonial bounty system to aid would-be immigrants. It granted financial assistance to agricultural labourers, shepherds, tradesmen, female domestics and farm servants from Ireland who were willing to travel and settle in New South Wales.

Many Irish emigrants opted of cheap passages out of Liverpool on outgoing cotton ships destined for New Orleans, which was second to New York in its reception of migrants. Boston became the new home of many of

those who left Clare. It will be seen that several Allen ancestors escaped from Ireland to Liverpool, though none of them appear to have travelled with the majority to any of New York, New Orleans, or Boston.

## The Earliest Documented Allen

The quest to identify the earliest members of the Allen family has lead back to eighteenth century Ireland to an Irish Protestant by the name of John Allen [1]. John is believed to have lived from 1784 to 1850.

During the lifetime of John Allen, his children, and his children's children, Ireland as a whole was gravely underdeveloped. Landlords, who had complete control over landholdings, influenced the nature of agricultural activity and rural settlement.

The Allen name was very widespread in the counties of Cork, Limerick, Clare, Waterford, and Tipperary, dating as far back as the late 1600s. Even with the name being common, it was noted by one researcher that there were no Allens registered on the 1768 voters list for Clare. Therefore, we are left to assume that the forefathers of John Allen migrated to the county sometime after 1768.

It should be noted that the Mountshannon area of what is today County Clare, was originally part of County Galway. It was not until 1899 that the county boundary was changed.

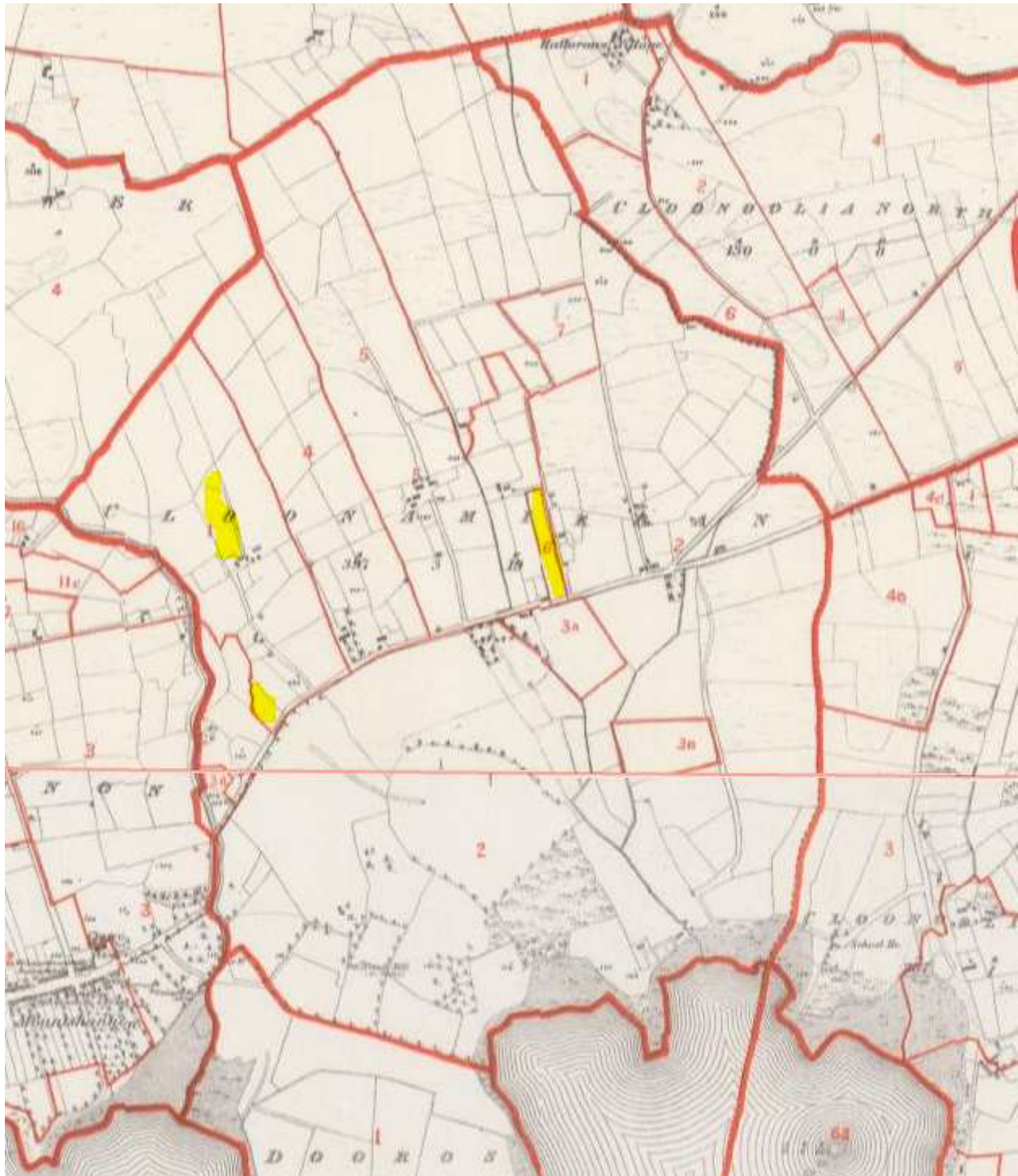
It is possible that John's father (who is believed to be Henry Allen based upon the naming traditions) was enticed into coming to the Galway and Clare County area by the economic developments that were taking place at the time. In 1735 a man by the name of John Daly had arranged for fifty Protestant families from the north to come to Mountshannon to carry on with the manufacture of linen. As it turned out, Daly's sponsorship was short lived, but the linen industry continued to dominate the labour force throughout the early 1800's.

The first record of John appears in the Tithe Applotment book\* of 1833. At that time John lived in the townland of Cloonamirran, in the County of Galway.

The entry found in the Griffith Valuation appears below.

**VALUATION OF TENEMENTS.**  
**PARISH OF INISECALTRA.**

No. and Letters of Reference to Map.	Names.		Description of Tenement.	Area.	Rateable Annual Valuation.		Total Annual Valuation of Rateable Property.		
	Townlands and Occupiers.	Immediate Lessors.			Land.	Buildings.			
	<b>CLOONAMIRRAN.</b> (Ord. S. 134 & 136.)								
1 A	} Edward Farrell.	} Mary Tandy.	{ Land.	8 2 30	2 2 0	—	} 4 5 0		
— B			{ House, office, and land.	2 1 4	0 18 0	1 5 0			
2			{ James Farrell.	Same.	8 0 30	2 16 0		0 14 0	} 3 10 0
3 A			{ John Allen.	Same.	24 3 16	6 10 0		0 19 0	
— E			{ Land.	0 2 21	0 6 0	—	} 7 15 0		



The land that John rented from Mary Tandy is highlighted in yellow. The plots were identified in Griffith's Valuation as 3A and 3B. On the map 3A is above 3B, with 3B being situated closer to Mountshannon. John's agricultural plot was indicated as being plot 9, which is plot 6 highlighted on the map. Note that Mountshannon is located in the lower left section of the map.

At this point in his life, John was married to his second wife, and had at least five children. The eldest was John Allen Jr. [11]. The younger John resided in Clonemirran in 1833, but on a separate parcel of land than his father.

The Griffith Valuations indicates that a John Allen lived in the Townland of Mountshannon, renting a dwelling identified as 24 - 14 from Mary Tandy. The property contained a house and yard but no defined area or frontage. Section 24 is indicated on the Valuation map below.



The farmer's lane in 2016 that travels into where John's home was that he rented from Mary Tandy.

Joseph Allen also resided in Cloonamirran at the same time as the other two, but it cannot be determined whether Joseph as any relation to either John. There is also a record of the birth of an Ann Allen, who was born in 1808. It is possible that Ann was John's sister.

Prior to 1830, John [1] had lived in County Clare, which borders to the south of County Galway. Parish records for Inniscalthra, Clare, indicate that he was a farmer at the time several of his children were born. There was no mention of the birth of the eldest son John [11], but there was mention of Henry [12], who was born around 1805; Andrew [13], who was born about 1815; Ellen [14], born around 1827; and Susannah [15] was born in 1837

As previously mentioned, John [1] married twice. He was married to his first wife, Elisabeth Minahan, (Minohan according to one Church record) in 1795. However, if John was married in 1795 it is very unlikely that he could have been born as reported in 1784. John and Elisabeth had at least two children, John [11] and Henry [12]. I believe that Elisabeth died shortly after the birth of Henry [12].

Andrew [13], Alexander [14], Ellen [15], George [16], and Susannah [17] were the children of John and his second wife, Rebecca Williams. Henry and Rebecca were married in 1813 in the Diocese of Killaloe. The Christmas 1855 Irish Census stated that Rebecca, the "Widow Allen", who was age 60, was living with Andrew [13], who was age 40. Henry [12] was recorded in the same census as being age 50, and Alexander as being age 27.

The Parish records for Mountshannon indicate that Rebecca Allen died at Mountshannon on March 22, 1861, at the age of 65. According to the emigration records of John's daughter Ellen [14], John was deceased prior to her leaving England for Australia, in November of 1851.

It is quite possible that John had a larger family than what has been recorded, but at of the time of this writing no additional information was available.

We can only speculate as to the reasons why John [1] relocated his family to Galway from Mountshannon. However, it could have been for economic reasons.

In 1738 a flax linen manufacturer by the name of Alexander Woods leased the parish of Inis Cealtra from the Daly family of County Galway. Under the agreement between Daly and Woods, Woods was to construct 50 dwellings suitable for workers to live in, as well as a building suitable for religious worship, a school, and a market. The tenant homes, once constructed, were to be leased to Protestant workers.

Protestant families from various parts of Ireland relocated to Mountshannon to work in either agriculture, growing the flax, or in the mill where the flax was manufactured into linen. By 1751 it is reported that there were 70 girls employed in a spinning school and weavers, shoemakers, carpenters, and blacksmiths working in the village.

By 1790 both Woods and his heirs were all deceased. This, combined with the English Government's objective to stifle Irish manufacturing, led to the demise of linen manufacturing in Mountshannon. By 1796 the village was said to have been in ruins.

Subsequently, 2 landlords by the names of Read and Tandy took over ownership of the land. It is said that Mountshannon did not fare well during the severe downturn in the 1820s and again during the Famine of 1845-1849.

By the early 1820's Mountshannon was on the verge of becoming overpopulated. The families living there had grown to the point where family land holdings could not be divided any further without reducing the quality of living to a poverty level. To make matters worse, the agricultural land around Mountshannon was barren and too poor to support a substantial number of inhabitants.

At that point the Protestants of Mountshannon were severely outnumbered by the Catholics and violence was prevalent between the two groups. Those Protestant families who could afford to emigrate did, which agitated the Protestant landlords. In 1819, ten families sought assistance to immigrate to Canada and by 1823 the number had risen to 48 families. The Famine was responsible in reducing the population from 2,510 in 1841 to 1,457 in 1851.

In order to provide some insight as to what Mountshannon was like in the early 1800's included is a quotation from Lewis' Topographical Dictionary of Ireland, published in 1839.

*"A village in that part of the Parish of Inniscalthra which is in the Barony of Leitrim, County of Galway, and Province of Connaught, 7 ¾ miles (N by W) from Killaloe, on the road from Woodford to Limerick; containing 171 inhabitants. This place is beautifully situated on Lough Deirgean on the confines of the County and Province. There are piers where vessels of 20 tons burden can load and unload . . . It contains the parish church and a Roman Catholic chapel, erected in 1836."*

The parish church referred to is St. Caimins. It was erected in 1789 and was part of the congregation of the Church of Ireland.

Mountshannon later became a part of County Clare, which is described in Birnbaum's Great Britain and Ireland 1986, as an island county because it is bordered by the Atlantic Ocean on the north and west sides, and the Shannon River on the east and south sides

In 1898, municipal restructuring relocated Mountshannon, along with the nearby parish of Clonrush, were no longer included in County Galway and became part of County Clare.

The economy turned around somewhat by the mid Nineteenth Century. As a result there was a period of relative prosperity. Both the Reads and the Tandys had vanished from the region. As a result, in the 1920's the Irish Land Commission took control over their former estates.

During the lifetime of John Allen, the Irish people were discontent with the way Ireland was being ruled by the King of England. Although Ireland had a Parliament in Dublin, it could only enact laws that the King of England agreed with.

In 1791 a group called the United Irishmen were established due in part because of the discrimination that existed against certain religious groups and social classes. Presbyterians and Catholics were denied many rights by the Ascendancy, who were the wealthy ruling class at the time.

In response to the oppression, secret societies emerged throughout rural areas that sought rights for farmers and labourers. To bring attention to their demands for cheaper rent and improved living conditions, these groups often created havoc, damaging property of landlords.

Because of the unrest, organizations such as the United Irishmen were outlawed and suspected members of such organizations were arrested.

A rebellion was initiated in May of 1798 that encompassed Meath, Wicklow, Wexford, and Enniscorthy, with the aid of French troops. This action was eventually suppressed by English forces and concluded with the surrender of the rebels in September 1798.

The British government reacted by abolishing the Irish Parliament with the Act of Union in 1800.

## The Family of John Allen [11]



Not a great deal is known at this point about John Allen's eldest child John. There is some confusion surrounding John. Some records suggest that he was older than Henry, while other suggests that he was younger, and that his mother was Rebecca Williams, not Elizabeth Minahan. To complicate things even further, John's wife became referred to as Eliza Williams, which coincidentally is a combination of the names Rebecca Williams and Elizabeth Minahan. As a result, I am concerned that the information gathered on John and Eliza may be not our ancestor.

The most compelling evidence besides the similarities in names is that the family settled in Mount Forest, Wellington, Ontario, which is where my grandmother told me the entire family came to when they left Ireland.

According to John and wife Eliza's tombstone, John was born in County Sligo, Ireland.

John, who was sometimes referred to as Blackbird, and Eliza are believed to have reared eight children. Detailed information is known for six of the children, Ellen [111], George Powell [112], Lavina Emily [113], William Charles [114], and David Alexander [115]. The other 3 children were Mary Ann [116], John [117] and Eliza Jane [118]. As a result, the assignment of Henry identifiers has been done arbitrarily.

I have found one reference for Mary Ann [116] though it is a significant one. She is included on John and Eliza's tombstone. Mary Ann died on November 22, 1892, at the age of 27.

There are emigration records indicating that the family left from Sligo, Ireland and arrived at New York, New York on June 7, 1849.

Eliza died on January 3, 1892, at age 66. The cause of death was gallstones. John died 18 years later, on June 19, 1910. They are buried in the Church of the Good Shepherd Cemetery, in Arthur Township.

### Ellen Allen [111]

Based on her marriage record, Ellen is the eldest child of John and Eliza. She was born in Ireland in 1849. Ellen was wed to Hugh Thompson on April 8, 1874. The wedding took place in Arthur Township, Wellington County, Ontario, Canada.

### George Powell Allen [112]

The second child with a recorded date of birth was George Powell Allen, who was born on August 14, 1862. George left Ireland and immigrated to Canada, settling in Mount Forest, Ontario. George married his wife, Alberta Irene Buschlen on December 29, 1893, in Wellington County, Ontario.

George and Alberta had five children, all born in Canada.

The eldest was a daughter, Helen Kathleen Allen [1121], who was born in Mount Forest, Ontario, on June 25, 1897, tragically passing away the same day.

George and Alberta's second child was Marjorie Allen [1122], who was born on November 3, 1899. Marjorie married Eugene E. Macgregor in St. Louis Minnesota, USA, on June 15, 1925. She died in Mount Forest in 1991.

George and Alberta's third child, George Homer Allen [1123], was born on July 28, 1901.

Florence Buschlen Allen [1124] was born on September 24, 1904. She died in 1978, in Mount Forest.

The youngest child, John Cecil Allen [1125] was born on November 27, 1907. He died in Mount Forest in 1975.

Alberta passed away in Mount Forest in 1943, at the age of 75. George died in Mount Forest, Ontario in 1950. George's tombstone was inscribed as "*George Allen, Rothway*". This suggests he was living in the small community of Rothway, in Wellington County, preceding his death.

### Lavina Emily Allen [113]



John and Eliza's third child with a recorded birth date was Lavina Emily Allen. Lavina was born on November 7, 1871. Lavina's birth certificate indicates that John's occupation was that of a yeoman, which is defined as being an individual who holds and cultivates a small estate, a freeholder.

Lavina is said to have been the half-sister of George. She married Irwin Arthur Morrison on August 18, 1897, in Wellington County, Ontario. Irwin was born in 1867.

Lavina and Irwin had at least one child, Gertrude Eliza [1131], who was born on August 12, 1899, in Arthur Township, Wellington, Ontario, Canada.

Lavina passed away in Mount Forest, Wellington, Ontario on November 29, 1982.

### William Charles Allen [114]



The fourth child of John and Eliza was William Charles, who was born on September 9, 1852, in Dundas, Ontario, Canada. William married Annie Morrison in Harriston, Wellington, Ontario, on February 2, 1881.

William and Annie had nine children. The children were John Henry Allen [1141] (1881-1918); Ellen Louise Allen [1142] (1883-1950); James Sanford Allen [1143] (1885- ) in Wellington, Ontario; Robert. Ernest Allen [1144] (1887-1968); Charles Edgar Allen, [1145] (1891-1976); Edgar G. Allen [1146] (1892-1976); Sarah Jane Allen [1147] (1894-1922); Eva Alberta Allen [1148] (1897-1970); and George Herman Allen [1149] (1899-1995).

Annie predeceased William by a good many years, passing away on May 19, 1901, from Bright's Disease, at the age of only 41 years, 3 months. William passed away in Arthur Township, on September 1, 1940. He is buried in the Church of the Good Sheppard Cemetery.

### Ellen Louise Allen [1142]

Ellen, who was referred to as Lucy, was born on June 4, 1883, in Arthur Township, Wellington, Ontario. She married Robert Francis Elliott, on February 4, 1903, in Wellington County. Lucy and Robert had three children. They were Orley Allen Elliott [11421] (1904-1952); Robert Haddon Elliott [11422] (1907-1985); Basil Ernest Elliott [11423] (1912-1989);

Lucy passed away in 1950.

Ellen and Robert's third child, Basil, married a lady by the name of Velma Jean Brown (1920-1980). They had at least one child, Besil Dean Elliott [114231] (1954-1982). Besil, who was known as Dean, was born in Mount Forest, Ontario, on September 4, 1954. He died in Mount Forest in 1982.

## Robert Ernest Allen [1144]

Robert was the fourth child of William and Annie's. He was born on September 5, 1887, in Arthur, Wellington, Ontario, Canada. Robert, who was referred to as Ernest, married Eva Jane Rowat from Blanchard Manitoba, Canada, on December 5, 1917. Their wedding announcement read as follows:

*ROWAT – ALLEN*

*Quietly yesterday the marriage took place of Miss Eva Jane Rowat, daughter of Mrs. A. A. Rowat, 435 Avenue H south, and Mr. Robert Ernest Allen, of Wilkie. Miss Agnes Roy, of Nurans, was the bridesmaid and Mr. Lloyd Roach the best man. Rev. Dr. John L. Nicol performed the ceremony.*

Ernest and Eva had two sons, John Herman Allen [11441] (1918-1971), and Harvey Allen [11442] (1920-). Both sons were born in Saskatchewan, Canada.

Robert passed away in Grimsby, Ontario, on April 9, 1968.

## Charles Edgar Allen, [1145]

The fifth child of William and Annie's was Charles Edgar Allen, who was born on November 9, 1891, in Wellington County, Ontario. According to the birth registry, the family resided on the 8<sup>th</sup> Concession, Arthur Township, Riverdon Post Office.

Charles married Mary Elizabeth Neil on April 10, 1918, in Wellington County, Ontario. Charles and Mary had seven children, Annie Geraldine Allen [11451] (1918-2001); William Blair Allen [11452] (1920-1993); Laura Ellen Allen [11453] (1922-2014); Willard Charles Allen [11454] (1925-1991); Jean Marie Allen [11455] (1927-1987); Shirley Louise Allen [11456] (1932- ); and Fern Harriett Allen [11457].

As an aside, it is interesting to note that there are references with the same statistical and demographic information for an Edgar C. Allen, including the same dates of death and birth and name of spouse. Until proven otherwise, I will assume that these are the same individual.

The details regarding the family members are below.

The eldest child, Annie Geraldine Allen [11451], married Charles Findlay Lewis. They had at least one child, Charles Gordon Allen Lewis [114511], who was born on December 29, 1939, and passed away on September 27, 1957.

William Blair Allen [11452], Charles and Mary's second child, married Inez Goodlife on September 15, 1945, in Wellington County, Ontario. They had five children but not much more is known about William other than he passed away on May 18, 1993, at the Listowel Memorial Hospital, in Listowel, Ontario.



Charles and Mary's third child, Laura Ellen Allen [11453], married Clarence Philip McRobb at St. Paul's Anglican Church, in Mount Forest, on January 31, 1940. Laura and Clarence had three children, Marion McRobb [114531] who married Elwyn Officer; Ross McRobb [114532], who wed Rilla; and Sharon McRobb [114533], who married Doug Good.

Laura was residing at the Saugeen Valley Nursing Centre, in Mount Forest, Ontario, when she died on July 29, 2014.

The fifth child of Charles and Mary's, Jean Marie Allen [11455], married Elwood Wilford Rooney. Nothing more is known about Jean Marie Allen.

### Sarah Jane Allen [1147]



Sarah Allen and Arthur Rooney

William and Annie's seventh child was Sarah Jane Allen, who was born on June 7, 1894, in Arthur, Wellington, Ontario. She married Arthur Reginald Rooney on February 12, 1913, in Wellington.

Sarah and Arthur had 3 children. The eldest was John Henry Rooney [11471], who passed away on March 9, 1919, only 14 months after his birth on January 6, 1918. The cause of death was stated as "acute indyeston" (possibly indigestion).

The middle child was Gladys Mary Rooney [11472], who was born in Wellington County, Ontario in 1917.

The youngest child was Arthur Reginald Rooney [11473], who was born on April 1, 1921. Arthur passed away in Collingwood, Ontario, on March 21, 2002. Art married Donna Claire Alkenbrack, on January 28, 1950.

Sarah passed away in Wellington, on August 17, 1922. The cause of death was indicated as Pyonephrosis.

### Eva Alberta Allen [1148]

Eva was born in Arthur Township, County of Wellington, Ontario, on January 20, 1897. She married Vernon Richmond Harper on February 27, 1932 and they resided in Mount Forest, Wellington, Ontario. Eva passed away in 1970 and Vernon in 1974.

### George Hermis Allen [1149]

George was known by his middle name Hermis. He is believed to have been born on February 4, 1899, in Arthur Township, County of Wellington, Ontario. However, George's World War I military enlistment indicates February 2, 1898. George enlisted into the Canadian military on July 31, 1916, at Mount Forest, Ontario. He served with the 153<sup>rd</sup> Battalion.

George married Euphemia Neil on November 30, 1921, in Wellington, Ontario. They had three children who all died at a young age, Gerald Allen [11491], who was born and died in 1922; Norva Allen [11492], who was born in 1923 and died in 1928; and Mervyn Allen [11493], who died in they he was born, in 1942.

Hermis passed away in 1995 and is buried in the Mount Forest Cemetery.

### David Alexander Allen [115]

John and Eliza's fifth child was David Alexander who was born on June 10, 1868. David married Ellen Reid Morrison (10 Jan. 1865 – 10 Feb. 1926). David and Ellen had four children; Edna Eliza [1151] (14 Apr. 1896 - 1 Mar. 1964), Sarah Jane Verna [1152], and Lionel David [1153] (13 Sept. 1904 - 22 Sept. 1975), Annie Clarissa [1154]. In some records Lionel's first and second names were reversed, referring to him as David Lionel.

According to Sarah's death certificate, she died tragically after being accidently shot in Arthur Township. I noticed in the death record that she was referred to by her third name, Verna.

John and Eliza's remaining children were John [116], Eliza Jane [117], and Mary Ann [118].

David passed away on December 7, 1952.

### Sarah Jane Verna Allen [1152]

Sarah was born on March 21, 1828, in Welland, Ontario. She died from an accidental gunshot wound at the age of nineteen, on April 17, 1917.

### Annie Clarrisa Allen [1154]

Annie married Herbert Lee Thompson in Mount Forest, Ontario, on September 24, 1930. They had at least three children.



The eldest child was Leonard Thompson [11541]. He was born in 1930, and passed away on December 29, 2009.

The second child was Kenneth A. H. Thompson [11542] who was born on April 17, 1935. He passed away in Great Falls, Cascade, Montana, on April 20, 1994.

The third child was David Glenn Thompson [11513], who was born on September 17, 1937. He passed away almost one year later on September 7, 1938. The cause of death was spina bifida. At that time the family resided at RR #5, Mount Forest, Ontario.

Annie passed away in 1988. She was buried in the Mount Forest Cemetery.

## The Family of Henry Allen [12]

Henry Allen was born in Mountshannon, Ireland in 1805 ca. However, there was no mention of him in Irish records until the previously mentioned census of 1855. At the time of Henry's birth, Mountshannon was a very poor and depressed region. Those who had enough personal wealth left Ireland.

At that time the farmers were among the most affluent people in the area. Even though they faced economic ruin from the famines, they could for the most part, sell their land to generate enough money to gain passage from the country. The only families remaining were generally those of poor labourers. In comparison to other regions, Mountshannon had a very small percentage of people who could afford to emigrate.

As a child and young man, Henry lived through some very difficult times. By 1830, when Henry was age 25, Ireland was ruled by the English's very rigid social structure. Entrepreneurial opportunities were extremely limited. As a result, the people became more oppressed.

Economic depression followed the end of the Napoleonic wars. During the depression came the cholera epidemic of 1832, this resulted with an enormous number of deaths.

While Henry was trying to raise his family, the great potato famines struck, first in 1845 and then again in 1846 and 1848. The famines resulted with over a million people perishing from starvation and related diseases. It is miraculous that no one from Henry's family died during the famine as the effects were among the worst in Clare and Galway. The worries from the economic uncertainty and potential hunger and sickness must have constantly weighed heavy on Henry's mind.

Making matters even worse was the British government who saw the famines as an opportunity to force Ireland to conform to the new methods of agriculture being used in England. During the famines, the government in London reduced grain imports to Ireland in an effort to run down Irish public work schemes that had been established to offset the effects of the famine.

As Richard Kelleen put it, in his book, *A Brief History of Ireland Land, People, History*, "*The tenants were seen as a slothful human mass kept in a permanent state of backward subsistence by their reliance on the potato. The doctrinaire free traders wanted a wholesale shakeout of Irish agriculture . . . the Famine was the inevitable consequence of this situation and an opportunity to remedy it.*" The English saw the famine as the inevitable consequence of the situation and an opportunity to remedy it.

The government minimized its direct involvement in famine relief making Ireland itself responsible for bearing the cost. This decision put great pressure on the Irish landlords who had to face the burden directly. As the famines continued these landlords became more financially strapped, and in turn, were forced to become more stringent on the collection of rent from their tenants. When the tenants were unable to pay that rent, the financially burdened landlords were forced to evict them.

With more and more tenants being forced from their homes and into workhouses, the strains on public assistance became even greater. The workhouses did not have the capacity to house and feed the masses and as a result many were left totally without food or shelter.

According to Clare historian Gerard Madden, the Scariff Workhouse Union, an area of 170 square miles, with a population of 47,894, was declared in July 1839. The union comprised of Scariff, Ogonnelloe, Killaloe, Bodyke, Tulla, Feakle, Mountshannon, Whitegate and Woodford. The workhouse was opened in May 1842 to accommodate 600 individuals. By 1851 it had 3,212 inmates. In 1846, the rate of famine burials in East Clare from the workhouse at Scariff was so great, that the existing graveyards were filled to capacity. A site was purchased outside the village of Tuamgraney for a new graveyard. Tuamgraney is a village located a few kilometers west of Mountshannon.

A contemporary account published in the Limerick Chronicle of January 6th, 1847, claimed, "*The Workhouse at Scariff County Clare is so overcrowded with paupers that a disease almost amounting to a plague has broken out amongst its inmates – the deaths averaging from four to twelve daily. It is horrifying to behold a donkey cart laden with five and six bodies piled over each other, going to be interred, and not a person attending the*

*wretched cortege except the driver. The graves are so dug that the coffins are barely covered with earth, rendering the air infected. No coroner's inquests have been held."*

In 1849, the Scariiff Workhouse had the distinction of being the most wretched and destitute in the south of Ireland.

The demands of creditors forced the auction of the assets of Scariiff Workhouse several times - December 1849, January 1851 and November 1851. In February 1851, the situation was so bad, there was frequently no bread, milk or even light for the sick in hospital. There was no change of clothing and some of the sick were even without a shirt. Yet there were multitudes seeking relief and admittance. Many remained in the most inclement weather without any shelter. 'From this has resulted fever and various infectious diseases, as there is no change of clothes even for those admitted and their rags steaming with wet, have spread malaria in the probation wards. Twenty-three persons died of fever in one night'.

The famine, as well as the lack of opportunity for the average person to attain financial success, led to an extremely large emigration from Ireland. Between 1845 and 1855 approximately two million people left the country destined for North America and Australia, while another three quarters of a million migrated to Britain. During the same period, it is estimated that the famine contributed to about three quarters of a million deaths.

If the local economy wasn't bad enough already, the closure of the Protestant operated linen mill in 1845, further motivated the community's Protestant inhabitants to leave the region and relocate elsewhere. Many immigrated to the new world in search of a more sustainable future.

The fact that Henry remained in Mountshannon gives good indication that he was most likely too poor to pay for passage for his family to leave the region. However, Henry found the means to stave off eviction and was able to remain in his home.

At the time of the 1855 census, Henry and his wife, Alice Bouchier (born 1807 ca) had six children, James [121], age 15 (born 1840 ca); Mary [122], age 12, (born 1843 ca); John [123], age 9 (born 1846 ca); Henry [124], age 7 (born 1848 ca); Sarah [125], age 5 (born 1850 ca); and William [126], age 2 (born April 2, 1853). Parish records indicate that Henry and Alice had two additional children, Anne [127], who was born October 2, 1858, and Margaret [128], who was born February 11, 1862.

Of Henry's children, details have been discovered only on Mary [122], John [123], William [126], Anne [127] and Margaret [128]. However, English census records suggest that Sarah [125] and William [126] also emigrated, at least initially, to Liverpool, England.

At the birth of William, Anne, and Margaret, Henry supported his family as a weaver. According to the Index of Surnames for County Galway ca. 1820 – 1850, he rented a house and 2 acres, 2 roods, 18 perches, from a Mary Tandy. The tax paid on this land was £2.10.

During the famine many tenants could not afford to pay their rent. In some cases landlords evicted their tenants while others allowed their tenants to remain foregoing rental payments. As a result of their generosity, many of these landlords themselves went bankrupt.

It is claimed that Philip Reade, a London banker, and Mary Tandy, the widow of a military man killed during the war in India, acquired Inniscalthra parish through the bankruptcy of William Woods, the former owner. The parish consisted of two estates with Reade living at Woodpark in the western part of the parish and Tandy residing the eastern half.

The Tithe Applotment records of 1830 indicate that Mr. Reade and Mrs. Tandy held land in the townland of Clonrush, parish of Clonrush, county of Galway. There was no record of any Allens in the Applotment books at that time in either the county of Galway or Clare.

Dr. Bruce Elliott, in his book, *Irish Migrants in the Canadas*, states that the Tandy's "redeveloped the Daly village of Mountshannon into a classic estate village of large stone houses lining the roadway, with a new Protestant Church on the north side of the street, a handsome market hall on the south, and eventually the Tandy residence at the eastern end."



Church of Ireland, Mountshannon, County Clare, erected in 1830. The photo was taken in September, 2012,

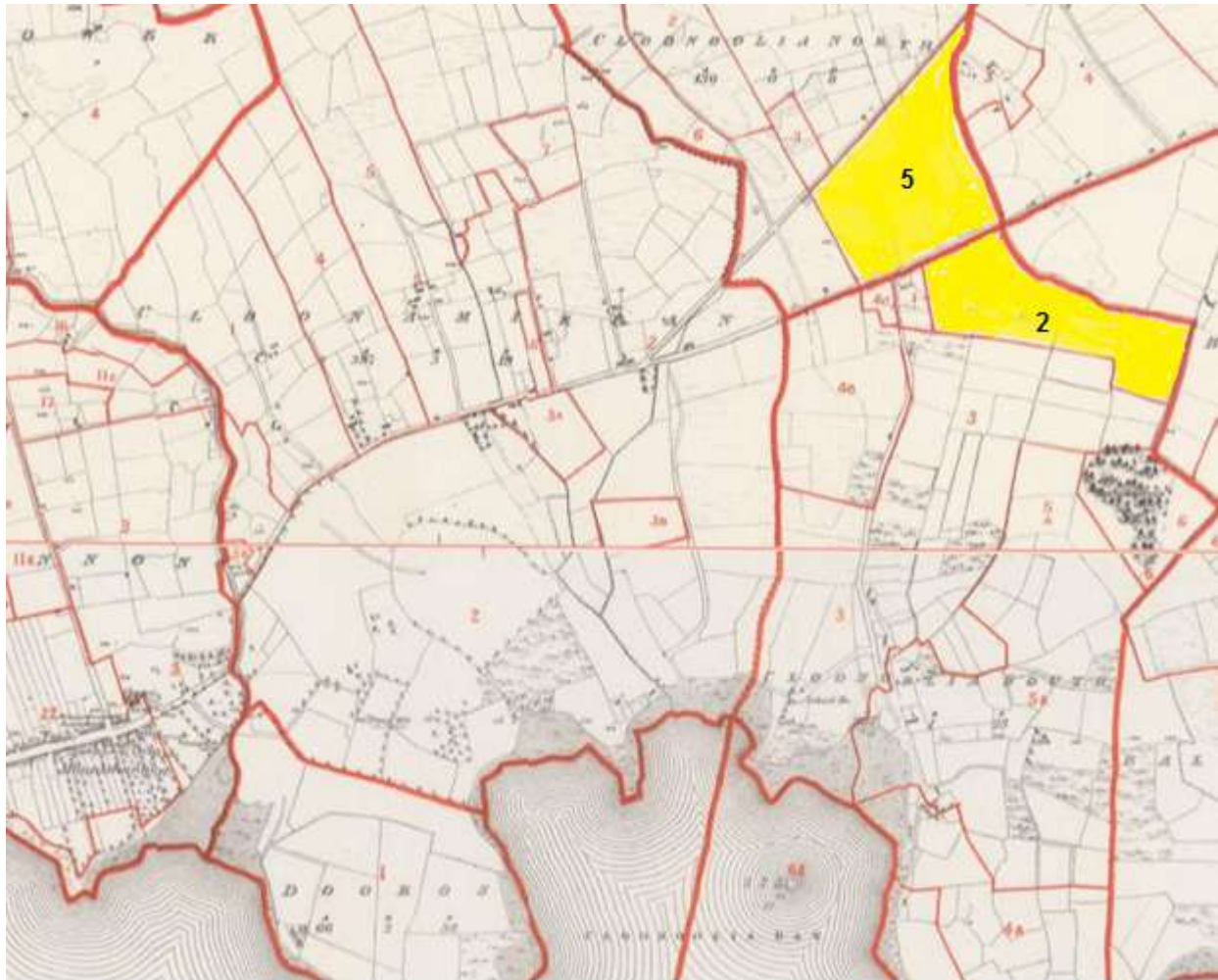
The Tandy's are said to have populated the village with Protestant labourers and tradesmen, including Henry [12] and Andrew [13] Allen. In 1831 there were 516 Protestants in the parish, most of who lived in the village, and 1,682 Catholics. Since John Allen [1] moved his family from Mountshannon to Galway during the early 1800's, looking for a better life, it seems that John's sons Henry [12] and Andrew [13] were enticed to return in search of economic stability.

Based on information provided in the Griffith's Valuation, Henry rented 2 plots of land in County Galway (now Clare) in the Parish of Clonrush. Clonrush is noted by the red box on the map above.



Map courtesy of Ask about Ireland ([www.askaboutireland.ie](http://www.askaboutireland.ie))

Henry's residence was located in the Townland of Cloonoolia, South (see Reference #2 on the map below). He also leased farmland in the Townland of Cloonoolia, North (see Reference #5 on the map below). The properties are noted by the blue boxes highlighting #2 and #5. The village of Mountshannon is located in the lower left corner of the map.



Map courtesy of Ask about Ireland ([www.askaboutireland.ie](http://www.askaboutireland.ie))

The details pertaining to each plot of land are listed below.

## VALUATION OF TENEMENTS.

## PARISH OF CLONRUSH.

No. and Letters of Reference to Map.	Names.		Description of Tenement.	Area.	Rateable Annual Valuation.		Total Annual Valuation of Rateable Property.	
	Townlands and Occupiers.	Immediate Lessors.			Land.	Buildings.		
	GLOONNOOLIA, SOUTH. (Ord. S. 134 & 136.)							
1	a	Jacob Brooks, . . .	Philip Reade, . . .	House, office, and land,	1 2 13	0 10 0	0 12 0	1 2 0
2	a	Henry Allen, . . .	Same, . . .	House, office, and land,	20 3 0	5 15 0	0 15 0	6 10 0
3	a							
				Total, . . .	83 0 9	21 14 0	3 4 0	24 18 0
	GLOONNOOLIA, NORTH. (Ord. S. 134.)							
1	a	Denis Halloran, . . .	Mary Tandy, . . .	House, offices, and land,	38 0 4	4 0 0	0 2 0	4 2 0
2	a	John Halloran, . . .	Same, . . .	Land, . . .	15 2 6	2 10 0	—	3 5 0
—	a	John Halloran, . . .	Same, . . .	Labourer's ho. & office,	—	—	0 15 0	—
3	a	Edmund Beck, . . .	Philip Reade, . . .	Land, . . .	2 3 31	0 9 0	—	0 9 0
—	a	Bridget Browne, . . .	Same, . . .	House, . . .	—	—	0 4 0	0 4 0
4	a	Robert Flinn, . . .	Same, . . .	House, offices, and land,	49 3 10	0 2 0	1 0 0	7 2 0
5	a	Henry Allen, . . .	Same, . . .	Land, . . .	23 2 37	4 4 0	—	4 4 0
				Total, . . .	130 0 8	17 5 0	2 1 0	19 6 0
	GLOONNOOLIA.							

## Griffith's Valuation Record Information Re Henry Allen's Residence

Tenant: Allen, Henry

Landlord: Reade, Philip

Location:

County: Galway

Barony: Leitrim

Union: Scarriff

Parish: Clonrush

Townland: Cloonoolia, South

Place Name: Cloonoolia, South

Place Type: Townland

Publishing Details:

Printing Date: 1855

Act: 15 &amp; 16

Sheet Number: 134

Map Reference : 2

### Griffith's Valuation Record Information Re Henry Allen's Agricultural Land

Tenant: Allen, Henry

Landlord: Reade, Philip

#### Location:

County:	Galway
Barony:	Leitrim
Union:	Scarriff
Parish:	Clonrush
Townland:	Cloonoolia, North
Place Name:	Cloonoolia, North
Place Type:	Townland

#### Publishing Details:

Printing Date:	1855
Act:	15 & 16
Sheet Number:	134
Map Reference :	5



The homestead is just passed the bridge on the left and the farmland was over the bridge on the right. The village of Mountshannon is a couple of kilometers further down the road. Photo is from November 2016.



Henry Allen's former homestead. The photo was taken in November 2016.

There is a death record for an Alice Bouchier, born around 1807, who passed away in September 1882, at the age of 75. Both her birth and death are recorded as occurring in Scarriff. Scarriff could either be referring to the village of Scarriff, a small community just a few kilometers from Mountshannon or it could be referring to the Union of Scarriff, which is the region surrounding and including the village of Mountshannon.

There is a second death date that has been identified for Alice in another family tree. That record suggests that Alice's date of death was in Mountshannon around 1863.

It was pointed out to me by the Clare County Library that at that time females were the property of their father and then the property of their husband. Thus, they were not often mentioned in any official record.

There was a family legend that my grandmother told me about, claiming that after Alice's death, Henry was wed to a Catholic woman. The wedding was never recorded in the Inniscalthra parish records. Therefore, we were led to believe that the wedding, if there actually was one, took place outside of Mountshannon. There is speculation that Henry may have moved and lived in the district from which his new wife came from.

This marriage was alleged to have caused a break-up of the family resulting in Henry's children dispersing, leaving the Mountshannon area. However, Henry's death record has now been located. It states that and it states that Henry had suffered from liver disease the last three months of his life and that Alice was a witness to Henry's death.

Neither the subsequent 1901 nor 1911 census records indicate any Allens who were members of the Church of Ireland, residing in the vicinity of Mountshannon.

371	Twenty fifth February 1874 Mts Shannon	Henry Allen	Male	married	by	Weaver	disease of Lives 3 Months Certified	Alice <sup>his</sup> <del>Allen</del> Married at death Mts Shannon	Third March 1874	J. G. Sanyer Registrar
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This theory is also challenged if Alice is the Alice Bouchier identified in the birth and death records as being born in 1807 in Scarriff, County Clare, Ireland, and dying in September 1882, in Scarriff. She was reported to have been age 75. If this new information is correct there could still be some truth in the previous beliefs. Incorporating the new information could suggest that perhaps, like two of her daughters, Alice suffered from mental illness later in her life. If she were placed in an institution or otherwise at some point following the birth of Margaret, Henry may have befriended a Catholic lady, who because Alice was still living, he could not have married. This of course is all speculation, but it does make for interesting conversation.

Henry was buried in Mountshannon on February 26<sup>th</sup>. A search of the Mountshannon, Church of Ireland cemetery in September 2012, revealed no signs of a tomb stone for Henry or any other Allen family members.

A marriage record has now been located for Alice Allen, the widow of Henry Allen, indicating that she was wed the following year to Michael Nash on February 7, 1875. The marriage took place in the Roman Catholic Chapel of Cappaduff, District of Mountshannon. It now seems that Alice may have been the cause of the legendary upheaval within the family, not Henry.

1875. Marriage solemnized at the Roman Catholic Chapel of <u>Cappaduff</u> in the Registrar's District of <u>Mts Shannon</u> in the Union of <u>Scarriff</u> in the County of <u>Clare</u>								
No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the Time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.
142	1875 February	Michael Nash	45	Bachelor	Pensioner	Whitegate	John Nash dead	Farmer
	1875	Alice Allen	40	Widow	Weaver	Mts Shannon	James Bouchier dead	Farmer
Married in the Roman Catholic Chapel of <u>Cappaduff</u> according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Roman Catholic Church, by me, <u>P. Moran P.P.</u>								
This Marriage was solemnized between us,		<u>Mc Nash</u>			in the Presence of us,		<u>John Blake</u> <u>Anne Rooney</u>	

A significant amount of information has only been gathered about four of Henry's children, Mary [122], John [123], Anne [127] and Margaret [128]. A few facts have been gathered about Sarah [125] and William [126] but nothing is known about the other two children.

The Griffiths Land Valuations 1848 – 64, referred to above, does allow for some speculation as to relationships between different people. Alan Lowe has developed a theory. The Valuations show that properties in the Cloonamirran townland were held by John Allen, James Bouchier, Edmund C. Garnet, George Bouchier, and Andrew Allen [13]. All were tenants of Mary Tandy. These families were all Protestant and farming neighbours. They were most likely related, especially when considering the surnames mentioned are compared to names used as first and middle names in later Allen generations. For example, the name Garnet, George, and Boucher (a variation of Bouchier) make up the entire name of George Garnet Bouchier Allan [123(10)].

## Mary Allen [122]

Mary Allen was born about 1846, in Mountshannon, Galway, Ireland. After immigrating to England, she married Albert Isaac in Liverpool, on October 14, 1869. Once married the couple resided at 21 Arthur Street Toxteth Park.

Mary and Albert had five children, including:

- Herbert Henry Isaac [1221] (1875-1943)
- Rhoda Alberta Isaac [12212] (1877-)
- Sarah Ann Isaac [1223] (1879-)
- Hannah Isaac [1224] (1880-1884)
- Ruth Isaac [1225] (1883-1904)

At least some of Mary and Albert's children emigrated from England to Australia. Among those was their son Herbert Henry Isaac [1221].

Mary died on January 18, 1904, in Toxteth Park, Liverpool, England. She is buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Toxteth, Metropolitan Borough of Liverpool, Merseyside, England.

Albert passed away in Toxteth Park on May 27, 1911.

### Herbert Henry Isaac [1221]

Herbert was born on January 29, 1875, in Toxteth Park, Liverpool, England. He was baptised on June 24, 1877. He left England and immigrated to Tasmania, Australia where he met his future wife, Alice Henrietta Snow. They were married in Hobart, Tasmania, Australia, on September 14, 1896.

Herbert served in the military from 1914 to 1920.

Herbert passed away on December 1, 1943, and Alice on December 23, 1960. They are buried at Cornelian Bay Cemetery and Crematorium, in Hobart, Tasmania.

Herbert and Alice had eleven children, beginning with Florence Hilda Isaac [12211], who was born in Hobart on February 13, 1897. She died at the age of 19 on April 19, 1916, in Latrobe, Tasmania. She is buried in Devonport City, Tasmania.

Herbert and Alice's second child was Sybil Ruth Isaac [12212] who was born in Hobart on April 24, 1898. On March 9, 1916, she married Alexander Dick. The wedding took place in Devonport, Tasmania. Sybil passed away in Heidelberg, Victoria, Australia, on May 22, 1945. She is buried in Footscray, Maribyrnong City, Victoria, Australia.

Sybil and Alexander had three children. The eldest was Sybil Margaret Dick [122121]. Sybil was born on January 16, 1917, in Devonport, Tasmania. She married Norman Ronald Banks and they had a son, Ronald Norman Banks [1221211]. Ronald had a wife, Barbara Joan Spooner. Ronald passed away on August 25, 1969. Sybil passed away on July 19, 1997, at Geelong, Victoria, Australia.

Sybil and Alexander's second child was Harold Alexander Dick [122122]. Harold was born on March 27, 1920, in Devonport, Tasmania. He married Kathleen Lorna Kennison, in Yarraville, Victoria, Australia. Alexander died on June 27, 1980, at Box Hill, Victoria, and is buried in Ferntree Gully Cemetery, Ferntree Gully, Knox City, Victoria, Australia.

Keith Mervyn Dick [122123] was Sybil and Alexander's third child. Keith was born on March 15, 1921, in Devonport, Tasmania. He married Betty May Davis in 1942, in Victoria, Australia. Keith passed away on November 16, 1963, and is buried in Altona, Hobsons Bay City, Victoria, Australia.

George Albert Isaac [12213] was Herbert and Alice's third child. He was born on August 11, 1899, in Hobart. He married Elizabeth Ida "Bessie" Pennington and they had six children.:

The eldest was George Herbert Isaac [122131]. George was born on December 30, 1923, in Hobart. He served in the Royal Australian Air Force from 1939 to 1948. George married Christine Pape on November 1, 1947, in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

George and Bessie's second child was Sally Isaac [122132]. The only information presently known about Sally is that she was born in (1925).

The third child of George and Bessie's was Amelia Jean Isaac [122133]. Amelia was born in 1925. She is believed to have married Thomas Henry Browne. Amelia passed away on February 25, 2007 and is buried at Mersey Vale Memorial Park in Devonport, Tasmania.

Gwendoline Issac [122134] was George and Bessie's fourth child. Gwendoline was born on February 23, 1925. She later passed away on January 5, 2018, in Tasmania. She is buried at Cornelian Bay Cemetery and Crematorium, in Hobart, Tasmania.

The fifth child of George and Bessie's was Ruby Phyllis Isaac [122135]. Ruby was born in 1934- and died seventeen years later, on April 17, 1951. She is buried at Cornelian Bay Cemetery and Crematorium, in Hobart, Tasmania.

The identity of George and Bessie's youngest child [122136] is currently unknown.

George died in Hobart on July 21, 1976, and is buried in Hobart.

Herbert and Alice's fourth child was Marjory Beryl Isaac [12214], who was born on May 22, 1902, in Hobart. She married George Reginald Sheehan in Latrobe, Tasmania, on October 1, 1924. Marjory and George had four children, two boys and two girls.

After George's death in April of 1941, Marjory married Peter Alan Smith in Victoria, Australia. Marjory later died on July 7, 1982, in Abbotsford, Yara, Victoria, Australia.

Herbert and Alice's fifth child was Ruby Eileen Isaac [12215], who was born in Hobart on January 4, 1904. Nothing more is known about her other than that her death occurred on May 5, 1960, at Lachlan Park Hospital, New Norfolk. Tasmania.

Herbert Henry Isaac [12216] was Herbert and Alice's sixth child. He was born in Hobart on April 27, 1905. Herbert married Catherine Kate Malcolm and they had two children:

The eldest was Henry Herbert Isaac [122161], who was born on December 2, 1927, in Launceston, Tasmania. He married Dorothy Rose Johnson.

Herbert and Catherine's second child was Shirley May Isaac [122162]. (1935-2013) Shirley married a gentleman with the last name of Kiely as her last name was Kiely at the time of her death. Shirley passed away on December 24, 2013. She is buried at Carr Villa Memorial Park, Kings Meadows, Launceston City, Tasmania.

Herbert passed away on February 25, 1949, in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

The seventh child of Herbert and Alice's was Roy Tasman Isaac [12217], who was born in Hobart on May 2, 1907. He married Hazel Eva Lovell and they had a son, Barrie Edwin Isaac [122171].

Roy passed away on October 3, 1990, in Bagdad, Tasmania, Australia.



Herbert and Alice's eighth child was Doris Rhoda Isaac [12218], who was born in Low Head, Tasmania, Australia, on September 19, 1909. In 1938 she married Robert George Lucas, in Victoria, Australia. Doris and Robert had two children:



The eldest child of Doris and Robert's was Robert George Lucas [122181]. Robert was born on September 1, 1943, in Melbourne, Victoria, Australia. He passed away on November 27, 2011, in Vermont, Victoria, Australia.

Robert's obituary read as follows:

*LUCAS. - Robert (Bobby). Passed away suddenly in Melbourne Sunday Nov. 27, 2011 aged 68 years. Formerly of Hobart and Devonport. Dearly loved husband of Jill, much loved and cherished LUCAS. - Robert (Bobby). Passed away suddenly in Melbourne Sunday Nov. 27, 2011 aged 68 years. Formerly of Hobart and Devonport. Dearly loved husband of Jill, much loved and cherished father of Nikki and Simon, very fond father-in-law of Silv and Majella. Rest in Peace Bobby and Dad Funeral Melb. Mon. (Dec. 5) Tobin Bros East Burwood TBA Obituaries Published in Herald Sun on 29/11/2011*

Robert's funeral notice is below.

*LUCAS. - The Funeral Service for Mr Robert George Lucas will be held at Tobin Brothers Threads of Life Chapel, 294 Burwood Hwy, East Burwood (between Blackburn and Springvale Rds) LUCAS. - The Funeral Service for Mr Robert George Lucas will be held at Tobin Brothers Threads of Life Chapel, 294 Burwood Hwy, East Burwood (between Blackburn and Springvale Rds) on MONDAY (Dec. 5, 2011) at 10.00 a. m. A private cremation will follow No flowers by request Funerals Published in Herald Sun on 02/12/2011*



Doris and Robert's second child was Patricia Floris Lucus [122182]. All that is presently known about her is that she died in 2013.

Doris passed away on February 29, 1988, and is buried in Hobart Tasmania, Australia.

The ninth child of Herbert and Alice's was Alan Francis Issac [12219], who was born in Devonport, Tasmania, Australia, on December 19, 1912. He was reported to have been bitten by a snake while rabbiting and hospitalised. He was given the wrong antivenom antidote, which result in his death on January 29, 1933, in Scottsdale, Tasmania. He is buried in Stronach Cemetery, in Scottsdale, Tasmania.



Herbert and Alice's tenth child was Leslie Milton Isaac [1221(10)], who was born on August 27, 1914, in West Devonport, Tasmania. He married Minnie Rosina Brooks, in Victoria, Australia, in 1939. They had five children: four sons and a daughter. The daughter was Jeanette Isaac [1221(10)2].

Leslie passed away on July 26, 1987, in Oakleigh, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.



The youngest child of Herbert and Alice's was a son, Terence Edric Isaac [1221(11)], who was born on May 10, 1922, in Launceston Tasmania Australia. Terence married Leita Florence John, on June 11, 1946. Terence and Leita had four daughters, the eldest was Jeanette Florence Isaac [1221(11)1] (1946-1997).

Terry died in Marrarah, Tasmania, Australia, from drowning on July 9, 1959. He is buried in Stronach Cemetery, in Scottsdale, Tasmania.

## Rhoda Alberta Isaac [1222]

Rhoda was born on February 19, 1877, in Liverpool, Lancashire, England. She was baptised on June 24, 1877, in St. Cleopas', Liverpool, Lancashire, England. She married Otho Desse Greaves in January 1895.

Rhoda and Otho had a son, Herbert Albert Rio Greaves [12221], who was born on June 4, 1896. He was baptised on 20 Dec 1896, in Liverpool, Lancashire. Herbert married Helena Frances E. Mccann

Herbert and Helena had a son, Frank Lewis Olive Greaves [122212], who was born on October 5, 1912. He married a woman with the last name of Conway, in January of 1952, in Surrey Northern, Surrey, England. He passed away on December 20, 1950, in Saint John, New Brunswick, Canada.

Rhoda died in July 1951 in Portsmouth, Hampshire, England.

### **Sarah Ann Isaac [1223]**

Sarah Ann Isaac was born in January of 1879, in Liverpool, Lancashire. On September 7, 1898, she married William Halewood in Saint Cyprians, Edge Hill, Lancashire, England. They had three children.

The eldest was Albert Wollie Halewood [12231], who was born on September 25, 1901, in St. Cleopas', Liverpool, Lancashire, England. He was baptised on January 15, 1902. Albert married Catherine Morris in Seaforth, in St Thomas, Liverpool, Lancashire, England on April 20, 1930.

Sarah and William's second child was Rhoda May Halewood [12232], who was born on May 14, 1903, in Toxteth, Lancashire. She was baptised on July 13, 1904.

Rhoda married William Simpson in West Derby, Lancashire, in January 1927. They had at least one son, William George Simpson [122321].

Rhoda died January 22, 1971, and was buried on January 28 at West Derby Cemetery, Merseyside, England.

Sarah and William's third child was Mary Patricia Halewood [12233]. She was born in April 1906, in Prescot, Lancashire, England.

### **Hannah Isaac [1224]**

Not much is known about Hannah other than that she was born in Liverpool in 1880 and died as a young child in 1884.

### **Ruth Isaac [1225]**

Ruth was born on September 7, 1883, in St. Cleopas', Liverpool, Lancashire. Little else is known about Ruth other than she passed away in March of 1904. She is buried in Toxteth Park Cemetery, Toxteth, Liverpool, Merseyside, England.

### **John Bouchier Allen [123]**



As mentioned previously, the parish records indicate that John was born on June 12, 1846, but the family Bible, which John was presented with on April 20, 1881, by an individual by the name of Margaret Dorrie, was used to record the births of his children, indicates that his date of birth was June 12, 1858, a twelve-year discrepancy. This second date is the one that is inscribed on his tombstone, as well as, in his record of death. John's marriage certificate indicates that John was age 29 at the time of his marriage, suggesting that he was born around 1856. There was also a date of birth presented in another family tree suggesting that John was born on June 12, 1858.

A letter I received in July 1994, from Dublin, Ireland, stated, "Based on the information I have collected mainly based on the *"List of Protestants in the Union of Mountshannon at Christmas 1855"* John Allen was born in 1846, as his age is given as age 9 in this list.



The reason for this discrepancy remains a mystery, however, it is possible that he deliberately misstated his age at the time he left either Ireland or England in order to be more readily accepted for passage to emigrate. The family member updating records in the family Bible may have unknowingly recorded the fictitious date of birth.

The British and Irish governments would often provide free passage out of both Ireland and Britain because of the depressed economy. This free passage was often limited to those men under a certain age. John may have had to deceive authorities about his age in order to qualify for emigration assistance.

If John was in fact born in 1846, he came into this world during the Great Famine, which took place between 1845 and 1849. During that period the population of Ireland decreased from almost 8.4 million people to 6.6 million by 1851. There were about a million deaths resulting from starvation, typhus, or other famine-related diseases.

As a young man, John, like many of his countrymen, left his home in Ireland and immigrated to Liverpool, England. Liverpool, being the closest seaport to Ireland, was where the vast majority of Irish emigrants went in search of employment and a better way of life.



It was in Liverpool that John met his future wife, Mary Ann (Annie) Roach (Roche). Annie was the daughter of an English merchant, Thomas Roach<sup>4</sup> (Roche). John and Annie were married on May 17, 1885, in Toxteth Park. John's younger brother, William [126] was married in Toxteth Park six years earlier, in 1879.

John and Annie had their first child, Alice Hanna Allen [1231], in Liverpool on February 7, 1886. Alice was baptised several days later on February 24th.

England was suffering from serious economic hardships, similar to those being experienced in Ireland. There had already been one great depression between 1876 and 1879 when a second crisis began in 1882 and climaxed in 1886 with serious rioting and unrest.

It was at this time that John and Annie decided to leave England and move to Canada. They set sail from Liverpool on April 25, 1887, and arrived in Quebec City May 9<sup>th</sup>, after fourteen days at sea. From Quebec City they made their way to Mount Forest, a small town located in central Ontario.

It is unclear as to why John and his young family settled in the particular community. Most of the people immigrating to Upper and Lower Canada from Clare Ireland moved to particular Irish Protestant settlements, such as Montreal, Carp Valley (Ottawa) Russell, Renfrew, Pontiac, Lanark, Lambton, Bruce or Grey counties, Toronto, Kingston, North Onslow, London or Goderich.

In 1887 Mount Forest had a population of 2,200 and contained a good number of Irish descendants. Along with being a thriving agricultural community, Mount Forest possessed a couple of flour mills, sawmills, two furniture factories, a sash and door factory, a casket factory, a pump factory, a foundry, and a brewery.

John and Annie lived on Normandy Street for the birth of John Stuart [1232] on May 26, 1888, William Henry [1233] on January 28, 1890, and Robert Andrew James [1234] on February 26, 1892. The family moved to Elgin Street for the birth of Annie Ruth [1235] on November 13, 1894.

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<sup>4</sup> Referred to as John Roach in Mary Ann's death record.

It is not clear as to what John's occupation was while living in Mount Forest but since the family resided within the actual town, it is likely that he was employed within the town and not engaged as a farm hand or other occupation in the rural outskirts.

While residing in Mount Forest, John elected to change the spelling of his family's surname from Allen to Allan. Two theories have been suggested as the reason for John electing to make this change. The first is that due to there being many John Allens living in the Mount Forest area, he chose to make the change to lessen the confusion surrounding his and his family's identity.

The second suggested theory for the name change is that the surname Allen was often associated with Catholic families. John, being a strong Protestant and Orangeman, did not want to be mistaken as being Catholic. It is believed that the surname Allan was associated with Protestant families.

Whatever the reason for the change in spelling, the surname has been passed down to his descendants and is the spelling that is continued to be used today.

John and his family left Mount Forest 8 years 3 months after their arrival and moved to St. Catharines, Ontario. There John's occupation was listed as being a coachman, who drove horse-drawn carriages.

The first of John's children to be born in St. Catharines was Sarah Isabelle May [1236], who was known as Sadie. She was born on February 19, 1897, at the family home on Buck Street.

By the time that their daughter Margaret Leta [1237] was born on January 22, 1899, the family had relocated to 96 Henry Street. There has been no indication as to where the family lived in July of 1901, when the twins Garnet [1238] and Harriet [1239] were born. George Garnet Bouchier [123(10)] was born at home on Mary Street, November 29, 1903, and the youngest child, Frederick Ernest [123(11)] was born at 188 Lake Street, June 30, 1906.

With most new additions to the family, John found it necessary to move to a larger more accommodating home. The trend reversed itself in later years as the family grew older and began leaving home. During this time the residence relocated from Lake Street to James Street, later to Carleton Street, and finally 96 Henry Street, where they lived for a good many years. Each home provided enough yard space so that John could raise some small livestock, such as chickens, rabbits, goats, etc., as well as grow most of their own vegetables.

At the time of the 1921 census John's occupation was listed as being a janitor. At that point in time, Garnet Bouchier, Sadie, Margaret, and Fred, were still living at home.

John eventually changed occupations and became a maintenance worker for the Niagara Falls, St. Catharines and Thorold Electric Car Company (N. S. & T.), where he worked right up to his untimely death on Sunday March 20, 1927.

The following account of John's death was printed in the Monday March 21, 1927, edition of The St. Catharines Standard newspaper.

*"Stepping out from behind a fence at Grenville's Crossing onto the N. S. & T. tracks, two miles east of Thorold, John Allan, aged 68, of 96 Henry St., this city, was struck by the St. Catharines bound trolley of the Niagara Falls division and almost instantly killed. The accident occurred at 12:45 o'clock Sunday afternoon and Mr. Allan, accompanied by Fred Murrell, of Stamford Township, with whom he had been visiting, was hurrying to the crossing to board the car."*

John Allan was a proud Irishman, a strict Protestant, and a true Orangeman. He was very strict in the way that he raised his children. There were definite rules that each had to adhere to, such as curfew hours and church and Sunday School each week. There were times when Annie would make excuses or hide things from John so that the children would be spared from their father's punishment. John had several hobbies which included, raising Springer Spaniels<sup>5</sup> for local dog shows and trials, as well as, for competitions at the Canadian National Exhibition in Toronto. It is believed that John and other prominent Ontario breeders exported dogs to the United States, and the breed of cocker spaniels eventually evolved.

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<sup>5</sup> The dogs were identified as cocker spaniels in the Canadian Kennel Club breeding records from the early 1890's. For several decades after the 1890's, the term cocker spaniels also applied to Springer Spaniels until the breeds were specifically identified and breed standards developed.

John was also known to have a green thumb as he was very successful at growing various plants and flowers.

As previously mentioned, John was an Orangeman and was a member of the Loyal Orange Lodge No. 573 of the Scarlet Chapter. He was also a member of the Black Knights and the Prince of Orange True Blues.

John and Annie are buried together in a plot in Victoria Lawn Cemetery, Section B of the new cemetery, in St. Catharines, Ontario.

## Alice Hanna Allan [1231]

As previously mentioned, John's and Annie's eldest child, Alice, was born in Liverpool, England on February 7, 1886.

The family was living in St. Catharines, Ontario when Alice became old enough to work outside of the home. In her youth Alice was employed by Crocker-Wheeler (later known as English Electric), as well as a munitions factory.

Throughout her youth, Alice was a member of various church groups. She was a member of St. George's Anglican Church choir, the Anglican young people's group, and various women associations.

On April 26, 1916, Alice was wed to Howard Stunt. Howard was born in Sussex, England and had immigrated to Canada in his youth, settling in St. Catharines.

After they were first married, Alice and Howard lived in an apartment on Page Street in St. Catharines. In 1918 they purchased a small house at 18 McGhie Street, and then in 1929, moved to what would be their final residence at 174 Russell Avenue in St. Catharines.

Alice's community involvement did not cease after her marriage. She and Howard took an active part in various activities. Alice was very involved with the Ladies Group of Grace Anglican Church, and held the office of President, for a portion of that time. She was eventually bestowed the honour of becoming a life member of the organization. Alice was also a member of the Rebecca Lodge.

Outside of the Church, both Alice and Howard took an active role in the Progressive Conservative Party, especially at the ward level where they devoted a fair amount of time prior to elections.

Being the eldest child, Alice took a great deal of interest in her siblings and their families. This was especially true after the death of John and Annie. Alice believed that it was important for the family to be close together and she strived to make sure that everyone kept in touch.

Alice and Howard had two children, John Alfred [12311], known as Jack, who was born in St. Catharines on January 17, 1917, and a second son, Robert Howard [12312], who was born in 1918. Robert passed on June 22, 1919, after contracting an illness accompanied by a very high fever.

Howard died on February 4, 1954, three months prior to Alice's 68<sup>th</sup> birthday. Alice passed away five years later on July 16, 1959. Both Alice and Howard are buried in Victoria Lawn Cemetery, Section D of the new cemetery, Lot 212, Grave 1.

Jack Stunt [12311] married Margaret Helen Kelly, who was also from St. Catharines, on August 16, 1941. Jack and Helen had six children, all of whom were born in St. Catharines.

The eldest child was John Edward [123111], born May 18, 1946. He married Marnie Chisholm in 1972. John and Marnie had four children.

- Meghan Kathleen [1231111], born March 30, 1977
- Andrew John [1231112], born March 22, 1980
- Elizabeth Jane [1231113], born September 8, 1983
- Catherine Mary [1231114], also born September 8, 1983.

Jack's and Helen's second child was Paul David [123112], born September 17, 1947. He married Mary Lou Pilous on August 15, 1970. They had one child.

- Jeremy Fitzgerald [1231121], born January 6, 1976.

Jack's and Helen's third child was Howard James [123113], born February 2, 1949. Howard died as an infant on November 1, 1950.

The fourth child was William Francis [123114], who was born on January 3, 1953. He was wed to Renata Rudzinski in 1978, and they had two children.

- Janek William [1231141], born January 31, 1979
- James Robyn [1231142], born October 10, 1980.

Jack's and Helen's fifth child was Stephen Allan [123115], who was born on November 13, 1957. As of the time information was last gathered, Stephen was not married.

The youngest child of Jack's and Helen's was Dean Michael [123116], who was born on December 6, 1959. He married Alison Danton in 1982 and at the time information was last gathered, they had one daughter.

- Sarah [1231161], born August 28, 1985.

## John Stuart Allan [1232]

John's and Annie's second child and the first born in Canada, was John Stuart. Stu, as he became known, was born in Mount Forest, Ontario on May 26, 1888.

To simply call Stu an athlete would be an understatement. After moving to St. Catharines, Stu became renowned as a distance runner. He won many foot races during his younger years, but the most notable was the Martin Electric 10 Mile Run, in St. Catharines, where he held the fastest time record for 25 years.

The following tribute was made to Stu by *The St. Catharines Standard* shortly after his death in September 1974,

" . . . (Stu) was one of this City's finest long distance runners . . . was a modest retiring man and it was only with difficulty anyone could persuade him to talk of his many triumphs . . . The greatest was his victory in the annual Martin Electric 10 Mile Race . . ."

Stu's athletic ability lent itself to other activities besides running. For example, he spent some time playing, coaching, and training lacrosse.

Outside of the world of sports, Stu spent time as a member of St. George's Anglican Church. He also earned his 50-year pin as a member of the Temple Masonic Lodge.

Sometime after moving to St. Catharines, Stu met the girl he would marry, Gwendoline Morley. Gwen was born in Bassingborne, England on December 2, 1893, but migrated to Canada at some point after that.

Stu and Gwen celebrated their 50<sup>th</sup> wedding anniversary at their home at 38 Rodman Street, St. Catharines. In total they spent 42 years of their life together at this same residence.

The local sports legend's life came to an end with his passing on September 7, 1974. Gwen survived Stu by another ten years, passing away on November 3, 1984.

Stu and Gwen are buried in Victoria Lawn Cemetery, Section M of the new cemetery, N ½ Lot 67, Grave 1.

Stu and Gwen had two boys, Thomas Stuart [12321], who was born on June 9, 1917; and Frederick John [12322], who was born August 27, 1930.

Thomas [12321] was known by his middle name Stuart. He and his wife Miriam Sumbler were married on October 7, 1950, and lived in New Liskard, Ontario, when information was last gathered. They did not have

any children. Thomas passed away in Haileybury, Ontario, on November 14, 1994. Both he and Miriam are buried at New Liskeard, Timiskaming, Ontario.

Stuart's and Gwen's youngest son, Fred [12322], married Sheila Irene Secord, on May 15, 1954. They moved to Stoney Creek, Ontario and had five children. The eldest was Virginia Kim [123221], born May 23, 1955. She and her husband Bill Arbuthnott had one child.

- Brittaney Leanne [1232211], born March 11, 1987.

Fred's and Sheila's second child was Cheryl Jordean [123222], born October 13, 1957. She married John Tluczek on September 8, 1979, and they had one child.

- Jason John [1232221], born August 15, 1986.

The third child was Susan Georgette [123223], born March 17, 1961. She married Stephen Murray on April 18, 1987. Stephen had one child, Amber, from a prior marriage.

Fred's and Sheila's fourth child and only boy, was Glenn Frederick [123224], born February 2, 1964.

The youngest child of Fred's and Sheila's was Danielle Caraline [123225], born June 10, 1971.

## William Henry Allan [1233]

William Henry Allen, the third child of John and Annie, was born in Mount Forest, Ontario on January 28, 1890.

Like his older brother Stu [132], Bill was very athletic and was well known in the Niagara area for his running ability. One of his best-known victories was the Herald Road Race, which took place on October 20, 1913, and covered the distance around Burlington Bay, near Hamilton, Ontario. Bill had even completed the famous Boston Marathon, which is an annual event in Boston Mass. that attracts famous athletes from all over the world.

The local newspaper, *The St. Catharines Standard*, paid tribute to Bill by saying, "... (Bill) was among Canada's outstanding distance runners in the early part of the century."

When Bill left home in St. Catharines, he moved to Hamilton, Ontario, where he met his future wife, Maud Ada Burgess.

Bill answered the call of duty and left Canada to take part in the First World War. Bill enlisted with the Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force on November 29, 1915. His occupation at the time of his enlistment was "Core Maker". He was a member of the 19<sup>th</sup> Canadian Infantry where he served as a Private.

While serving overseas, he was overcome by Dichlorathyl Sulphide (mustard gas) and was left gravely ill for an extensive period of time. He never fully recovered from the effects of the gas and was forced to live on a disability pension for the remainder of his life.

Bill's prolonged suffering did not keep this former accomplished athlete from being active. He was an avid hunter and had a strong interest in anything that had to do with firearms. He worked in a special capacity for a number of years with the St. Catharines Police Department manufacturing special ammunition for their use.

Bill passed away on March 30, 1972, at the age of 82. Maud died at the age of 81, on June 3, 1976. They are buried in Victoria Lawn Cemetery, in Section W, Division 14, of the old cemetery, S ½ Lot 3, Grave 2.

Bill and Maud raised seven children, the eldest being Margaret Leita [12331], born October 16, 1916, in Hamilton, Ontario.

Margaret married Edwin E. Paterson on June 7, 1941, in Hamilton, and moved to North Bay, Ontario. They had two children, Gerald Robert Edwin [123311], born July 23, 1943. He married Laraine Barbara Staples on September 16, 1967. They had one child.

- Holly Hahn [1233111], born August 27, 1974.

Margaret's and Edwin's second child was Nadyne [123312]. Nadyne married John Edwin Swanson on October 20, 1974, and they had three children.

- Heidi Edwina [1233121], born December 12, 1975
- Nancy Rejean [1233122], born December 10, 1978
- Cynthia Sharon [1233123], born December 10, 1978.

Margaret passed away on May 17, 1987, North Bay, Ontario.

Bill and Maud's second child was Robert William [12332], who was born on September 25, 1918, in Hamilton. He married Emily Harriet Hoskin on September 13, 1943, in Hensall, Huron, Ontario, and they had three children.

The eldest child was John Robert [123321], who was born October 7, 1944, in Newmarket, Ontario. He married Anneke Wilma Medema on October 9, 1976 and they had two children.



- Anneke Emily [1233211], born July 7, 1979
- Amanda Jane [1233212] born March 1, 1984. Sadly, Amanda died at birth.

Robert and Emily's second child was Linda Lee [123322], who was born in St. Catharines on May 3, 1948. She married Joseph William Sovar on April 19, 1980.

The youngest child of Robert's and Emily's was Wendy Elizabeth [123323], born September 30, 1958. She married Ralph Shayne Byng on October 10, 1981.

Robert died in the year 2000. Emily passed away on October 8, 2008. Emily's obituary notice is below.

**ALLAN, Emily (Lee)** - Suddenly at the St. Catharines General Hospital on October 8th, in her 86th year. Beloved wife of the late Robert (2000) for 56 years. Cherished mother to John, Linda Lee and Joe Sovar, and Wendy and Ralph Byng. Beloved grandmother to Anneke Emily Allan. Sister-in-law of Jim and Carol Allan of B.C. Bert Wilson (Sask.) and Fred Cross. She was pre-deceased by her sisters Dorothy Hedden, Muriel Clemens, Irene Delaney, Elaine Hunt and Jean Esch. Dearly beloved aunt to many nieces and nephews. She will be dearly missed by her beloved cat Mitzie. The family will receive friends at the **HULSE & ENGLISH FUNERAL HOME & CHAPEL**, 75 Church St. (905-684-6346) on Sunday, October 12th and Monday, October 13th from 2-4 and 7-9p.m. Funeral Service will be held at St. George's Anglican Church, 83 Church Street on Tuesday October 14th at 11a.m. If desired, memorial donations may be made to the Heart & Stroke Foundation, or a charity of your choice. Memorial tributes may be made at [www.mem.com](http://www.mem.com)





Bill and Maud's third child was Dorothy Ann [12333], who was born March 7, 1922. She married Burdette Joseph Wilson on December 11, 1943. Dorothy passed away in Tisdale, Saskatchewan, on May 17, 2000.

Dorothy and Burdette had two children. The first was Derwyn Robert [123331], born May 8, 1949. He married Marie Epithania Lapointe on October 28, 1972 and they had three children.

- Dale Gordon [1233311], born April 5, 1968
- Sean Patrick Joseph [123332], born December 29, 1972
- Robert Derwyn [1233313], born August 17, 1977.

Dorothy's and Burdette's second child was Sandara Marie [123332], who was born May 18, 1951. Sandara married Brian Michele Hrehorick on July 1, 1974. They had one child.

- Michelle Dawn [1233321], born January 5, 1975.

Bill and Maud's fourth child was George Frederick [12334]. George was born June 8, 1925. George died as an infant on January 22, 1927.

The fifth child of Bill and Maud's was Winnifred Doris [12335], who was born February 1, 1928. Winnifred married Robert William Lehan on September 18, 1944, and they had ten children.

The eldest child was Judith Maude [123351], born March 11, 1945. Judith married Eril Edgar Kirtland on October 2, 1965, and they had one son

- John Andrew [1233511], born May 17, 1970.

The second child was Audrey Winnifred [123352], born June 28, 1947. Audrey married Frederick Lawrence Storin on June 24, 1967. Audrey and Frederick had two children.

- Jeffrey Lawrence [1233521], born February 9, 1969
- Brian Frederick [1233522], born May 6, 1972.

Winnifred and Robert's third child was Dianne Elizabeth [123353], born September 8, 1949. Dianne married William John Martin on November 29, 1969. Dianne and William had two children.

- Karen Patricia [1233531], born April 14, 1970
- Michael John [1233532], born March 20, 1972.

The fourth child of Winnifred and Robert's was Catherine Anne [123354], born January 26, 1951. Catherine married Victor Pierre Racine on February 24, 1968. Catherine and Victor had three children.

- Brenda Sue [1233541], born August 22, 1968
- Cathy Anne [1233542]
- Connie Lynn [1233543]

Winnifred and Robert's fifth child was Colleen Margaret [123355], born February 20, 1954. Colleen married Michael Donald Roach on April 16, 1977, and they had one child.

- Tyler Michael [1233551], born November 23, 1983

Winnifred and Robert's sixth child was Sheila Jane [123356], who was born November 30, 1956. Sheila married Frederick George Martin on November 23, 1974. They had two children.

- David George [1233561], born May 29, 1975

- Jennifer Lynn [1233562], born February 15, 1978

The seventh child of Winnifred's and Robert's was Robert William Jr. [123357], who was born on August 14, 1958. Robert married Mary Domenica Simioni on October 24, 1981. They had one child.

- Andrew Robert [123571], born August 7, 1986

Winnifred and Robert's eighth child was Nancy Joyce [123358], who was born on August 8, 1960. Nancy married Morgan Dixon on September 21, 1985.

The ninth child of Winnifred's and Robert's was Janet Grace [123359], who was born on May 2, 1962. Janet married Christopher John Nesbitt on September 15, 1984.

The youngest child of Winnifred's and Robert's was Donna Gail [12335(10)], who was born on September 10, 1963. Donna married David Farr on May 10, 1986.

Winnifred passed away in St. Catharines, Ontario on April 13, 1994. She is buried at Lakeview Cemetery, Thorold, Niagara Regional Municipality, Ontario, Canada.

Bill and Maud's sixth child was James Herbert [12336], who was born on October 25, 1930. James married Carol May Crowshaw on July 1, 1954. They had three children.

The eldest was Glen Richard [123361], who was born on September 14, 1955. Glen married Sheila Benoit on June 18, 1983.

The second child was Brenda Sue [123362], who was born on July 2, 1958. Brenda married Thomas Anthony Bagley on August 4, 1979.

James' and Carol's youngest child was Gregory Andrew [123363], who was born on October 18, 1969.

Bill and Maud's youngest child was Barbara Florence Catharine [12337], who was born on January 31, 1937. Barbara married Frederick Edward Cross on May 28, 1960. Barbara and Frederick had one child.

- Anthony Frederick [123371], born April 28, 1970

Barbara passed away on July 21, 1985, in Hamilton, Ontario.

## Robert Andrew James Allan [1234]



Robert, or Bob as he was more commonly referred to, was born in Mount Forest, Ontario on February 26, 1892.

After the family relocated to St. Catharines, Ontario, Bob became active in St. Georges Church choir. Before World War I, he worked as a mechanic in a factory. Like his brothers, Bob was fond of hunting.

With the outbreak of the First World War, Bob decided that he, like his brothers Bill and Stuart, would volunteer for active military service. The 5' 8" blue eyed, dark complexioned 24 year old enlisted for duty in St. Catharines on March 31, 1916.

Bob first saw duty as a Private, on June 1, 1916, and became a member of the 176 Battalion, 2<sup>nd</sup> Dragoons, stationed in Niagara Falls, Ontario with rank of Private. He left Halifax harbour on April 28, 1917, on board the S.S. Olympic, destined for Liverpool England, where he arrived May 7<sup>th</sup>.

Upon arriving in England, Bob was assigned to the 12<sup>th</sup> Reserve Battalion. Unfortunately, Bob became ill and was admitted to hospital on July 13, 1917, suffering from a Carlinoma Rectum and died two days later on July 15<sup>th</sup>.

Bob is buried in Row R, Grave 578, Shorncliffe Military Cemetery, in South Kent, England. Bob was awarded the British War Medal.

## Annie Ruth Allan [1235]



John's and Annie's fifth child, Annie Ruth, was the last of the children to be born in Mount Forest, Ontario. Ruth, as she was to be known, was born on November 13, 1894.

Ruth was remembered by her family as being a very kind and quiet person who always kept in touch with her family.

Ruth married Frank Greenlaw at a young age. Ruth and Frank began married life living with Frank's parents in St. Catharines, where they lived until Frank's mysterious disappearance. Apparently Frank left for work one morning and never returned.

After being deserted, Ruth left the Greenlaw home and temporarily lived with her sister Leta [1237]. Eventually Ruth moved into a mansion located across the road from Hotel Dieu Hospital where she served as a companion to an elderly lady living there.

After a period of time, Ruth learned that her husband Frank was living in Califon, New Jersey, an American small rural town located in the Appalachian Mountains. Ruth travelled to Califon where she met and reconciled with Frank. Ruth and Frank remained in Califon until their deaths.

Ruth and Frank had some very interesting experiences living in Califon. Frank was an excellent plasterer and done work for some renowned individuals, including orchestra leader Paul Whiteman and television entertainer Merv Griffin.

Ruth and Frank never had any children.

When Ruth passed away on June 30, 1979, her remains were returned to St. Catharines for internment. She is buried in Victoria Lawn Cemetery, Section K of the old cemetery, Lot 136, Grave 1.

## Sarah Isabelle May Allan [1236]



John's and Annie's sixth child, Sarah, or Sadie as she was more commonly known, was the first of the children to be born in St. Catharines, Ontario. Sadie was born on February 19, 1897.

At the tender age of only 14 Sadie began work at the Warren Knitwear Factory located on St. Paul Street, where she would remain until her marriage to Milne George, on November 9, 1921.

Sadie was an active member of the Winchester Cross Group (Women's Aid) of St. Georges Anglican Church, in St. Catharines.

Sadie and Milne resided in the north end of St. Catharines when all three of their children were born. They later moved to their final residence at 333 St. Paul Street West in March of 1952.

Not only were Sadie and Milne fortunate enough to spend their Golden Anniversary together in 1971 but were also able to celebrate their sixtieth in 1981. Both events were noted by *The St. Catharines Standard*.

After her death on December 2, 1981, Sadie was laid to rest in Victoria Lawn Cemetery, Section D, of the new cemetery, Lot 46, Grave 2. Milne was laid alongside her after his death on January 16, 1985.



Sadie's and Milne's eldest child was Elizabeth Ruth [12361], known as Betty, who was born on September 13, 1922. Betty never married and took on the responsibility of caring for her parents in their later years.

Sadie's and Milne's second child was Harry Allan [12362], who was born on September 29, 1923. Harry was never married. He died at the young age of 32 on May 26, 1956.

The youngest child of Sadie's and Milne's was Shirley Dorothy [12363], who was born on January 30, 1926. Shirley married William Frank Vaughn on August 30, 1949. Bill and Shirley were involved in farming as part of the dairy industry and as grape growers.

Shirley and Bill had four children.

Their eldest child was William George [123631], who was born on February 17, 1951. Bill Jr. married Arden Lee White on November 27, 1976. Bill and Arden had three children.

- Elizabeth Arden [1236311], born February 26, 1980, who married David Hemming.
- Sarah Pearl [1236312], born December 23, 1982, who married Justin Downes.
- William Robert [1236313], born May 3, 1986, who married Pasha Marcynuk.

Shirley and Bill's second child was Robert Harry [123632], who was born on December 13, 1954. Bob had not married at the time of this publication.

The youngest children of Shirley and Bill's were twins, Brian Frank [123633], and Brent James [123634], who were born on August 17, 1958.

Brian passed away on January 17, 2006, after a short illness. He was long term employee of St. Catharines Hydro, where he worked as a mechanic. Brian's obituary is below:

*VAUGHN, Brian Frank - On Tuesday, January 17, 2006, Brian passed away peacefully after a short illness, aged 47 years. He is survived by his loving parents Bill and Shirley and his brothers Bill Arden, Bob and twin brother Brent and by nieces Elizabeth Dave Hemming and Sarah Justin Downes and nephew Robert as well as his Aunt Betty George and Uncle Charlie and Aunt Robina Vaughn. Brian was employed as a mechanic for St. Catharines Hydro for many years and helped keep the neighbourhood tractors and cars running. Cremation has taken place. The family will receive friends at the VINELAND CHAPEL OF THE TALLMAN FUNERAL HOMES, 3277 King St., on Friday 2-4 and 7-9 p.m. A Memorial Service will be held in the Chapel on Saturday, January 21st at 11 a.m. If desired memorial donations may be made to St. Catharines Association for Community Living*

## Margaret Leta Allan [1237]



Margaret was the seventh child of John and Annie, who according to the Lincoln County Birth Registry, was born on January 21, 1899. However, her birthday was always celebrated by her family on January 22<sup>nd</sup>. Margaret was known by everyone as Leta because her mother, Annie, did not want her to be called Maggie, a name Annie detested.

The name Leta was not an Allen or Allan family name. It was selected as a tribute to the midwife, Leta, who had helped deliver Margaret into the world. Over time the spelling of Leta unofficially became LEITA. However, on all official records, including birth and marriage certificates, Leta is the name that appears.

The 1921 census indicates that Leta still resided at her parents' home at 96 Henry St., St. Catharines, Ontario. Her occupation was listed as a knitter. The actual company she worked for was the Warren Knitwear factory.

On July 15, 1922, Leta was wed to a St. Catharines fireman, Christopher Clarence Garner, who was known as Clare. After their wedding, Leta and Clare moved into their first apartment at 15 McGhie Street. This is where their eldest daughter, Kathryn Margaret [12371] was born on May 28, 1923. Kathryn became known as Kay.

Leta and Clare later moved to 18 McGhie Street to a house that was rented from Leta's older sister, Alice [1231] and husband Howard Stunt. It was in that house that Leta's and Clare's second child, Beverly Ann [12372] was born on October 15, 1931.

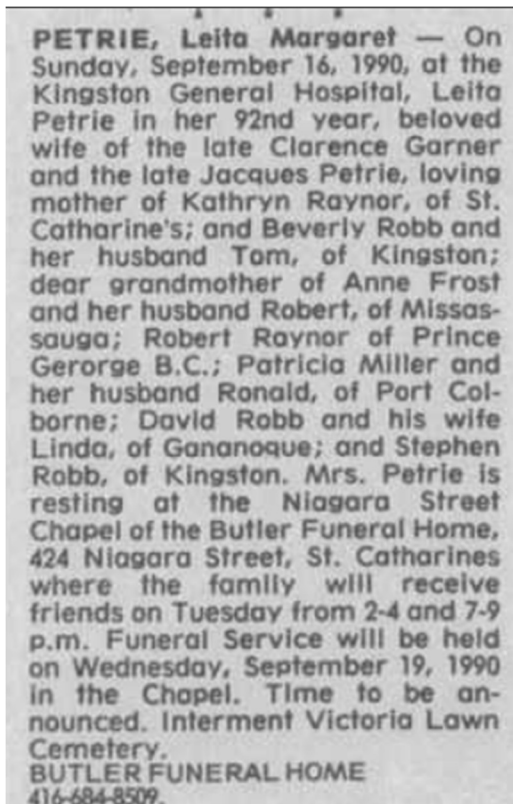
In 1933, Leta and Clare purchased a home of their own at 129 Merritt Street. This was to remain as the family home until after both daughters were married. It was also in this home that Clare passed away from stomach illness on October 30, 1935.

Being left to raise two children on her own was no easy task for Leta. Between working to earn a living outside the home, as well as, raising two young daughters, left Leta with no time for anything else.

After both girls were raised, Leta met a Scottish soldier by the name of John Guthrie Petrie. Leta and Jock, as he was referred to, were married on October 7, 1950. Unfortunately, this marriage was to be short lived as Jock suffered a stroke and died in August of 1953.

Shortly after Jock's death Leta sold the house on Merritt Street and moved in with her eldest daughter Kay. Five years later Leta moved again, this time to her daughter Bev's who now resided in Kingston, Ontario. Leta remained in Kingston until her death on September 16, 1990. At which time, she was returned to St. Catharines where she was laid to rest next to her first husband Clare, in the new cemetery at Victoria Lawn.

Leta's obituary is below.



**PETRIE, Leta Margaret** — On Sunday, September 16, 1990, at the Kingston General Hospital, Leta Petrie in her 92nd year, beloved wife of the late Clarence Garner and the late Jacques Petrie, loving mother of Kathryn Raynor, of St. Catharines; and Beverly Robb and her husband Tom, of Kingston; dear grandmother of Anne Frost and her husband Robert, of Mississauga; Robert Raynor of Prince George B.C.; Patricia Miller and her husband Ronald, of Port Colborne; David Robb and his wife Linda, of Gananoque; and Stephen Robb, of Kingston. Mrs. Petrie is resting at the Niagara Street Chapel of the Butler Funeral Home, 424 Niagara Street, St. Catharines where the family will receive friends on Tuesday from 2-4 and 7-9 p.m. Funeral Service will be held on Wednesday, September 19, 1990 in the Chapel. Time to be announced. Interment Victoria Lawn Cemetery.  
**BUTLER FUNERAL HOME**  
416-684-8509.



Leta's and Clare's eldest daughter Kay married a Royal Canadian Air Force navigator, John Moyer, on June 29, 1943. John held the rank of Flying Officer as part of the 115 Squadron. Unfortunately, tragedy struck less than a year later when, on April 25, 1944, John's aircraft crashed at Mount Bolduc, British Columbia, while on military maneuvers. The aircraft was never located. John's name has been noted on Panel 3, Column 4 of the Ottawa War Memorial.

Kay found love a second time and married Gordon Raynor in January 1948. Kay and Gordon had three children.

The eldest was Margaret Anne [123711], who was born on December 22, 1948. Anne first married William Wollard but eventually divorced. On December 28, 1985, Anne married Robert Frost in Niagara-On-The-Lake, Ontario.

Kay and Gordon's second child was Robert Charles [123712], who was born November 15, 1955. Bob and his partner Maggie Magee had two children.

- Cheyenne Matthew Magee [1237121], born January 10, 1982
- Cody Riel Magee [1237122], born August 1, 1983. Cody drowned at Tabor Lake, British Columbia on April 23, 1987. He is buried at Prince George Municipal Cemetery, in Prince George, British Columbia.

Bob later moved to Powerview, Manitoba, and lived with Kim Haverlock.

The youngest child of Kay's and Gordon's was Patricia Kathryn [123713], who was born July 6, 1957. Pat married Ronald Miller on June 16, 1973, and they had two children.

- Jeremiah David [1237131], born September 22, 1973. Jeremiah passed away on November 1, 2022. The obituary read as follows:

*Peacefully in his sleep in "his chair". He leaves behind his parents Ron and Patti, sister Mikki (Jay), nephews Drew (Jada) and Josh, nieces Paicia and Emilia, brother-in-law Paul (Virginia) and many aunts, uncles and cousins. A special thank-you to Scott and Cindy for your love and support over the years.*



*In keeping with his wishes, cremation has taken place with arrangements entrusted to the ARMSTRONG FUNERAL HOME & CHAPEL, 179 Clarence Street, Port Colborne. There will be a private family burial of cremated remains at Pleasantview Memorial Gardens at a later date.*

*Jeremy's family would like to invite you to a luncheon on Saturday November 12, 2022, from noon to 2pm at the Belmont Hotel, Port Colborne where we can share stories and enjoy one of Jeremy's favorite foods – pizza.*

*In keeping with Jeremy's "style" there will be casual wear only, jeans and sportswear, and of course as we all know anything New England Patriots would be awesome.*

*In lieu of flowers, donations to Community Living Port Colborne-Wainfleet would be greatly appreciated.*

- Michelene Christa [1237132], born March 13, 1978

Kay passed away in St. Catharines, Ontario on March 19, 2003.



Leta's and Clare's youngest daughter, Bev, was married to Thomas White Robb on May 10, 1952, in St. James Anglican Church, in Niagara-On-The-Lake, Ontario. Bev and Tom had two boys.



The eldest, David George [123721], was born February 10, 1957. David married Linda Ellen McCoy on June 19, 1982. Dave and Linda had one son.

- Matthew Charles [1237211], born September 24, 1985, in Kingston. Matthew relocated to Winnipeg, Manitoba where, since 2012, he has served as a police officer. Matt and his life partner Samantha Lane have been living together since May 2024. They had a daughter, Maisie Evelyn [12372111], born November 25, 2024.

David and Linda divorced. David later married Valerie Mallen, (nee Payne) on May 20, 2005.



Bev and Tom's youngest son was Stephen Andrew [123722], who was born on May 3, 1964. Steve married Donella Dueck on August 24, 1995, in Vancouver, British Columbia. Steve and Donella had no children.

Bev passed away on December 31, 2022, in Kingston, Ontario. Her obituary read as follows:

*Beverly Ann Robb passed away peacefully at Kingston General Hospital on December 31, 2022.*

*She was born on October 15, 1931, in St. Catharines, Ontario, the daughter of Clare and Leta Garner.*

*Bev was predeceased by her beloved husband, Thomas Robb and is survived by her two sons, David (Valerie) of Howe Island, Ontario and Stephen (Donella) of Delta, B.C. and her grandson Matthew of Winnipeg, Manitoba.*

*Respecting her wishes, cremation has taken place and there will be a private family inurnment in the spring.*

*As an expression of sympathy, the family would appreciate donations to St. Thomas Anglican Church or the charity of your choice.*

## Garnet Allan [1238] and Harriet Allan [1239]

Garnet and Harriet (Hattie) were twins, born on July 16, 1901. Very little is known about them other than them being baptised by the minister in St. George's Anglican Church in St. Catharines, on September 21, 1901.

Both children died as infants. Garnet died first, on October 2, 1901, at 10 weeks of age. Hattie's death followed on October 27, 1901, at the age of 3 months.

Garnet and Hattie are buried in the Old Cemetery, Church of England, Victoria Lawn Cemetery, St. Catharines, Ontario. The exact location of the graves is unknown. However, at last word, the Ontario Genealogical Society is working to identify the grave sites in this section of the cemetery.

## George Garnet Bouchier Allan [123(10)]

The tenth child of John and Annie's was George, or Bouch, as he was known by both family and friends. Bouch was born on November 29, 1903.

As a young man Bouch, like his older brothers, was sports minded. He enjoyed playing baseball and was a member of the local minor league team that became all Ontario champions. After ending his career as a player, Bouch went on to coach championship teams.

At the time of the 1931 census Bouch had been employed by the Welland Canal as a maintenance worker. He later moved on to the General Motors plant in St. Catharines where he was employed for 34 years as a security officer.

Bouch married Catherine McKenzie Black on June 27, 1933, in Lansdowne, Leeds, Ontario. On their marriage certificate, Bouch's occupation was indicated as being a motor truck driver. Bouch and Catherine had two boys. The first was William James [123(10)1], who was born on March 25, 1923. The second was George Douglas [123(10)2], who was born November 2, 1939.

When the Second World War broke out in 1939, Bouch volunteered for active service but was denied the opportunity to serve due to a previous heart ailment.

Boucher died on March 16, 1986. He is buried in Section MM of the old cemetery, Lot 130, Grave B, Victoria Lawn Cemetery, St. Catharines, Ontario.

Bouch and Catherine's eldest son, Bill, married Tina Sawatzky on June 29, 1956. Bill and Tina had no children,

Bouch and Catherine's youngest son, Doug, was first married to Joan Summers. Doug and Joan had four children.

The eldest was Theresa Catherine [123(10)21], who was born February 10, 1959. Theresa married David James Harvey on September 8, 1984.

Doug and Joan's second child was Kelly Marie [123(10)22], who was born April 17, 1960.

The third child of Doug and Joan's was Douglas Charles [123(10)23], who was born on November 4, 1961.

The youngest child of Doug and Joan's was Martin William [123(10)24], who was born on June 18, 1963.

Doug's second wife was Sandra Erling, who he married on December 11, 1973.

## **Frederick Ernest Allan [123(11)]**

John and Annie's youngest child, Fred, was born in St. Catharines on June 30, 1906. Fred was a welder by trade but shared his brothers' interest in hunting.

Fred married Verla Nunn in St. Catharines, on December 12, 1931. Fred and Verla had one daughter, Patricia [123(11)1], who was born on May 14, 1941.

During World War II, Fred enlisted in the Royal Canadian Navy and served as a welder, while holding the rank of Petty Officer. Fred was stationed for two years in Halifax, Nova Scotia, followed by a year in Victoria, British Columbia.

Fred was a member of St. George's Anglican Church and the Temple Lodge No. 296. He was employed as a welder with English Electric.

Fred and Verla lived at 101 Henry Street at the time of Fred's death on April 23, 1971. Verla later died in 1999. Fred and Verla are buried at Victoria Lawn Cemetery, Section W, in the old cemetery, Division 20, N ½ Lot 11, Grave 2.

Fred and Verla's daughter, Patricia married Farrell (Bud) Sinnett on December 2, 1961. Patricia and Bud had four children.

The first was Kathryn Louise [123(11)11], who was born on November 22, 1962. Kathryn married Norman David Hearn on July 16, 1983.

Patricia and Bud's second child was Thomas Farrell [123(11)12], who was born on April 29, 1964.

The third child of Patricia and Bud's was Linda Ann [123(11)13], who was born on April 20, 1965.

He youngest of Patricia and Bud's children was James Frederick [123(11)14], who was born on September 15, 1968. James had one child.

- Theresa Louise [123(11)141], born June 8, 1986.

## William Allen [126]

William, the sixth child of Henry and Alice, was born in Mountshannon, County Clare, Ireland, on April 2, 1853. Little is known about William except that he served as part of the 3<sup>rd</sup> Hussars in the Zulu War, which took place in South Africa.

William enlisted for military service in Liverpool, England on August 14, 1879. His residence at the time was listed as 21 Arthur Street, Toxteth Park, Liverpool, England. William's occupation was recorded as being a labourer.

British military records disclosed the following information about William: William was 5' 7 ¾ inches tall, with a fresh complexion, gray eyes and brown hair. His conduct was considered to be "very good". He held the rank of Private and had been awarded a Good Conduct Badge and an S.A. Medal in 1879. William had also earned a Certificate of Education – 4<sup>th</sup> Class. William was returned to civilian life on September 5, 1881, when discharged at Colchester, England, due to a health concerns issue involving varicose veins.

No information has been found on William from the time of his birth until the day he entered the military. Nothing is known about what he did after returning to civilian life. It is probable that William immigrated to England by way of Liverpool at or about the same time as his elder brother John [123], and younger sister Anne [127]. One thing for certain is that the three siblings arrived in Liverpool before they were married.

## Annie Allen [127]

Henry and Alice's seventh child, Anne, was born on October 2, 1858, in Mountshannon, County Clare, Ireland. She, like many of her siblings, left Ireland as a young adult and headed to England in search of a better life.

Annie met George Lowe in England and was wed to him at Holy Trinity Church in Hoylake, County of Chester, on August 10, 1885. At the time of her marriage, Annie was a waitress living at Prescot, Lancashire, near Liverpool.

George started out as a golf club maker in Hoylake. He developed the idea of graded sets of clubs and patented the sale of the first 25,000 sets of clubs in America.

George also designed numerous golf courses in the British Isles and the European continent. It is believed that there have been British Opens played on five courses designed by George.

During his lifetime, George was the golf pro at Royal Lytham and St. Anne's.

Annie was a very kind and generous person who took much pleasure in sharing her wealth and good fortune with her relatives.

Anne was institutionalized at Whittam, in Lancashire, England. She was admitted on December 9, 1910, and remaining there until her subsequent death on April 16, 1919.

Both Annie and her eldest daughter Annie [1273], suffered from mental illness during their later life.

There is speculation that this illness may have been the result of inbreeding. In the nineteenth century choices for marriage partners were severely restricted by religion and from the lack of means to travel outside of the immediate vicinity in which they lived. As a result, it was not uncommon for an individual to choose a close relative, such as a first cousin, as a marriage partner.

After Anne's death George moved to Australia where he would spend the remainder of his life.



Annie Allen, George Lowe and family (Courtesy of Alan Lowe)

### Alexander Stewart Lowe [1271]



In all, Annie and George raised six children.

The eldest was Alexander Stewart Lowe [1271], who was born on November 16, 1888. He was baptised on February 13, 1889. Stewart, as he was known, followed in his father's footsteps, became a golf pro and emigrated from England to Australia prior to the onset of the First World War.

Stewart served during the war as a Private in the 1st Australian L.T.M. Battery. He served in the 1st Division, 1st Brigade from 1914 to 1919, fighting in Gallipoli and France. Stewart was awarded the Military Medal in the Hindenberg Line on September 23, 1918, for voluntarily carrying ammunition to a Stokes gun, 1,000 yards, through sniper and shell fire. Stewart was specially mentioned for courage and duty throughout his military service. He suffered wounds on three separate occasions.

After the war, Stewart returned to civilian life and married Hilda May Howes in 1929. Stewart and Hilda had one child, Alan George Lowe [12711], who was born July 5, 1931.

Stewart passed away at Repatriation General Hospital in Concord, NSW, on April 27, 1956. His residence at the time was listed as Wollongon.



Alexander Stewart Lowe (Courtesy of Alan Lowe)



Alexander Stewart Lowe and Hilda May Howes (Courtesy of Alan Lowe)

## George Lowe [1272]

The second child of Annie and George's was George Lowe Jr. [1272], who was born on November 28, 1890. George, like his brother Stewart, also followed in his father's footsteps and became a golf pro. He proceeded to Stewart in emigrating from England to Australia.

George answered the call to arms during World War I serving as a Corporal with the 8<sup>th</sup> Australian Light Horse. He fought with the 3<sup>rd</sup> Brigade Australian I. Forces from 1914 to 1919 and saw action in Gallipoli and Palestine.

After the war, George married Edith Marion Barnett. Together, George and Edith reared three children. Edith predeceased George, passing away on February 19, 1970. George died some four years later, on October 14, 1974.

George and Edith's eldest child was George Robert Lowe [12721], who was born June 23, 1921. George Jr. never married.

George and Edith's second child was Alan Lowe [12722], who was born on August 19, 1924. Alan married Betty Gresham. Alan and Betty had two children.

The eldest was Susan Marion [127221], who was born June 27, 1947. Susan married James Stephen Donoghue. Susan and James had three children.

- Darren [1272211], born March 10, 1970
- Craig [1272212], born April 7, 1971
- Adam [1272213], born September 17, 1974

Alan and Betty's second child was Alan George Lowe [127222], who was born on December 3, 1950. Alan married Linda Erskine. Alan and Linda had two children.

- Stuart Erskine, [1272221], born February 9, 1982
- Alistair [1272222], born November 1, 1983

The youngest child of George and Edie's was Jean [12723], who was born in Warrnambool, Victoria, Australia, on January 28, 1927. Jean married Peter Martin. Jean and Peter had three children.

The eldest child was Ian [127231], who was born May 23, 1949. Ian married Lyn Macaulay. Ian and Lyn had four children.

- Cameron John [1272311], born August 15, 1976
- Stuart James [1272312], born March 25, 1979
- Kristie Alana [1272313], born May 13, 1982
- Kieran Alex [1272314], born October 9, 1985

Jean and Peter's second child was Judith Jean [127232], who was born on February 18, 1954. Judith married Bruce Stanley Osborne. Judith and Bruce had one son.

- Benjamin Joseph George [1272321], born May 6, 1989

The youngest child of Jean and Peter's was Robert James [127233], who was born on June 15, 1963.

Jean passed away on June 4, 2008, in Neerim South, Victoria, Australia. Peter died in Trafalgar, Victoria, on April 18, 2012.



Alexander Lowe, Robert Lowe, George Lowe Jr., from the early 1950s at Geelong, Australia (Courtesy of Alan Lowe)

### Annie Cable Lowe [1273]

The third child of Annie's and George's was Annie Cable Lowe [1273], who was born in 1893. She was Christened on May 14, 1893. Annie never married and was said to be close to her parents. After her mother's death, Annie accompanied her father George to Australia, where she would remain until her death in Queenscliff, Victoria, on July 7, 1937.

## Ramsey Allan Lowe [1274]

The fourth child of Annie and George's was Ramsey Allan Lowe. Ramsey's date of birth is unknown, but he was baptised 1894.

During World War I, Allan served with His Majesty's Naval Department. From 1915 to 1919, Allan was stationed at Portland and Gibraltar where he acted as a torpedo fitter. He remained with the British Navy for a short time after the war. Once his military duty was complete, Allan, like his brothers before him, left England and moved to Australia. In Australia Allan worked as an engineer.

Allan married twice, first to Ella May Soutar, and later to Thelma Jean Haywood in Sydney, in 1939. Allan never had any children.

Allan passed away on October 25, 1951.

## Amy Peel Lowe [1275]

Annie and George's fifth child was Amy Peel Lowe [1275].

While the rest of Amy's family immigrated to Australia between the years of 1912 and 1919, Amy decided to remain in England, where she met Alan Whitlow Marsden. Amy and Alan were married on February 27, 1919, in Fylde, Lancashire, England. Alan's family owned a tannery at Warrington.

Amy and Alan had two children.

The eldest was George [12751], who was born on April 24, 1920, in Salford, Manchester, England. George married Ruth Fairclough on January 21, 1951, in Runcom, Cheshire, England. George and Ruth had three children.

Joanna [127511] was George's and Ruth's eldest child. She married William Pollard on April 2, 1977. Joanna and William had three children.

- Katherine Ruth [1275111], born October 31, 1980
- Michael William [1275112], born September 23, 1983
- Joel James [1275113], born April 24, 1977

George and Ruth's second child was Andrew Neil [127512], born June 21, 1955. Neil married Rosemary Walker on July 31, 1982. Neil and Rosemary had one daughter.

- Helen [1275121], born March 26, 1990

The youngest child of George's and Ruth's was David Ross [127513], who was born on April 27, 1961.

George passed away in Lymm, Cheshire, England, on March 8, 2003, and is buried in Saint Mary's Churchyard.

Amy and Alan's second child was Aileen Barbara [12752], who was born on May 8, 1926. Aileen married James Douglas Sturrock on May 17, 1952. Aileen and Doug had two children.

Aileen and Jim's oldest child was Alan Douglas [127521], who was born on June 19, 1953. Alan married Tricia Lee. Alan and Tricia had one child.

- James Douglas [1275211], born May 26, 1988

The second child of Barbara and Jim's was Catherine Fiona [127522], who was born on February 27, 1956.

Aileen passed away October 21, 1983.

## Robert Ivan Lowe [1276]

Annie's and George's sixth child was Robert Ivan [1276], who was born on April 19, 1898.

During World War I, Ivan served as a Vickers Apprentice Engineer, with the rank of Private. He trained with the 3<sup>rd</sup> South Lances.

At the conclusion of the war, Ivan left England destined for Australia. Robert, like his brother Allan [1274], became an engineer.

Ivan married Florence Millicent Synot in 1925. Ivan and Florence had two children, Robert Myles Lowe [12761] and Kenneth John Lowe [12762].

Ivan passed away in Geelong, Victoria, Australia, on February 1, 1958. Florence survived until July 12, 1980.



Florence Millicent Synot

Robert Myles Lowe was born on May 26, 1927. Robert married Janet Malcolm. Robert and Janet had four children.

The eldest child was Rodney [127611], who was born on August 31, 1951. Rodney married Marion McCutcheon. Rodney and Marion had four children.

- Bianca [1276111], born June 19, 1976
- Louise [1276112], born October 13, 1978
- Stuart [1276113], born September 16, 1981
- Nicholas [1276114], born August 17, 1987

Robert and Janet's second child was Barry Malcolm [127612], who was born on December 19, 1953. Barry married Kay Birch. Barry and Kay had two children.

- Bronwen [1276121], born March 14, 1978
- Jocasta [1276122], born June 21, 1980

Barry and Kay divorced after the birth of Jocasta. He then married Cecile Torda. Barry had two additional children with Cecile.

- Waywaya [1276123], born September 3, 1986

- Isagani [1276124], born July 19, 1987

Robert and Janet's third child was Timothy [127613], who was born on December 20, 1957. Tim married Kerry Quinlan. Tim and Kerry had one child.

- Connor Patrick [1276131], born October 23, 1989

The youngest child of Robert and Janet's was David [127614], who's date of birth, was November 11, 1964.

Robert and Millie's second child, Kenneth John [12762], was born on February 16, 1930. Kenneth married Jean Campbell. Ken and Jean had four children.

The eldest child was Pamela Jean [127621], who was born on November 11, 1958. Pamela married Ian Cochrane. Pamela and Ian had two children.

- Liam [1276211], born January 4, 1980
- Dale [1276212], born October 13, 1983

Kenneth and Jean's second child was Suzanne [127622], who was born on April 3, 1960. Suzanne married David James Sidney Burke. Suzanne and David had two children.

- Jacob James Kenneth [1276221], born May 18, 1986
- Millicent Eve [1276222], born May 18, 1989

Kenneth and Jean's third child was Malcolm Robert [127623], who was born on June 12, 1964. Malcolm married Susan Maree Oman.

The youngest child of Kenneth and Jean's was Wendy Jane [127624], who was born on June 20, 1970.

## Margaret Frances Allen [128]

The youngest child of Henry's and Alice's was Margaret Frances Allen [128]. Margaret was born in Mountshannon, County Clare, Ireland, on February 11, 1862. Margaret, like many of her brothers and sisters, left Ireland and settled for a time in Liverpool, England. The exact date of her leaving Ireland is unknown but it is known that she was in attendance at her sister Annie's [127] wedding in Hoylake, (a community near Liverpool) on August 10, 1885.

Margaret met an Englishman there by the name of Stephen Cocks. Margaret and Stephen married on January 1, 1888, in Holy Trinity Church, the same church that Annie was married in 2 ½ years earlier. At the time of their wedding, Stephen was an indoor servant. His father, Edward, was a shoemaker.

At the time of the 1911 census, the family resided at 45 Addison Road, Kings Heath, North Birmingham, Warwickshire, England. Stephen's occupation was listed as being a hotel waiter.

Sometime after the birth of her youngest child, Margaret was admitted to the County Lunatic Asylum, Barnsley Hall, North Bromsgrove, Worcestershire. This most likely occurred prior to the 1911 census, as though Stephen was recorded as married, there was no record of Margaret living with Stephen and the children in the family home. At the time of Margaret's death on October 7, 1921, she was a resident at the asylum. Daughter Phyllis completed the death registry. According to the registry, Margaret was a widow when she died.

Margaret and Stephen had 8 children. At least 3 died as young children, and of the other 5, only 2 have been confirmed to have survived to adulthood.

### **Annie Mabel Cocks [1281]**

Annie was born in Birkenhead, Cheshire, England, on February 23, 1888. Annie did not live a long life, as she passed away in October 1895.

### **Ethel Cocks [1282]**

Ethel was born on December 1, 1889, in Saint Cyprians, Edge Hill, Lancashire, England. As with her sister Annie, tragedy struck at a young age as Ethel died in October 1895.

### **Stephen Henry Cocks [1283]**

At the time of the 1911 census, Margaret and Stephen's eldest child, Stephen, was living at home with his father and sisters. Stephen was born in 1892 in Liverpool, Lancashire England. His occupation was listed as a mechanical engineer turner

Stephen served as a member of the Royal Engineers of the British Armed Forces. His service number was 397649. Stephen was killed in action on October 25, 1918, while serving in France. He is buried in plot II. C. 22 in the Delsaux Farm Cemetery, Beugny, France.

### **Cecil Cocks [1284]**

In 1911, Cecil was not employed outside of the home. Given that Cecil was Margaret and Stephen's daughter, the question comes up as to whether her name was recorded correctly. It is possible that her name should have been spelled Cecile.

Cecil's date of birth was given as 1895 in Liverpool, Lancashire, England. Nothing further is known about Cecil.

### **Edward Victor Cocks [1285]**

Margaret and Stephen's third child was Edward Victor, who was born in 1896, in Birmingham, Warwickshire, England. At the time of the 1911 census, Edward was living at home. His occupation was a clerk estate agent.

### **Sydney Augustus Cocks [1286]**

Margaret and Stephen's youngest child, Sydney, was born in January 1898, in Aston, Warwickshire, England. Sydney, like many of his siblings passed away at a young age. He died in Aston in July 1901.

### **Phyllis Emily Cocks [1287]**

Margaret and Stephen's fourth child was Phyllis Emily, who was born in January, 1900, in Birmingham, Warwickshire, England. At the time of Margaret's death in 1921, Phyllis was married to Percy Dodd in December 1924 in Birmingham South, Warwickshire, England. Since Phyllis had completed the death registry for her mother, it is assumed that she had remained living in the Warwickshire area.

Phyllis passed away in Birmingham, West Midlands, England in July of 1990.

## Cyril Cocks [1288]

Cyril is believed to be the youngest child of Margaret and Stephen's. He was born in 1902 in Birmingham, Warwickshire, England. Nothing further is known about Cyril.

## The Family of Andrew Allen [13]

The third eldest child of John Allen's on record was his son Andrew. From what information is available, it appears that Andrew was born in Mountshannon, County Galway, Ireland, in or about the year 1815. Andrew, being the product of John's second marriage meant that he was the half-brother of John [11] and Henry [12].

Andrew is first mentioned in the Irish record books at the time he married his second wife, Jane Flynn. Andrew's and Jane's marriage took place on August 3, 1845.

According to the Griffith's Valuation, Andrew resided at Cloonamirran. As with his father and brother, Andrew leased his land from Mary Tandy. His plot was identified as 17 and is highlighted on the map below. On the map, Andrew's plot was situated immediately to the right of his father John's agricultural land.

### VALUATION OF TENEMENTS. PARISH OF INISHCALTRA.

81

No. and Letters of Reference to Map.	Names.		Description of Tenement.	Area.	Rateable Annual Valuation.		Total Annual Valuation of Rateable Property.
	Townlands and Occupiers.	Immediate Lessors.			Land.	Buildings.	
	CLOONAMIRRAN— <i>continued.</i>			A. R. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
15 A	} Edmund C. Garnet.	Mary Tandy.	Land.	12 0 11	3 0 0	—	} 7 0 0
- B		Same.	Land.	3 2 18	0 18 0	—	
- C		Same.	Offices and land.	4 0 2	1 18 0	1 4 0	
- D		Rev. Charles Robinson.	House, offices, and land.	9 0 29	3 15 0	3 10 0	7 5 0
16 A	} George Bouchier.	Mary Tandy.	House, offices, and land.	5 0 36	2 5 0	1 6 0	} 4 5 0
- B		Same.	Land.	3 3 32	0 14 0	—	
17	α	Andrew Allen.	House and land.	1 0 13	0 7 0	0 5 0	0 12 0



- Fanny [135], born January 7, 1856
- Andrew Jr. [136], born August 1, 1858
- Ellen [137], born April 10, 1861
- Henry [138], born June 21, 1863
- George [139], born March 16, 1866
- Robert A. [13(10)], born August 22, 1868

Complete records were not available for Andrew's family until the birth of James in 1852. Andrew's occupation was listed in the Church records as a farmer. His occupation is recorded as a labourer at the time of the births of Catherine in 1855 through to George in 1866. At the time of the birth of the youngest child, Robert, Andrew was indicated as being a wood ranger.

Jane passed away September 6, 1891, in Wingham, Ontario.

### Mary Allen [131]

According to the records that are available, Mary was born in or about 1843. At birth Mary is said to have been pre-mature, weighing a mere 1 ½ pounds.

Despite the difficulties faced at birth and with the loss of her mother, Mary lived a long life. Her death is recorded as being July 30, 1942, at the recorded age of 95. Her actual age must have even been greater, since she was born prior to Andrew's marriage to his second wife Jane, in 1845.

### John Allen [132]

Very little is known about John, Andrew's second child and Jane's first. What is known is that John was born in Ireland, around 1845. At some point prior to his marriage to Eliza Watson, on March 27, 1880, in Middlesex, Ontario, John migrated to Canada where he died in London, Ontario in 1885.

### James Allen [133]



James was born in Mountshannon, Clare, Ireland on April 15, 1852. Unlike many of his siblings, James did not immigrate to Canada. Instead, he moved to London, England where he enlisted as served 30 years with the Royal Life Guards to Queen Victoria. He enlisted on April 27, 1876. His service number was 908.

In 1882 James served in Egypt during the Second Egyptian War.

It is thought that James married a woman with the first name of Sarah.

### Catherine Allen [134]

All that is known about Andrew and Jane's fourth child, Catherine, is that she was born on February 5, 1855, at Cappaduff, County Clare, Ireland.

## Fanny Allen [135]

Fanny was born on January 7, 1856, also at Cappaduff. Fanny never married. Having no ties to Ireland, in 1884, she immigrated to Canada, settling in Kincardine, Ontario. She lived with her brother Andrew [136].



Front and back of Photo. This was given to James Allen (our brother) from Fannie (Fanny) & Ellen Allen. Difficult to read the date in bottom right corner but I believe it says 11/8/85. London Ontario Canada to Our Brother to dear with Frannie & Ellen Allen best wishes 11/8/85

Fanny passed away on April 1, 1945.

## Andrew Allen [136]

According to Irish records Andrew was born on August 1, 1858, in Mountshannon, County Clare, Ireland. In 1874, at the age of 15, Andrew left Ireland and immigrated to Canada, eventually settling in Kincardine, Ontario. It is speculated that Andrew chose to settle in Kincardine due to it being a place where a large number of Protestants from the Galway-Clare-Tipperary region of Ireland came to settle. There were 41 such families residing there by 1881.

Andrew married Julie (Julia) E. Frost, but it is not clear as to whether that wedding took place in Ireland, Canada, or some place in between.

After arriving in Canada, Andrew was employed as a railway engineer.

Andrew is said to have been a very charitable man, making a home not just for his wife and their three children, but also for his three spinster sisters, Mary [131], Fanny [135], and Ellen. Also, when William Flynn was killed in a train accident, leaving his daughter Helena a widow with three young children, Andrew took them into his home. All family members were identified as living in Andrew's home in 1901.

Andrew died in Kincardine on December 12, 1937.

## Helena Jane Allen [1361]

Andrew and Julia's eldest child was Helena Jane [1361], who was born in July of 1882. Helena married the above-mentioned William Flynn on September 24, 1907, in Kincardine. Helena and William had three children prior to William's accidental death on February 2, 1912.

Helena and William's first child was Randolph [13611], who was born in April of 1908. The only other information found about Randolph was his date of death, which was December 17, 1982.

Helena and William's second child was Aileen Julia [13612], who was born on December 26, 1908, in Biddulph, Middlesex, Ontario. Aileen married Wilbert Randolph Nicholson on May 10, 1930, in Toronto, Ontario. Aileen died on March 20, 1982, and Randolph on April 5, 1982. They are buried in Sebright United Church Cemetery, at Rama, Simcoe, Ontario.

Aileen and Randolph had three children.

- Donald [136121]
- Allen [136122]
- Doris [136123]

The last child of Helena and William's was Hilda Evelyn [13613], who was born July 11, 1911. Hilda married H. Alexander Nesbitt in Kincardine, on September 2, 1939. The following newspaper article was written about their wedding:

## Nesbitt-Flynn Kincardine Vows

Choir Guard of Honor for  
Bride at Wedding

KINCARDINE, Sept. 7.—At the Church of the Messiah, Miss Hilda Evelyn Flynn, younger daughter of Mrs. Helena Flynn, was married to Howard Alexander Nesbitt, Toronto, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Nesbitt. Rev. W. H. Hartley officiated.

Given in marriage by her great-uncle, Robert Allen, the bride wore a gown of white peau de soie taffeta made with a train, fitted bodice with sweetheart neckline, and long finger-tip veil of French tulle caught with gardenias. She carried an arm bouquet of Better Time roses and lily-of-the-valley, and wore a cameo locket, the gift of the groom. She was attended by Mrs. Richard McKay in blue net over taffeta, with dusky pink accessories and butterfly roses. Sam Nesbitt attended his brother and the ushers were M. A. Bennett and J. A. Reynolds. During the signing of the register the church choir, of which the bride was a member, sang, and as the couple left the church formed a guard of honor.

A reception followed at the home of the bride's mother, who received in black velvet and sheer, with corsage of roses and lily-of-the-valley. The groom's mother wore brown sheer and Tallman roses. Later, Mr. and Mrs. Nesbitt left for a motor trip, the bride travelling in a green suede wool with raspberry accessories. They will live in Toronto.

*From Newspapers.com*

Hilda passed away at Lucknow, Bruce, Ontario, in 2005.

Hilda and Alex had two children.

The first child was Jane Ann [136131], who married William Sibil in Toronto, Ontario, in August 1965. Jane and William had two children, a girl and a boy.

- Renner [1361311]
- Kyle [1361312]

Hilda and Alex's second child was David Allen [136132], who married Donna Eby on June 10, 1973, in Clarkson, Ontario. David and Donna had one child.

- Christine Elizabeth [1361321]

After moving in with her parents, Andrew and Julia, following her husband William's death, Helena dedicated her life to looking after the house and its occupants. To earn income, Helena worked as a tailoress, operating from the family home.

Helena died on December 12, 1963.

## George Allen [1362]

Andrew and Julia's second child was George [1362], who was born on September 9, 1883. George died as the result of a severe scalding, on April 22, 1887, at the age of four.

## Harold Allen [1363]

Harold [1363] was the youngest child of Andrew and Julia's. He was born in May 1889, two years after George's death. Unfortunately, tragedy struck the family for a second time when Harold died in July 1889, at the age of two months, after contracting whooping cough.

## Ellen Allen [137]



Ellen Allen, the seventh child of Andrew's and Jane's, was born in Mountshannon, County Clare, Ireland, on April 10, 1861. She eventually immigrated to Canada and resided with her brother Andrew [136] in Kincardine, Ontario.

Ellen never married. She passed away in Kincardine, Bruce, Ontario on October 2, 1914, as a result of a Hemorrhage.

## Henry Allen [138]

Andrew and Julia's eighth child was Henry Allen, who was born on June 21, 1863, near St. Gamins Anglican Church, Lough Derg, on the River Shannon, near Mount Forest, County Clare, Ireland.

Henry immigrated to Canada in 1889. Henry married Margaret Jane Tighe on August 21, 1889, in Welland, Ontario. Margaret has often been referred to using either her middle name Jane or sometimes referred to as Jenny.

Henry and Jane had six children. He supported his family by working as a railway engineer. At one time the family lived at 139 Jepson Street, Niagara Falls, Ontario.

Henry died on February 22, 1949, and is buried in the Fairview Cemetery, Niagara Falls, Ontario.

## Edith Allen [1381]

The eldest child of Henry and Margaret's was Edith [1381], who was born on May 5, 1890 at Niagara Falls, Ontario. Edith was employed as a bookkeeper and was a member of the I.O.D.E.

Edith passed away on August 11, 1961, without ever marrying. She is buried in the regional municipality of Niagara Falls, Ontario.

## Jane Allen [1382]

Henry and Margaret's second child was Jane [1382], who was born on July 3, 1892, also in Niagara Falls. Jane, like her sister Edith, was also a spinster and never married. She worked forty-four years as a school nurse.

Jane was a life member of the Red Cross and, as acknowledgement of her thirty years of work with crippled children, was made an honorary member of the Rotary Club.

Jane passed away April 17, 1983. She is buried in the regional municipality of Niagara, Ontario.

## William Herbert Allen [1383]

Henry and Margaret's third child was William Herbert [1383], who was referred to as Herbert. There is little known about Herbert other than he died as an infant.

## William Henry Allen [1384]

Henry and Margaret's fourth child was William Henry [1384], who was born in Welland on May 9, 1896. William was confirmed as a member of the Anglican Church during the third Sunday of Trinity in 1911. As a youth, William attended public school in Port Dalhousie and secondary school in St. Catharines.

William enlisted in the military during World War I, joined the #30 Draft First Depot Battalion at Hamilton, Ontario on February 20, 1918. He received basic training at Exhibition Park in Toronto and then sailed for England from Montreal, Quebec, on June 3, 1918. After arriving at Fensham Pond Camp, in Surrey, England, William became ill and did not continue to the battle grounds in France.

After returning to Canada, William was hired by the Canadian National Railway, where he worked from May 23, 1920 until his retirement forty-one years later, on May 31, 1961.

William was a life member of the Masons Clifton Lodge #254.

William married Florence Victoria Wedge (born July 31, 1896) on June 7, 1922. William and Florence had four children.

William died in St. Catharines, Ontario, on December 8, 1982, and Florence died December 27, 1987. They are buried in Fairview Cemetery, Niagara Falls, Ontario.

William George [13841] was born November 21, 1922. William married Molly Trussell (born January 30, 1921) on September 26, 1949.

William died on March 16, 2012, in St. Catharines, Ontario.

William and Molly had two daughters.

- Peggy Judith [138411], born June 29, 1952
- Jane Elizabeth [138412], born December 29, 1954

The second child of William and Florence's was Betty Jean [13842], who was born on August 18, 1924. Betty married John B. Glasgow on April 22, 1947, in Niagara Falls, Ontario. They moved to Lewiston, New York, on October 28, 1948.

Prior to marrying, John served in the United States Navy, during the Second World War.

Betty and John were killed in a traffic accident in Lewiston on February 9, 1985. They were survived by two sons.

- John Brian [138421], born May 24, 1948, died July 15, 1988, Lewiston, New York, USA
- Mark [138422]

William and Florence's third child was Robert Henry [13843], who was born on January 30, 1925, in Niagara Falls, Ontario, Canada. Robert married J. Dixon. Robert and his wife had two daughters.

- Susan [138431], born May 23, 1952
- Sheila [138432], born April 5, 1959

Robert died on September 14, 2007, in Largo, Florida, USA.

William and Florence's youngest child was Eric James [13844], who was born on September 10, 1927. Eric married a woman with the surname Eccles. Eric and his wife had two sons.

- David [138441], born May 28, 1955
- Jeryl Lynn [138442], born January 6, 1958

### George Andrew Allen [1385]

The fifth child of Henry and Margaret's was George Andrew [1385], who was born on March 6, 1899, in Welland Ontario, Canada. George married Winifred Green (born November 29, 1900), on June 24, 1936, at Stamford, Welland, Ontario, Canada. George and Winifred had an adopted son.

During his life, George was active in politics. He was a Justice of the Peace, member of the Niagara Falls City Council, and served fifty years as a Mason.

George passed away on December 8, 1973, and is buried at Fairview Cemetery, Niagara Falls, Ontario, Canada. Winnifred later died on May 28, 1988.

### Evelyn Muriel Allen [1386]

The youngest child of Henry and Margaret's was Evelyn Muriel [1386], who was born on January 17, 1906, in Port Dalhousie. During her life, Evelyn was President and life member of the Anglican Church Women; President of the Women's Progressive Conservative Association; and President of the Stamford Chapter I.O.D.E.

Evelyn married George Alexander Sexsmith, in Niagara Falls, Ontario, on July 6, 1929. They settled in Niagara Falls, New York.

Evelyn and George raised two children.

The first was Richard Allen [13861], who was born on April 29, 1930. Richard married Martha Horweath of Koln Germany (born January 2, 1929).

Evelyn and George's second child, Joyce Ann, was adopted. Joyce married A. VandenNest. Joyce and her husband had one child, Michelle, born October 10, 1980.

Evelyn passed away in Niagara Falls, Ontario, on May 19, 1997. She is buried in the Lundy's Lane Cemetery, in Niagara Falls.

### George Allen [139]

The ninth child of Andrew and Jane was their son George, who was born on March 16, 1866, at Mountshannon, County Clare, Ireland. George immigrated to Canada in 1884, at the age of 16. He married an Ontario farm girl by the name of Elizabeth MacKenzie, in Turnberry Township, Huron, County, on September 18, 1895. Elizabeth was born November 14, 1870.

George and Elizabeth raised five children, two sons and three daughters. George supported them, first as a railway engineer, employed by G.I. Railway, and later as a police officer in the town of Wingham, Ontario. George was a member of the Masonic Lodge and Oddfellows Lodge.

George passed away on September 5, 1953, and Elizabeth on January 29, 1962. They are buried in the Wingham Cemetery, in Wingham, Ontario.

### Marion (Nellie) Allen [1391]

George and Elizabeth's eldest child was Marion (Nellie) [1391]. Nellie's was born on October 24, 1896, in London, Ontario, Canada. She died in Detroit, Michigan, on April 12, 1947.

Nellie married Alfred Agnew on October 24, 1927, in Huron, Ontario. Nellie and Alfred had one son, Alan [13911]. Alan had one daughter.

### **Irene Allen [1392]**

The second child of George and Elizabeth's was Irene [1392], who was born July 19, 1898, in London Ontario. Irene married Wilfred Wallace. Irene passed away on June 8, 1968, without having any children.

### **Viola May McKenzie Allen [1393]**

George and Elizabeth's third child was May [1393], who was born on May 14, 1901, in Wingham, Ontario. May married D. Bertram Porter on October 27, 1932. May and Bertram had one son, George [13931], who was born April 1, 1934.

May passed away on January 27, 1991, and is buried in Wingham Cemetery, Wingham, Ontario.

George had two children.

- James Roy [139311], born July 10, 1962
- David [139312], born May 5, 1965.

### **James Roger Allen [1394]**

George and Elizabeth's fourth child was James [1394], who was born on June 27, 1903, in Huron County, Ontario. James and his wife, Peggy, raised two adopted sons. James served as an Anglican minister in Pointe Claire, Quebec. He died in May of 1968.

### **George Clive Allen [1395]**

The youngest child of George and Elizabeth's was George [1395], who was born in Wingham, Ontario on June 3, 1911. George married Mary McDonough of Detroit, Michigan, and had no family

George died on December 20, 1990, In Harbor Beach, Michigan, USA..

### **Robert A. Allen [13(10)]**

Andrew and Jane's youngest child was Robert [13(10)], who was born on August 22, 1868, in Cloonamirran, County Clare, Ireland. Robert and his wife, Mary Isabella Hanna, settled in Wingham, Ontario, where they lived until Robert's death in 1954.

### **John Andrew Allen [13(10)1]**

Robert and Mary raised two sons. The eldest was John [13(10)1], who was born on August 7, 1896 in Wingham, Huron East, Ontario, Canada.

John enlisted in the military on March 19, 1916, in Wingham. At the time he was living in Seaforth, Ontario. John served with the 161<sup>st</sup> Battalion in France. He was discharge on January 30, 1919, as he was considered "medically unfit for further general service". He held the rank of C. Q. M. Sergeant.

John married Agnes Hannah Sproat in York, Ontario on April 17, 1924. John and Agnes lived in North Bay Ontario. John passed away in 1961.

## George Redvers Allen [13(10)2]

The second son of Robert and Mary's was George [13(10)2], who was born in February 28, 1900, in Wingham, Huron East, Ontario, Canada. George never married and worked for the Walter Thompson Advertising Agency, in Chicago, Illinois, where he was a commercial artist.

George had created some legacies. When George made a visit to Mountshannon in 1964, he donated to the family church an altar cloth for the Holy Table and flower vases. In the Wingham Museum there is the George Allen Room, which contains a collection of bird carvings donated by George.

George passed away on March 17, 1978, in Wingham.

## The Family of Alexander Allen [14]



It is open to debate as to whether Alexander is the son of John Allen as there is conflicting information as to who his parents were. There are records suggesting that he was the son of John Allen and Rebecca Williams, as earlier described but there are also records to the contrary.

Some records indicate that Alexander was born on May 2, 1827, in Mountshannon, County Galway, Ireland, while other reports, including his obituary and tombstone, suggest he was born in Tubbercurry, County Sligo. County Sligo is also where Alexander's half-brother, John [11], was said to be born.

A search of the genealogical records on FamilySearch.org agrees that Alexander's father is John Allen but suggests that his mother was Mary McKenzie. There is also a marriage register that indicates the father of Alexander Allen being George Allen, a file maker.

I have also come across an interesting recount of a story that was told to George Littleton Allen by his mother Harriet, which raises more questions.

Alexander leased accommodation in the village of Mountshannon from Margaret Turner. The Griffith's Valuation only identified the property as 24 - 33.

**VALUATION OF TENEMENTS.**  
**PARISH OF INISHCALTRA.**

No. and Letters of Reference to Map.	Names.		Description of Tenement.	Area.	Rateable Annual Valuation.		Total Annual Valuation of Rateable Property.
	Townlands and Occupiers.	Immediate Lessors.			Land.	Buildings.	
	<b>MOUNTSHANNON</b> <i>—continued.</i>			A. R. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	<b>VILLAGE OF MOUNTSHANNON.</b>						
— 32	John Cunningham.	William Coghlan.	Ho., yard, & sm. garden.	—	—	0 10 0	0 10 0
— 33	John Durack.	Mary Tundy.	Ho., off., yard, & garden.	0 1 2	0 7 0	1 13 0	2 0 0
— 34	Margaret Turner.	Same.	Ho., off., yard, & garden.	0 3 8	1 0 0	4 0 0	5 0 0
— 35	Alexander Allen.	Margaret Turner.	House.	—	—	1 15 0	1 15 0
— 36	James Bouchier, sen.	Mary Tundy.	Ho., off., yard, & garden.	1 0 3	1 2 0	2 18 0	4 0 0
— 37	Thos. M'Namara (farmer)	Same.	House, office, yd., & land.	6 3 28	5 10 0	4 0 0	9 10 0
— 38	Lodgers.	Same.	House and yard.	—	—	1 15 0	1 15 0
			Waste of houses, yds., &c.	2 3 13	—	—	—

Section 24 is identified on the map below.



Alexander lived through the gate and down the lane. The photo was taken in November 2016.



The residence in November 2016 that stood on the original site.

## The Family of Ellen Allen [15]

Ellen is thought to have been born around 1829 in County Galway, Ireland. Ellen married Andrew Carroll in Mountshannon, on October 30, 1848.

Ellen and Andrew moved to Australia as assisted immigrants, arriving in New South Wales, on April 8, 1852. They sailed from Plymouth, England on November 21, 1851, aboard the Agincourt. Ellen and Andrew arrived in Sydney on April 8, 1852, but were held in quarantine until April 15<sup>th</sup>. Andrew was reported as being age 26 and Ellen age 25 at the time of their arrival. 225 migrants and 4 convicts were logged as having made the voyage on the 669-ton barque.

The shipping list from their voyage indicated that Ellen's father, John [1], was deceased prior to them setting sail for Australia.

The emigration records are below.

CARROLL Andrew

Year of Departure: 1852

Age: 26

Residence: Mountshannon

Parents: James / Anne xx - both dead.

Wife = Ellen, age 25 on board.

Religion: C of E.

Ship = Agincourt

CARROLL Ellen

Year of Departure: 1852  
Age: 25  
Residence: Mountshannon  
Parents: John ALLEN / Rebecca F dead;  
Marriage location: M at Mt Shannon  
Husb = Andrew, age 26 on Board.  
Religion: C of E.  
Ship = Agincourt

Ellen was literate but Andrew was not. Andrew was described as a labourer. Both Ellen and Andrew were the first members of their respective families to arrive in Australia.

The agent for Immigration to the Colonial Secretary, in his report to the Governor General on the arrival of the Agincourt, best depicts what it was like for Ellen and Andrew at the time they made their voyage to Australia.

*Colonial Secretary, N.S.W. Immigration Register 4614*

*Immigration Office*

*Sydney 27<sup>th</sup> May, 1852*

*Sir, I do myself the honour to submit the following report on the Immigrants by the ship "Agincourt" for the information of His Excellency the Governor General.*

- 1. The "Agincourt" arrived in Port Jackson on the 1<sup>st</sup> March last with the number of Immigrants noted in the margin, (37 families, 43 single females, 42 single males) but in consequence of fever of a typhoid character prevailing on board, she was placed in quarantine. The immigrants were landed at the Quarantine Ground and were divided into two parties. The sick convalescent and debilitated with their attendants were lodged in the Lazarette under the charge of Mr. Parr the Surgeon Superintendent of the Vessel, and the remainder were placed at the healthy station under the charge of Mr. Besley, who arrived in the Colony as Surgeon Superintendent of the ship "Neptune".*
- 2. From a report made to me by the Surgeon Superintendent it would appear that that officer attributes the probable cause of the disease to the bad assortment of clothing with which the Irish immigrants were supplied as well as the generally dirty habits of many of them. He entirely exonerates the owners and officers of the vessel from any blame in respect to the breaking out of the disease on board and in this view of the case I quite agree with Mr. Parr. I propose however to institute a further inquiry relative to the probable cause of the disease on the release of Mr. Parr from Quarantine, the result of which I shall communicate to you for His Excellency's information.*
- 3. I enclose a list of births and deaths on the Voyage, as well as of the deaths in Quarantine.*
- 4. The ship and the healthy immigrants were released from quarantine on the 8<sup>th</sup> ultimo, and were immediately brought up to Sydney, when the families and single males were put on board the ship and the single females were removed to the Institution.*
- 5. The ship was in a cleanly state and appeared well suited for the Service in which she was employed.*
- 6. The provisions and water proved to be of good quality, and were stated by the Surgeon in his report to the Government to have been issued according to the forescribed scale.*
- 7. The Immigrants were individually examined by the Immigration Board in accordance with the practice here, and they expressed themselves fully satisfied with the treatment which they had received from the Master and Officers of the Vessel during the voyage. Some of them however complained that the Surgeon Superintendent had used irritating and abusive language to them, that he had in some instances on the passage neglected the sick and that he was a person of intemperate habits.*
- 8. Mr. Parr being then as well as now at the Quarantine Ground in charge of the sick immigrants by the "David McIvor" which charge he undertook at the instance of the Health Officer, the Board were unable to do more*

*relative to those complaints than to assure the parties, who made them, that they should be enquired into on the arrival of Mr. Parr in Sydney. The result of that Enquiry I shall forward for His Excellency's information as early as practicable.*

9. *Mr. and Mrs. Huntley, the Schoolmaster and Matron appointed by the Commissioners appeared to have discharged their duties in a most efficient manner and notwithstanding that the progress of the school was for a time impeded by the illness of Mr. Huntley, who was unfortunately attacked with fever, he succeeded in advancing the education of many on board. Indeed, it is much to be regretted that the services of such persons cannot always be secured for Emigrant Vessels.*
10. *Some of the Emigrants by this vessel were evidently disqualified for assisted passages. I shall prepare and forward to you a List of them for transmission to the colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners. One case however, that of a family named Donelan appears to me to require special notice here, as it is quite evident that an imposition has been practised on the authorities at home. When examined by the Board Donelan stated that he had formerly occupied a farm on 150 acres, but that latterly he only occupied a small one that his daughters were never in Service and did not intent to take Service here, that he was offered an appointment of £300 per annum by the Marquis of Clanrickaade and that his son James, who died in Quarantine had been a clerk in the Glasgow Post Office for three years on a salary of £150 a year. He acknowledged to the Board that he brought £100 with him to the Colony, but he is supposed to be possessed for considerably more. From a perusal of the Surgeon's Journal, it will be observed that this family gave him much trouble on the voyage, particularly the sons and daughters, who looking on themselves to be superior to the other Emigrants, refused to perform any of the menial duties required of them on the passage.*
11. *The misconduct of several of the Immigrants on the Voyage is strongly commented on by the Surgeon Superintendent both in his Journal and his official Reports to the Government, and had not the Immigrants been detained for so long a time in Quarantine, and Dr. Parr been prevented from coming to Sydney with them by being appointed to the charge of the immigrants by another vessel which was also placed in Quarantine, I should have felt it my duty to have instituted proceedings against them under the provisions of the Passengers Act with a view to their being punished.*
12. *The Surgeon Superintendent states that he at all times received the cordial co-operation of the Master and Officers of the Vessel enforcing the observance of the Regulations.*
13. *The principal diseases as reported by the Surgeon were measles and fever.*

*I have etc.*

*"Signed" H. H. Browne*

A follow-up report said that Dr. Parr considered the fever was produced by the extent of sickness amongst the emigrants during the early part of the voyage and not to any fault either of the ship itself or with the provisions or medical comforts.

Dr. Parr was cleared of charges made against him by some passengers but was censured for occasionally letting "his temper rule superior to his judgement".

After arriving in Australia, Ann and Andrew were recorded as living in Botany in 1852; at 110 Liverpool Street, Darlinghurst in 1863; and 406 Liverpool Street, Darlinghurst in 1871 and 1872. There is also record of them living at 7 Little Surrey Street, Darlinghurst, but the time spent there is unknown.

Ellen and Andrew had six children. The first two are believed to have been born and died as infants prior to Ellen and Andrew leaving for Australia. No details about either child have ever been discovered.

Ellen died on August 18, 1907, at the age of 84. Her and her family were buried in Camperdown Cemetery, Camperdown, NSW, Australia.

## Rebecca Carroll [153]

The first child of Ellen and Andrew's having information recorded is for whom is thought to be their third child, Rebecca [143]. Rebecca was born in Sydney, Australia on May 20, 1852, and was baptised on May 30<sup>th</sup> that same year, in the historic St. James Church, in Sydney.

Rebecca died as a child in 1858, in Sydney.

## Ellen Carroll [154]

The fourth child of Ellen and Andrew's was Ellen [144]. Ellen was born in February 1854, in Sydney. She also died as young child on August 23, 1858.

## Anne Carroll [155]

Ellen and Andrew's fifth child was Anne [145], who was born on December 6, 1858. Anne was the only child to attain adulthood. She was married twice, first to George Murdoch, a train driver.

Annie and George had three children.

After the death of George on April 4, 1890, Annie remarried. Her second husband was Samuel Mason. At the time of their marriage in 1892, in Balmain North, New South Wales, Samuel was a cab proprietor. Annie had three additional children with Samuel.

Annie and Samuel are said to have resided at several addresses. The first was 120 Dowling Street, Darlinghurst in 1902; 7 Little Surrey Street, Darlinghurst, in 1903; Whitehead's Terrace, 6 Hordern Street, Newtown, from 1903 to 1904; 35 High Holborn Street, Sydney, in 1906; Mayville, Clevedon Road, Hurstville, in 1908; 11 Yabsley Avenue, Marrickville, in 1917; and Mayville 4 Evaline Street, Campsie, in 1925.

Annie is said to have been somewhat of a tyrant, ruling the Murdoch and Mason households with a "rod of iron". She sadly spent the last days of her life in a mental institution, passing away in Rydalmere, in Sydney.

## George David Murdoch [1551]

The eldest child of Annie and George's was George Jr. [15511], who was born in 1882. George did not survive childhood as he passed away on September 8, 1889. George's death notice, published on Saturday September 21, 1889, in *The Observer*, read as follows:

*MURDOCH – On September 8, 1889, at the residence of his grandfather in Newcastle, George David Murdoch, only son of George Murdoch of Balmain, in his seventh year, after a short illness.*

## Barbara Alexina Murdoch [1552]

Annie and Georges second child was Barbara Alexina [1552], who was born in 1885. Barbara married a seaman by the name of Herbert Gibson in 1934, in Canterbury, New South Wales. There is no record of Barbara and Henry having any children. Barbara passed away in 1946.

## May Elizabeth Murdoch [1553]



Annie and George's third child was May Elizabeth [1553], who was born in 1888. May was married in 1905 to Tomi Sato, a Japanese gentleman. This caused a great deal of turmoil with May's mother Annie. In order to pacify Annie's rage,

May had to agree not to use her married name on the voters lists and other public records.

May and Tomi had two children.

The first was Charles Henry [15531], who lived from 1906 to October 4, 1975, and Allen Herbert [15532], born in 1923.

Annie's prejudices even affected her grandsons. Charles is said to have been Annie's favourite and as a result, was kept at home and forced to use the surname of Mason. Allen on the other hand, worked on a farm and was known by his proper surname.

May and Tomi's son Charles married and had three children. Unfortunately, the only one who has been identified is David Sato [155311]. Although the identification system indicates David as the eldest, it is not certain what his order of birth was.

May and Tomi's second son, Allen, married Hazel. Allen and Hazel had two sons. The first was John Allen [155321], who in turn, has a son Michael Allen [1553211].

Allen and Hazel's second son was Bret Allen [155322].

May died in 1958.

### **Samuel Anderson Mason [1554]**

Annie and Samuel's first child together was Samuel Anderson [1554]. Samuel Jr. was born in 1894 and died on June 16, 1903.

### **Frances A. Mason [1555]**

Annie and Samuel's second child was Frances [1555], who was born in 1896. A date of death for Frances has not been determined.

### **Florence Jane Mason [1556]**

Annie and Samuel's third child, and Annie's sixth child, was Florence Jane [1556]. Florence was born in 1899 but died as an infant on July 6, 1901.

### **James Carroll [156]**

Ellen and Andrew's youngest child, James [156], was born on February 16, 1862, in Sydney, New South Wales, Australia, but died less than a year later, on January 29, 1863. He was buried on January 30, in Sydney.

## George Allen [16]

George Allen's relationship to the family is somewhat in question. There are records that both suggest that he and isn't the son of John and Rebecca.

George was born on February 19, 1830. According to his nephew G. L. Allen, George immigrated to Mount Forest Ontario, Canada, where he met and married Elizabeth (Eliza) Ellen Thompson.

George and Eliza had two children,

Mary J. Allen [161] was born in Ontario in May of 1882. Mary died in 1968, at age 86.

Mary Jane Allen [162] was born in Ontario in 1886. Coincidentally she passed away in 1928, the same year as her father.

It is interesting and odd that both daughters were Mary J. It is very uncommon for this to occur. I have only seen this occur when the first child has passed away prior to the second child bearing the same name, being born. I am therefore left to wonder whether these individuals are one and the same, or whether the name of one is not actually Mary.

George passed away on May 18, 1928, at the age of 98. Elizabeth survived until June 4, 1929, when she passed away at the age of 81.

## Susannah Allen [17]

John and Rebecca's youngest child was Susannah, who was born in Mountshannon, Galway, Ireland, in 1837. Susannah migrated to Australia, arriving September 15, 1857. There she met and married George Reid on July 23, 1837, in Kiama, New South Wales, Australia. Susannah and George had 4 children, William John [151], George [152], Andrew (Dan) [153] and Elizabeth Rebecca [154].

The emigration record for Susannah's migration to Australia is listed below.

Name: ALLEN, Susannah  
Year: 1857  
Age: 20  
Residence: Mountshannon  
Parents: John / Rebecca Father dead; Mother at Mt. Shannon  
Sister: Ellen CARROLL, at Taylor's Lane  
Ship = Admiral Lyons  
Destination: South Head Rd, Sydney.

Susannah passed away December 10, 1906, at Surry Hills, Sydney, NSW, Australia.

## William John Reid [171]

William was the eldest child of Susannah and George's. William was born on April 30, 1876, in Kiama, NSW, Australia. He died in the Rookwood Asylum, in Lidcombe, Australia, on November 22, 1876. William is buried in Rookwood Cemetery, Section E, Row 9, Sydney, Australia.

## George Reid [172]

The second child of Susannah and George's was George, who was born in 1861 in Kiama, NSW, Australia. George died while a resident at Rockwood Asylum, in Lidcombe, on Christmas Eve 1916.

## Andrew Dan Reid [173]

The third child of Susannah and George's was Andrew (Dan), who was born June 30, 1863, in Red Bank Muldee, NSW, Australia. Andrew married twice, first to Margaret McDonough in 1888, and second to Catherine (Kate) Anastasia Lenehan, on February 25, 1896. Dan and Margaret had 6 children, Susannah Ellen [1531], Alma Gladys [1532], Hilda E. [1533], Clifton Andrew [1534], Bessie Kathleen [1535], and Jessie Eileen [1536]

Dan died on September 10, 1936, in Woronora, Australia.

## Susannah Ellen Reid [1731]

The eldest child of Dan and Margaret's was Susannah Ellen, who was born in 1890. She died as a youth on November 10, 1904

## Alma Gladys Reid [1732]

The second child of Dan's but first child of Kate's was Alma Gladys, born in 1896.

### **Hilda Elizabeth Reid [1733]**

Hilda, like Alma, was born in 1896. This would suggest that that they were twins.

Hilda married Arthur G. Frost, in Sydney, N.S.W., in 1917.

Hilda passed away in Sydney in 1957.

### **Clifton Andrew Reid [1734]**

The fourth child of Dan's and third of Kate's was Clifton, who was born in 1899. Clifton married Vera Irene Fogwell, but they never had any children.

Vera passed away on February 14, 1970. Clifton died on June 19, 1974.

### **Bessie Kathleen Reid [1735]**

Bessie was born in 1901 but died in 1902.

### **Jessie Eileen Reid [1736]**

The last child of Dan and Kate's was Jessie Eileen, who was born on November 16, 1904. She married Louis Da Costa. Jessie died in 1979.

### **Elizabeth Rebecca Reid [174]**

The youngest child of Susannah and George was Elizabeth, who was born in Concord, NSW, in 1865. She died as a young child in Sydney, on March 25, 1867, and was buried in Sydney on April 27<sup>th</sup> of that year at Camperdown Cemetery, Newton, City of Sydney.

## Conclusion

Since the birth of John Allen some 200 years ago many things have changed; politics, economics, science, medicine, and technology. However, some things never change. Joy is still experienced with the miracle of birth and personal triumph; sadness and grief overwhelm us with death, or other tragedies that plague every family at one time or other.

Each family unit, from the time of John Allen to the present, has been motivated to take whatever actions deemed necessary to provide the best possible life for the family.

Woven throughout the preceding pages are moments of happiness and achievement, as well as those of great sadness and deep personal tragedy. One thing for certain is that each family member has contributed something to enrich the lives of those whom they came to know and love.

With these thoughts in mind, this work is dedicated to both the youth and the aged who have passed on, in order that they may not be forgotten with the passage of time. Our ancestors helped to shape the future, which is now our past and present, as well as who we have become today. Like our ancestors, we too will influence future generations.

## Final Thoughts

How much of an individual's personality and character is a result of who her or his ancestors were? Does history truly repeat itself? My observation from over 40 years of genealogical research, involving some 1,700 individuals, suggests that it does.

A person's current station or status in society seems inherent on their past. Do genes and DNA determine how successful or influential you are or whether you claim notoriety? If your family has a past of including community, business or military leaders, or held other positions of influence, these traits seem to be inherent in today's generation of family members.

Is success at least partially inherent in your genes; is it simply a result of expectations and carrying out the actions and lifestyle of that to which these individuals are accustom, basically just living in the world they are familiar with; or is it simply the result of personal motivation, opportunity and/or luck?

Whatever the reasons, it seems evident that if your forefathers held positions of power and/or influence, chances are that your parents, their siblings or members of your immediate family held or hold such positions today. The opposite also seems to hold true. We become what we learn.

## Appendixes

### Irish Historical Highlights

The tables below provide a brief outline of a number of significant historical events that took place during the period that the Allen family is expected to have resided in Ireland. These would have had impact and influence over those who experienced them.

#### 15th Century

Year	Date	Event
1490		An earthquake takes place at Sliabh Gamh in County Mayo.
1494	1 December	Edward Poyning, Henry VII of England's Lord Deputy to Ireland, issued a declaration known as Poyning's Law under which the Parliament of Ireland was to pass no law without the prior consent of the English parliament.
1497		Famine throughout Ireland.

#### 16th Century

Year	Date	Event
1534	11 June	Thomas FitzGerald, the 10th Earl of Kildare, publicly renounced his allegiance to Henry VIII of England.
1537	3 February	FitzGerald was hanged, drawn, and quartered at Tyburn.
1542		The Irish parliament passed the Crown of Ireland Act, which established a Kingdom of Ireland to be ruled by Henry VIII and his successors.
1569-1573		First Desmond Rebellion carried out by the Fitzgeralds of Desmond and allied clans
1570	25 February	Pope Pius V issued a papal bull, Regnans in Excelsis, declaring Elizabeth I of England a heretic and releasing her subjects from any allegiance to her.
1575	May-Aug	Drought which resulted in disease and plague.
1579	16 July	Second Desmond Rebellion: James FitzMaurice FitzGerald, a cousin of the 15th Earl of Desmond, landed a small force of rebels at Dingle.
1594		The Nine Years' War commences in Ulster, as Hugh O'Neill and Red Hugh O'Donnell rebel against Elizabeth I's authority in Ulster.

#### 17th Century

Year	Date	Event
1607	14 September	The Flight of the Earls: The departure from Ireland of Hugh O'Neill, 2nd Earl of Tyrone and Rory O'Donnell, 1st Earl of Tyrconnell.
1608		O'Doherty's Rebellion organized by Sir Cahir O'Doherty

Year	Date	Event
1609		Plantation of Ulster by Scottish Presbyterians began on a large scale.
1641	22 October	Irish Rebellion of 1641: Phelim O'Neill led the capture of several forts in the north of Ireland.
1642-1652		Irish Confederate Wars: The Irish Catholic Confederation was established, under the nominal overlordship of Charles I of England, with its capital at Kilkenny.
1646	28 March	The Supreme Council of the Irish Catholic Confederation signed an agreement with a representative of Charles I, which procured some rights for Catholics in return for their military support of the royalists in England.
		The members of the Supreme Council were arrested. The General Assembly renounced the agreement with England.
1647		A more favorable agreement was reached with Charles's representative, which promised toleration of Catholicism, a repeal of Poyning's Law, and recognition of lands taken by Irish Catholics during the war.
1689-1691		Williamite War initiated by the Irish Catholics

## 18th Century

Year	Date	Event
1740		Extreme winters in successive years result in poor harvests, causing a large-scale famine in which between 310,000 and 480,000 died.
1760	February	Battle of Carrickfergus: A French invasion.
1782		After agitation by the Irish Volunteers, the Parliament of Great Britain passed a number of reforms - including the repeal of Poyning's Law - collectively referred to as the Constitution of 1782.
1796	December	Expédition d'Irlande: Attempted French invasion.
1798	24 May	Battle of Ballymore-Eustace: A miscarried surprise attack on the British garrison at Ballymore in County Kildare was counterattacked and defeated.
	22 August	Irish Rebellion of 1798: One thousand French soldiers landed at Kilcummin in support of the rebellion.
	27 August	Battle of Castlebar: A combined French Irish force defeated a vastly numerically superior British force at Castlebar.
Irish Rebellion of 1798: The Republic of Connacht was proclaimed at Castlebar. First United Irishmen rebellion		
1799-1803		Michael Dwyer's guerrilla campaign

## 19th Century

Year	Date	Event
1801	1 January	Acts of Union 1800 passed. The Kingdom of Ireland is annexed to Great Britain. 'United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland is formed.
1803	23 July	Second United Irishmen rebellion: The Irish nationalist Robert Emmet attempted to seize Dublin Castle.
1829	24 March	Catholic Emancipation: The Catholic Relief Act 1829 was passed, which allowed Catholics to sit in Parliament.
1831	3 May	Tithe War: A force of one hundred and twenty armed police forcibly took possession of cattle belonging to a Roman Catholic priest in lieu of his compulsory tithe to the Anglican Church of Ireland.
1834	17 December	Dublin and Kingstown Railway is opened as the first commercial railway in Ireland.
1836		Tithe War: The passage of the Tithe Commutation Act 1836 reduced the amount of the tithe and changed the manner of payment, which largely ended the unrest
1845-1849		Great Irish Famine: A potato blight destroyed two-thirds of Ireland's staple crop and led to an estimated 1 million deaths and emigration of a further 1 million people.
1848		The Young Irelander Rebellion
1867	5 March	Fenian Rising by the Fenian Brotherhood

## 20th Century

Year	Date	Event
1913	19 August	A Dublin businessman, William Martin Murphy, fired forty workers he suspected of belonging to the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union (ITGWU).
	26 August	Dublin Lockout: The ITGWU went on strike.
1914	18 January	Dublin Lockout: The Trades Union Congress (TUC) rejected a call by the ITGWU to go on strike in their support. The strikers quit the union and returned to work.
	18 September	Government of Ireland Act, offering Irish Home Rule, passed but application simultaneously postponed for the duration of World War I.[27]
1916	24 April	Easter Rising: The Irish Republican Brotherhood led an action which seized key government buildings in Dublin, and issued the Proclamation of the Irish Republic.
	29 April	Easter Rising: The leader of the uprising ordered his followers to surrender.
1918	18 April	Acting on a resolution of Dublin Corporation, the Lord Mayor convenes a conference at the Mansion House to devise plans to resist

Year	Date	Event
		conscription.
	14 December	A general election returns a majority for Sinn Féin.
1919	21 January	The First Dáil of the Irish Republic meets and issues a Declaration of Independence from the UK.
	21 January	Irish War of Independence: Volunteers of the Army of the Irish Republic kill two members of the Royal Irish Constabulary in what is considered to be the first act of the War of Independence.
1921	3 May	Northern Ireland is established.
	6 December	Irish War of Independence: The War of Independence ends when negotiations between the British government and representatives of the de facto Irish Republic conclude with the signing of the Anglo-Irish Treaty and the creation of the Irish Free State.
1922	28 June	Irish Civil War: Bombardment by Michael Collins of Anti-Treaty forces occupying the Four Courts marks the start of the Irish Civil War.
1923	24 May	Irish Civil War: IRA Chief of Staff Frank Aiken orders volunteers to dump arms - effectively ending the Civil War.
1937	29 December	The Constitution of Ireland comes into force replacing the Irish Free State with a new state called 'Éire', or, in the English language, 'Ireland'
1949	August	The Republic of Ireland Act is signed by the President of Ireland abolishing the remaining roles of the British monarch in the Government of the Irish state.

## Family Migration Summary

Name	Departure Location	Destination	Date	Irish Historical Event
George P. Allen [111]	Unknown	Mount Forest, Wellington, Ontario, Canada	Unknown	
Lavina Emily Allen [112]	Unknown	Mount Forest, Wellington, Ontario, Canada	Unknown	
David Allen [114]	Unknown	Mount Forest, Wellington, Ontario, Canada	Unknown	
Mary Allen [122]	Mountshannon, Clare, Ireland	Liverpool, England	Before 1875	After the Fenian Rising
Herbert Henry Isaac [1221]	Liverpool, England	Hobart, Tasmania, Australia	Before 1869	
John B. Allen [123]	Mountshannon, Clare, Ireland	Liverpool, England	Before 1885	After the Fenian Rising
John B. Allen [123]	Liverpool, England	Mount Forest Ontario, Canada	April 25, 1887	
William Allen [126]	Mountshannon, Clare, Ireland	Liverpool, England	Before August 1879	After the Fenian Rising

Name	Departure Location	Destination	Date	Irish Historical Event
Annie Allen [127]	Mountshannon, Clare, Ireland	Liverpool, England	Before August 1885	After the Fenian Rising
George Lowe (Widower of Annie Allen [127])	Liverpool, England	Australia	After April 1919	After the Declaration for Independence from the United Kingdom
Margaret Frances Allen [128]	Mountshannon, Clare, Ireland	Liverpool, England	Before August 1885	After the Fenian Rising
John Allen [132]	Cappaduff, County Clare, Ireland	London, Ontario Canada	Before 1885	After the Fenian Rising
Fanny Allen [135]	Cappaduff, County Clare, Ireland	Kincardine, Ontario Canada	Before 1945	After the establishment of Erie
Andrew Allen [136]	Mountshannon, Clare, Ireland	Kincardine, Ontario Canada	1881	
Ellen Allen [137]	Mountshannon, Clare, Ireland	Kincardine, Ontario Canada	Unknown	
Henry Allen [138]	Mountshannon, Clare, Ireland	Niagara Falls, Ontario Canada	1883 c.a.	
George Allen [139]	Mountshannon, Clare, Ireland	Wingham, Ontario, Canada	Before 1870	
Robert Allen [13(10)]	Cloonamirran, County Clare, Ireland	Wingham, Ontario, Canada	Unknown	
Ellen Allen [15]	County Clare, Ireland	Plymouth, England	Before November 1851	
Ellen Allen [15]	Plymouth, England	Sydney, Australia	November 21, 1851,	
George Allen [16]	Unknown	Mount Forest, Ontario, Canada	Unknown	

## Military Service Summary

Name	Event	Regiment	Rank
Allan, Frederick Ernest [123(11)]	World War II	Royal Canadian Navy	Petty Officer
Allan, Robert Andrew James [1234]	World War I	176 Battalion, 2nd Dragoons & 12th Reserve Battalion	Private
Allan, William Henry [1233]	World War I	19 <sup>th</sup> Canadian Infantry	Private
Allen, Harry Thompson [1452]	World War II	31 <sup>st</sup> (R) Brigade Group	
Allen, John Andrew [13(10)1]	World War I	161 <sup>st</sup> Battalion	Sergeant
Allen, Norman McDonald [1442]	World War I		
Allen, William [126]	Zulu War	3rd Hussars	Private
Allen, William Henry [1384]	World War I	#30 Draft First Depot Battalion	
Cocks, Stephen Henry	World War I	England's forces	Sapper
Isaac, Herbert Henry	World War I	Australia's forces	
Lowe, Alexander Steward [1271]	World War I	1st Australian L.T.M. Battery, 1st Division, 1st Brigade	Private
Lowe, George [1272]	World War I	3rd Brigade Australian I. Forces	Corporal
Lowe, Ramsay Allan [1274]	World War I	His Majesty's Naval Department	
Lowe, Robert Ivan [1276]	World War I	3rd South Lances	Private
Moyer, John Ernest	World War II	115 Squadron, RCAF	Flying Officer

## Family Geographic Locations

The following listing has been developed with the aid of the report generator from Ancestry Family Tree software. Identified are individual events that occurred within various countries, counties and towns.

The listing is presented alphabetically by country, region, and municipality, and then alphabetically by family name, within each location.

### Australia

#### New South Wales

Fogwell, Vera Irene  
Death: 14 Feb 1970  
Haywood, Thelma Jean  
Birth: 1906  
Murdoch, Barbara Alexina  
Birth: 1885

#### Ballina

Fogwell, Vera Irene  
Birth: 1898

#### Balmain

Carroll, Anne  
Marr: 1892  
Mason, Samuel  
Marr: 1892  
Murdoch, Mary Elizabeth  
Birth: 15 Dec 1888

#### Burwood

Howes, Hilda May  
Birth: 01 Nov 1895  
Marr: 1929  
Lowe, Alexander Stewart  
Marr: 1929

#### Camperdown

Carroll, Ellen  
Death: 23 Aug 1858

#### Campsie

Murdoch, Mary Elizabeth  
Death: 01 Apr 1958

#### Canterbury

Gibson, Herbert  
Marr: 1934  
Murdoch, Barbara Alexina  
Marr: 1934

**Concord**

Lowe, Alexander Stewart  
Death: 27 Apr 1956  
Reid, Elizabeth R.  
Birth: 1865

**Double Bay**

Reid, Alma Gladys  
Death: 22 Aug 1959

**Granville**

Sato, Tomi  
Death: 09 Jan 1926

**Kiama**

Allen, Susannah  
Marr: 23 Jul 1859  
Reid, George  
Marr: 23 Jul 1859  
Reid, George  
Birth: 1861  
Reid, William John  
Birth: 30 Apr 1860

**Lakemba**

Reid, Clifton Andrew  
Death: 19 Jun 1974

**Leura**

Lowe, Ramsey Allan  
Death: 25 Oct 1951

**Paddington**

Pape, Christine  
Birth: 10 Nov 1925

**Red Bank, Mudlee**

Reid, Andrew Dan  
Birth: 30 Jun 1863

**Rockdale**

Lenehan, Catherine Anastasia  
Death: 29 Apr 1953  
Reid, Bessie Kathleen  
Birth: 1901  
Death: 12 Jan 1902

**Rockwood**

Allen, Ellen  
Death: 13 Aug 1907

**St. Peters**

Reid, Jessie Eileen  
Birth: 1904

**Surry Hills**

Allen, Susannah  
Death: 10 Dec 1906

**Sydney**

Carroll, Andrew  
Death: 02 Apr 1902

Carroll, Anne  
Marr: 1880

Carroll, James  
Birth: Feb 1862  
Death: 29 Jan 1863

Carroll, Rebecca  
Death: 1858

Frost, Arthur G.  
Marr: 1917

Haywood, Thelma Jean  
Marr: 1939

Isaac, George Herbert  
Marr: 01 Nov 1947

Lenehan, Catherine Anastasia  
Marr: 25 Feb 1896  
Birth: 1873

Lowe, Ramsey Allan  
Marr: 1939

Murdoch, George  
Marr: 1880  
Death: 05 Apr 1890

Murdoch, May Elizabeth  
Marr: 1905

Pape, Christine  
Marr: 01 Nov 1947

Reid, Andrew Dan  
Death: 10 Sep 1936  
Marr: 25 Feb 1896

Reid, Elizabeth R.  
Death: 1867

Reid, George  
Death: 10 May 1902

Reid, George  
Death: 24 Dec 1916

Reid, Hilda Elizabeth  
Death: 1957  
Marr: 1917

Reid, William John  
Death: 22 Nov 1876

Sato, Tomi  
Marr: 1905

## **Wollongong**

Howes, Hilda May

Death: 22 Apr 1959

## **Queensland**

### **Brisbane**

Lucas, Patricia Floris

Death: 08 Oct 2013

### **Tasmania**

Isaac, Gwendoline

Death: 05 Jan 2018

Pennington, Elizabeth Ida

Birth: 28 May 1899

Sheehan, George Reginald

Birth: 03 Nov 1895

### **Devonport**

Dick, Alexander

Marr: 09 Mar 1916

Dick, Harold Alexander

Birth: 27 Mar 1920

Dick, Keith Mervyn

Birth: 15 Mar 1921

Isaac, Alan Francis

Birth: 19 Dec 1912

Isaac, Sybil Ruth

Marr: 09 Mar 1916

### **East Devonport**

Dick, Sybil Margaret

Birth: 16 Jan 1917

### **Elliott**

Lucas, Robert George

Birth: 14 Oct 1909

### **Hobart**

Isaac, Florence Hilda

Birth: 13 Feb 1897

Isaac, George Albert

Birth: 11 Aug 1899

Isaac, George Herbert

Birth: 30 Dec 1923

Isaac, Herbert Henry

Marr: 14 Sep 1896

Isaac, Herbert Henry

Birth: 27 Apr 1905

Isaac, Marjory Beryl

Birth: 22 May 1902

Isaac, Roy Tasman  
Birth: 02 May 1907  
Isaac, Ruby Eileen  
Birth: 04 Jan 1904  
Isaac, Sybil Ruth  
Birth: 24 Apr 1898  
Snow, Alice Henrietta  
Marr: 14 Sep 1896

#### **Latrobe**

Isaac, Florence Hilda  
Death: 19 Apr 1916  
Isaac, Marjory Beryl  
Marr: 01 Oct 1924  
Sheehan, George Reginald  
Marr: 01 Oct 1924

#### **Launceston**

Isaac, Henry Herbert  
Birth: 02 Dec 1927  
Isaac, Terence Edric  
Birth: 10 May 1922

#### **Low Head**

Isaac, Doris Rhoda  
Birth: 19 Sep 1909

#### **Marrarah**

Isaac, Terence Edric  
Death: 09 Jul 1959

#### **Moonah**

Isaac, Herbert Henry  
Death: 01 Dec 1943  
Snow, Alice Henrietta  
Death: 23 Dec 1960

#### **New Norfolk**

Isaac, Ruby Eileen  
Death: 05 May 1960

#### **Port Frederick**

Dick, Alexander  
Birth: 10 Feb 1894

#### **Risdon**

Lucas, Robert George  
Death: 22 May 1983

#### **Scottsdale**

Isaac, Alan Francis  
Death: 29 Jan 1933

**Tullah**

Browne, Thomas Henry  
Birth: 17 Sep 1917

**West Davonport**

Isaac, Leslie Milton  
Birth: 27 Aug 1914

**Victoria**

(Roche), Thomas Roach  
Marr: 14 Jul 1900  
Barnett, Edith Marion  
Marr: 1920  
Brooks, Minnie Rosina  
Birth: 1917  
Marr: 1939  
Davis, Betty May  
Marr: 1942  
Dick, Keith Mervyn  
Marr: 1942  
Forrester, Jessie Malcolm  
Marr: 14 Jul 1900  
Isaac, Doris Rhoda  
Marr: Isaac, Henry Herbert  
Isaac, Leslie Milton  
Marr: 1939  
Isaac, Marjory Beryl  
Marr: 1941  
Johnson, Dorothy Rose  
Marr: Lowe, George  
Marr: 1920  
Lowe, George  
Marr: 1920  
Lowe, Robert Ivan  
Marr: 1925  
Lucas, Robert George  
Marr:  
Smith, Peter Alan  
Marr: 1941  
Synot, Florence Millicent  
Marr: 1925

**Abbotsford**

Isaac, Marjory Beryl  
Death: 07 Jul 1982

**Alberton**

Banks, Norman Ronald  
Death: 23 Nov 1964

**Ballarat**

Martin, Peter  
Birth: 11 Jun 1925

**Carleton**

Snow, Alice Henrietta  
Birth: 01 Apr 1877

**Benalla**

Gresham, Betty  
Birth: 19 Jul 1928

**Geelong West**

Synot, Florence Millicent  
Death: 12 Jul 1980

**Geelong**

Dick, Sybil Margaret  
Death: 19 Jul 1997  
Lowe, Robert Ivan  
Death: 01 Feb 1958

**Heidelberg**

(Roche), Thomas Roach  
Death: 1921  
Isaac, Sybil Ruth  
Death: 22 May 1945

**Horsham**

Lowe, Alan  
Birth: 19 Aug 1924

**Melbourne**

Isaac, Herbert Henry  
Death: 25 Feb 1949  
Lucus, Robert George  
Birth: 01 Sep 1943

**Neerim South**

Lowe, Jean  
Death: 04 Jun 2008

**Oakleigh**

Isaac, Leslie Milton  
Death: 26 Jul 1987

**Queenscliff**

Lowe, Annie Cable  
Death: 07 Jul 1937  
Lowe, George  
Death: 15 Oct 1934

### **Trafalgar**

Martin, Peter

Death: 18 Apr 2012

### **Vermont**

Lucus, Robert George

Death: 27 Nov 2011

### **Warragul**

Barnett, Edith Marion

Death: 19 Feb 1970

Gresham, Betty

Death:

Lowe, Alan

Death: 11 Dec 2016

Lowe, George

Death: 14 Oct 1974

### **Warrnambool**

Lowe, Jean

Birth: 28 Jan 1927

### **Yarraville**

Dick, Harold Alexander

Marr: 1941

Kennison, Kathleen Lorna

Marr: 1941

## **Canada**

Allen, Charles Derondo

Birth: 18 Jan 1868

Allen, George Wayne

Birth: 24 Apr 1907

Hill, Arthur Geoffrey

Birth: Abt 1878

## **British Columbia**

### **Burnaby**

Harper, Herbert James

Death: 01 Feb 1977

Marya

Death: 19 Feb 1979

### **Chilliwack**

Harper, Edna Ellen

Death: 15 Jan 1980

**Mount Bolduc**

Moyer, John Ernest

Death: 25 Apr 1944

**Prince George**

Magee, Cheyenne Matthew Raynor

Birth: 10 Jan 1982

Magee, Cody Riel Raynor

Birth: 01 Aug 1983

**Tabor Lake**

Magee, Cody Riel Raynor

Death: 23 Apr 1987

**Vancouver**

Dueck, Donella Pauline

Marr: 24 Aug 1986

Harper, Alfred Victor

Death: 31 Jul 1980

Robb, Stephen Andrew

Marr: 24 Aug 1986

**Manitoba****Assiniboia**

Harper, Mabel

Birth: 1895

**Neepawa**

Harper, Alfred Victor

Marr: 10 Apr 1924

Jensen, Alma Jensine

Marr: 10 Apr 1924

**Oak River RM of Blanshard**

Rowat, Eva Jane

Birth: 30 Nov 1899

**Winnipeg**

Robb, Maisie Evelyn

Birth: 25 Nov 2024

**New Brunswick****Renforth**

Allen, George Littleton

Death: 14 Jul 1945

**Saint John**

Greaves, Herbert Albert Rio

Death: 20 Dec 1950

## **Nova Scotia**

### **Halifax**

Brown, Geoffrey Morris  
Birth: 12 May 1889

## **Ontario**

Allen, Annie Clarrisa  
Birth: 1906  
Allen, Ellen Louise  
Death: 1950  
Allen, Eva D.  
Birth: Feb 1898  
Allen, Mary Jane  
Birth: May 1882  
Allen, Thomas  
Birth: Jun 1895  
Allen, William Herbert  
Birth: May 1896  
Blackwell, Charles H.  
Birth: 1871  
Death: 1950  
Elliott, Orley Allen  
Death: 1954  
Flynn, William  
Birth: 08 Dec 1878  
Frost, Julie Eveline  
Birth: Apr 1861  
Morrison, Irwin Arthur  
Death: 26 May 1955  
Thompson, David Glenn  
Birth: 17 Sep 1937  
Thompson, Herbert  
Birth:

### **Ajax**

Hyatt, Frederick Allen  
Death: 11 May 1998

## **Arthur Township**

Allen, Edna Eliza  
Birth: 14 Apr 1896  
Death: 10 Feb 1926  
Allen, Ellen  
Marr: 08 Apr 1874  
Death: 14 Aug 1877  
Allen, Ellen Louise  
Birth: 04 Jun 1883  
Allen, Eliza Jane  
Birth: 15 Apr 1860  
Death: 01 Sep 1897

Allen, Eva Alberta  
Birth: 20 Jan 1897  
Allen, George Hermis  
Birth: 04 Feb 1899  
Allen, George Powell  
Marr: 29 Dec 1892  
Allen, John  
Death: 19 Jun 1910  
Allen, John Henry  
Birth: 13 Sep 1881  
Allen, Mary Ann  
Birth: 1865  
Death: 22 Nov 1892  
Allen, Robert Ernest  
Birth: 05 Sep 1887  
Allen, William Charles  
Death: 1940  
Buschlen, Alberta  
Marr: 29 Dec 1892  
Harper, Vernon Richmond  
Marr: 27 Feb 1932  
Morrison, Anne  
Birth: 17 Feb 1860  
Death: 19 May 1901  
Morrison, Ellen Reid  
Birth: 10 Jan 1865  
Death: 10 Feb 1926  
Rooney, John Henry  
Birth: 1918  
Thompson, Hugh  
Marr: 08 Apr 1874

#### **Aylmer**

Bell, Gary Christopher  
Birth: 26 Jul 1959

#### **Barrie**

Lewis, Charles Findlay  
Death: 02 Jul 2009  
Lewis, Charles Gordon Allen  
Death: 27 Sep 1957

#### **Biddulph**

Flynn, Aileen Julia  
Birth: 26 Dec 1908

#### **Brampton**

Euart, Alice Christina  
Birth: 13 Jul 1867

#### **Brockville**

Roach (Roche), Elizabeth  
Death: 07 May 1957

George, Milne  
Birth: 18 Jul 1894

**Bruce**

Flynn, Hilda Evelyn  
Birth: 11 Jul 1911

**Carleton**

Allen, Charles Euart  
Marr: 19 Jun 1926  
McElhinney, Marian  
Marr: 19 Jun 1926  
Birth: 28 May 1900

**Clifford Township**

Allen, Alexander Hildaine  
Marr: 20 May 1890  
Cheves, Margaret  
Marr: 20 May 1890

**Collingwood**

Alkenbrack, Donna Claire  
Death: 09 Sep 2014  
Rooney, Arthur Reginald  
Death: 21 Mar 2002

**Creemore**

Allen, James  
Death: 02 Jun 1894

**Dalton**

Nicholson, Wilbert Randolph  
Birth: 05 Apr 1907

**Dundas**

Allen, William Charles  
Birth: 09 Sep 1852

**East Wawanosh**

MacKenzie, Elizabeth  
Birth: 14 Nov 1870

**Fonthill**

Wedge, Florence Victoria  
Birth: 31 Jul 1896

**Goderich Township**

Porter, D. Bertram  
Birth: 02 Nov 1880

**Grimsby**

Allen, Robert Ernest  
Death: 09 Apr 1968

**Haileybury**

Allan, Thomas Stuart

Death: 14 Nov 1994

**Hamilton**

Allan, Barbara Florence Catharine

Death: 21 Jul 1985

Allan, Margaret Leita

Birth: 16 Oct 1916

Marr: 07 Jun 1941

Allan, Robert William

Birth: 25 Sep 1918

Patterson, Edwin R. E.

Marr: 07 Jun 1941

**Harriston**

Allen, William Charles

Marr: 02 Feb 1881

Morrison, Anne

Marr: 02 Feb 1881

**Harrow**

Park, Margaret

Death: 02 Feb 1932

**Hensall**

Allan, Robert William

Marr: 13 Sep 1943

Hoskin, Emily Harriet

Birth: 14 Aug 1923

Marr: 13 Sep 1943

**Huron**

Agnew, Alfred

Marr: 24 Oct 1927

Allen, James Roger

Birth: 27 Jun 1903

Allen, Marion (Nellie) E.

Marr: 24 Oct 1927

**Kent**

Carron, Mary Louise

Birth: 03 Dec 1904

**Kincardine**

Allen, Andrew

Death: 12 Dec 1937

Allen, Ellen

Death: 02 Oct 1914

Allen, Fanny

Death: 01 Apr 1945

Allen, Helena Jane  
Death: 12 Dec 1963  
Marr: 24 Sep 1907  
Allen, Mary  
Death: 30 Jul 1942  
Flynn, William  
Marr: 24 Sep 1907  
Death: 02 Feb 1912  
Frost, Julie Eveline  
Death: 11 May 1889

### **Kingston**

Allen (Allan), Margaret Leta Allen  
Death: 16 Sep 1990  
Garner, Beverly Ann  
Death: 31 Dec 2022  
McCoy, Linda Ellen  
Birth: 18 Dec 1959  
Marr: 19 Jun 1982  
Robb, David George  
Birth: 10 Feb 1957  
Marr: 19 Jun 1982  
Robb, Matthew Charles  
Birth: 24 Sep 1985  
Robb, Stephen Andrew  
Birth: 03 May 1964  
Robb, Thomas White  
Death: 27 Feb 2004

### **Lansdowne**

(Allan), George Garnet Bouchier Allen  
Marr: 27 Jun 1933  
Black, Catherine McKenzie  
Marr: 27 Jun 1933

### **Lincoln**

Allen (Allan), Alice Hanna Allen  
Marr: 26 Apr 1916  
Allen (Allan), John Stuart Allen  
Marr: 18 Nov 1915  
Allen, William Henry  
Marr: 07 Jun 1922  
Greenlaw, Frank H.  
Birth: 05 Jan 1888  
Morley, Gwendoline  
Marr: 18 Nov 1915  
Nunn, Verla Pearl  
Birth: 26 Oct 1911  
Stunt, Howard  
Marr: 26 Apr 1916  
Tighe, Margaret Jane  
Death: 07 Apr 1953

Wedge, Florence Victoria  
Marr: 07 Jun 1922

### **Listowel**

Allen, William Blair  
Death: 18 May 1993

Goodliffe, Inez  
Death: 14 Sep 2006

### **Lloydtown**

Agnew, Alfred  
Birth: 22 Apr 1888

### **London**

Allen, Carol Elizabeth  
Birth: 30 Jun 1940

Allen, George Wallace Euart  
Birth: 18 Jan 1933

Allen, Harry Thompson  
Death: 03 Mar 1984

Allen, Irene J.  
Birth: 19 Jul 1898

Allen, John  
Death: 1885

Allen, Marion (Nellie) E.  
Birth: 24 Oct 1896

Allen, Patricia Joan  
Birth: 13 Mar 1938

Allen, Sandra Darlene  
Birth: 19 Oct 1945

### **Lucknow**

Flynn, Hilda Evelyn  
Death: Abt. 2005

### **Middlesex**

Allen, John  
Marr: 27 Mar 1880

Watson, Eliza  
Marr: 27 Mar 1880  
Death:

### **Mount Forest**

Allen (Allan), Annie Ruth  
Birth: 13 Nov 1894

Allen (Allan), John Stuart  
Birth: 26 May 1888

Allen (Allan), Robert Andrew James  
Birth: 25 Feb 1892

Allen (Allan), William Henry  
Birth: 28 Jan 1890

Allen, Alexander  
Death: 30 Mar 1914

Allen, Annie Clarrisa  
Marr: 24 Sep 1930  
Allen, Austin George  
Birth: 16 Mar 1905  
Allen, Charles Euart  
Birth: 29 May 1897  
Allen, Elizabeth Ann  
Death: 01 Jan 1945  
Allen, Florence Buschlen  
Death: 1978  
Allen, Garnet H.  
Death: 1988  
Allen, George Hermis  
Death: 1995  
Allen, George Littleton  
Marr: 29 Dec 1886  
Allen, George Powell  
Death: 1950  
Allen, Harriet Abigail  
Death: 21 Nov 1957  
Allen, Harry Thompson  
Birth: 21 Sep 1901  
Allen, Helen Kathleen  
Birth: 25 Jun 1897  
Death: 1897  
Allen, Jessie Alexandria  
Birth: 30 Jun 1888  
Allen, John Cecil  
Death: 1975  
Allen, John H.  
Death: 1971  
Allen, John Herman  
Death: 1971  
Allen, John Thompson  
Birth: 25 May 1863  
Marr: 05 Sep 1888  
Allen, Laura Ellen  
Death: 29 Jul 2014  
Marr: 31 Jan 1940  
Allen, Marcella  
Birth: 01 Feb 1875  
Allen, Marjorie Alberta  
Death: 1991  
Allen, R. Ernest  
Death: 1968  
Allen, Sarah Jane  
Death: 17 Aug 1922  
Allen, Willard Charles  
Death: 1991  
Allen, William James  
Birth: 01 Jan 1866  
Buschlen, Alberta Irene  
Death: 24 Nov 1943

Elliott, Besil Dean  
Birth: 04 Sep 1954  
Death: 1982

Elliott, Robert Haddon  
Death: 19 Jul 1985

Euart, Alice Christina  
Death: 05 Oct 1924  
Marr: 05 Sep 1888

Harper, Alfred Victor  
Birth: 28 Sep 1874

Harper, Edna Ellen  
Birth: 28 Mar 1890

Harper, Herbert James  
Birth: 05 Jan 1878

Harper, Philip  
Birth: 06 Jan 1848

Harper, Vernon Richmond  
Death: 1974

Hutchinson, Alfred  
Death: 21 Oct 1931

MacGregor, Eugene E.  
Death: 1980

McRobb, Clarence Philip  
Birth: 20 Sep 1919  
Marr: 31 Jan 1940  
Death: 02 Mar 2002

Morrison, Gertrude Eliza  
Death: 18 Jun 1982

Neil, Mary Elizabeth  
Death: 1967

Rooney, Arthur Reginald  
Death: 24 Aug 1939

Rooney, Arthur Reginald  
Birth: 01 Apr 1921

Rooney, Elwood Wilford  
Death: 1993

Thompson, Harriet Anne  
Death: 26 Mar 1905

Thompson, Herbert Lee  
Marr: 24 Sep 1930

Thompson, Leonard Edward  
Death: 27 Dec 2009

Watson, Margaret Jane  
Marr: 29 Dec 1886

### **Newmarket**

Mallen (nee Payne), Valerie Janette  
Birth: 18 Nov 1956

Allan, John Robert  
Birth: 07 Oct 1944

**Niagara Falls**

Allen, Betty Jean

Birth: 18 Aug 1924

Marr: 22 Apr 1947

Allen, Edith

Birth: 05 May 1890

Death: 11 Aug 1961

Allen, Evelyn Muriel

Death: 19 May 1997

Marr: 06 Jul 1929

Allen, Henry

Death: 22 Feb 1949

Allen, Jane

Birth: 03 Jul 1892

Death: 17 Apr 1983

Allen, Robert Henry

Birth: 30 Jan 1925

Allen, William George

Birth: 21 Nov 1922

Glasgow, John B.

Marr: 22 Apr 1947

Glasgow, John Brian

Birth: 24 May 1948

Sexsmith, George

Birth: 15 Sep 1903

Marr: 06 Jul 1929

Death: 30 Dec 1983

**Niagara-on-the-Lake**

Frost, Robert

Marr: 28 Dec 1985

Garner, Beverly Ann

Marr: 10 May 1952

Raynor, Margaret Anne

Marr: 28 Dec 1985

Robb, Thomas White

Marr: 10 May 1952

**North Bay**

Allan, Margaret Leita

Death: 17 May 1987

Sproat, Agnes Hannah

Death: 1956

**Ottawa**

Allen, Patricia

Birth: 07 Aug 1927

**Oxford**

Hopkins, Charlotte Anna

Birth: 02 Aug 1874

**Paisley**

Allen, Alexina Bloxam

Birth: 04 Nov 1896

Allen, Grace Hildane

Birth: 23 Feb 1904

Allen, Marguerite Meta Clevea

Birth: 20 Jul 1891

Allen, Norman Mcdonald

Birth: 29 Jan 1895

**Peterborough**

Allen, Grace Hildane

Marr: 09 Jun 1928

Hyatt, Frederick Ernest

Marr: 09 Jun 1928

**Port Colborne**

Miller, Jeremiah David

Death: 01 Nov 2022

**Port Dalhousie**

Allen, Evelyn Muriel

Birth: 17 Jan 1906

**Rama**

Nicholson, Randolph

Death: 1982

Nicholson, Wilbert Randolph

Death: 17 Dec 1982

**Riverstown**

Allen, Alexander Hildaine

Birth: 25 May 1861

Allen, George Littleton

Birth: 24 Apr 1857

Allen, Harriet Abigail

Birth: 24 Apr 1859

Cheves, Margaret

Birth: 25 May 1861

**Scarborough**

Allan, John Robert

Marr: 16 Oct 1976

Medema, Anneke Wilma

Marr: 16 Oct 1976

**Simcoe**

Flynn, Aileen Julia

Death: 20 Mar 1982

**St Catharines**

Allen (Allan), Alice Hanna

Death: 16 Jul 1959

Allen (Allan), Frederick Ernest  
Birth: 30 Jun 1906  
Death: 23 Apr 1971

Allen (Allan), Garnet  
Birth: 16 Jul 1901  
Death: 02 Oct 1901

Allen (Allan), George Garnet Bouchier  
Birth: 29 Nov 1903  
Death: 16 Mar 1986  
Marr: 30 Jun 1933

Allen (Allan), Harriet  
Birth: 16 Jul 1901  
Death: 27 Oct 1901

Allen (Allan), John Stuart  
Death: 07 Sep 1974

Allen (Allan), Margaret Leta  
Birth: 21 Jan 1899  
Marr: 15 Jul 1922

Allen (Allan), Sarah Isabelle May  
Birth: 19 Feb 1897  
Death: 02 Dec 1981  
Marr: 09 Nov 1921

Allen (Allan), William Henry  
Death: 30 Mar 1972

Roach (Roche), Mary Ann  
Death: 12 Jun 1941

Allan, Barbara Florence Catharine  
Birth: 31 Jan 1937

Allan, Dorothy Ann  
Birth: 07 Mar 1922

Allan, George Douglas  
Birth: 02 Nov 1939

Allan, George Frederick  
Birth: 08 Jun 1925  
Death: 22 Jan 1927

Allan, Linda Lee  
Birth: 03 May 1948

Allan, Thomas Stuart  
Birth: 09 Jun 1917

Allan, William James  
Birth: 25 Mar 1923  
Marr: 29 Jun 1956

Allan, Winnifred Doris  
Birth: 01 Feb 1928  
Death: 13 Apr 1994

Allen, John Bouchier  
Death: 20 Mar 1927

Allen, William George  
Death: 16 Mar 2012

Allen, William Henry  
Death: 08 Dec 1982

Burgess, Maud Ada  
Death: 03 Jun 1976

Garner, Beverly Ann  
Birth: 15 Oct 1931

Garner, Christopher Clarence  
Death: 30 Oct 1935  
Marr: 15 Jul 1922

Garner, Kathryn Margaret  
Birth: 28 May 1923  
Death: 19 Mar 2003  
Marr: 1948

George, Elizabeth Ruth  
Birth: 13 Sep 1922  
Death: 22 Mar 2014

George, Harry Allan  
Birth: 29 Sep 1923  
Death: 26 May 1956

George, Milne  
Death: 16 Jan 1985  
Marr: 09 Nov 1921

George, Shirley Dorothy  
Birth: 30 Jan 1926  
Marr: 20 Aug 1949

Goodliffe, Inez  
Birth: 10 Oct 1922

Kelly, Margaret Helen  
Marr: 16 Aug 1941

Lehan, Robert William  
Birth: 01 Sep 1925  
Death: 04 May 1995

Miller, Jeremiah David  
Birth: 22 Sep 1973

Miller, Michelene Christa  
Birth: 13 Mar 1978

Miller, Ronald  
Birth:  
Marr: 16 Jun 1973

Nunn, Verla Pearl  
Marr: 12 Dec 1931

Park, Ann  
Death: 13 Mar 1903

Petrie, John Guthrie  
Death: 1953

Raynor, Gordon  
Marr: 1948

Raynor, Margaret Anne  
Birth: 22 Dec 1948

Raynor, Patricia Kathryn  
Birth: 06 Jul 1957  
Marr: 16 Jun 1973

Raynor, Robert Charles  
Birth: 15 Nov 1955

Rowat, Eva Jane  
Death: 1988

Sawatzky, Tina  
Marr: 29 Jun 1956  
Stunt, Dean Michael  
Birth: 06 Dec 1959  
Stunt, Howard James  
Birth: 03 Feb 1949  
Death: 01 Nov 1950  
Stunt, John Alfred  
Birth: 17 Jan 1917  
Marr: 16 Aug 1941  
Stunt, John Edward  
Birth: 18 May 1946  
Stunt, Paul David  
Birth: 17 Sep 1947  
Stunt, Robert Howard  
Birth: 1918  
Death: 22 Jun 1919  
Stunt, William Francis  
Birth: 03 Jan 1953  
Vaughn, Brent James  
Birth: 17 Aug 1958  
Vaughn, Brian Frank  
Birth: 17 Aug 1958  
Death: 17 Jan 2006  
Vaughn, Elizabeth Arden  
Birth: 26 Feb 1980  
Vaughn, Robert Harry George  
Birth: 13 Dec 1954  
Vaughn, Sarah Pearl  
Birth: 23 Dec 1982  
Vaughn, William Frank  
Marr: 20 Aug 1949  
Birth: 01 May 1925  
Death: 06 Jul 2016  
Vaughn, William George  
Birth: 17 Feb 1951  
Marr: 27 Nov 1976  
Vaughn, William Robert  
Birth: 03 May 1986  
Wedge, Florence Victoria  
Death: 27 Dec 1987  
White, Arden Lee  
Marr: 27 Nov 1976

### **St Thomas**

Bell, Douglas John  
Birth: 05 Mar 1961

### **Stamford**

Allen, George Andrew  
Marr: 24 Jun 1936  
Green, Winifred  
Marr: 24 Jun 1936

**Stratford**

Bell, Gregory Allen  
Birth: 13 Jan 1957

**Toronto**

Allen, Alexander Hildaine  
Death: Mar 1948  
Allen, Austin George  
Marr: 15 Sep 1930  
Allen, Grace Hildane  
Death: 12 Apr 1963  
Allen, Gwendolyn Edith  
Birth: 01 Oct 1931  
Allen, Jacqueline Eugenia  
Birth: 11 Dec 1929  
Brown, George William  
Birth: 1915  
Cheves, Margaret  
Death: Mar 1948  
Flynn, Aileen Julia  
Marr: 01 May 1930  
Hopper, Edith Mary  
Marr: 15 Sep 1930  
Hyatt, Frederick Ernest  
Birth: 1904  
Nicholson, Randolph  
Marr: 01 May 1930  
Sumbler, Miriam  
Death: 23 Feb 1994

**Township of East Wawanosh**

Hanna, Mary Isabella  
Birth: 30 Dec 1870

**Tuckersmith Township**

Sproat, Agnes Hannah  
Birth: 26 Mar 1896

**Turnberry Township**

Allen, George  
Marr: 18 Sep 1895  
MacKenzie, Elizabeth  
Marr: 18 Sep 1895

**Vineland**

Moyer, John Ernest  
Birth: 1917

**Wallaceburg**

Black, Catherine McKenzie  
Birth: 1910

**Wallaceville**

Tighe, Margaret Jane  
Birth: 10 Jul 1868

**Welland**

Allen (Allan), Annie Ruth  
Marr: 18 Mar 1913  
Allen, George Andrew  
Birth: 06 Mar 1899  
Allen, Henry  
Marr: 21 Aug 1889  
Allen, Sarah Jane Verna  
Birth: 21 Mar 1898  
Allen, William Henry  
Birth: 09 May 1896  
Blackwell, Charles  
Birth: 04 Jan 1911  
Death: 04 Jan 1911  
Garner, Christopher Clarence  
Birth: 08 Feb 1898  
Green, Winifred  
Birth: 27 Nov 1900  
Greenlaw, Frank  
Marr: 18 Mar 1913  
Hutchinson, Bertha  
Death: 04 Dec 1943  
Tighe Margaret Jane  
Marr: 21 Aug 1889

**Wellington County**

Allen, Annie Geraldine  
Birth: 13 Oct 1918  
Death: 16 Dec 2001  
Allen, Charles Edgar  
Birth: 09 Nov 1891  
Marr: 10 Apr 1918  
Allen, Edward  
Birth: 22 Jun 1876  
Death: 29 Jul 1876  
Allen, Eliza Jane  
Marr: 08 Apr 1874  
Allen, Elizabeth Ann  
Birth: 28 May 1871  
Marr: 15 Jun 1899  
Allen, Ellen Louise  
Marr: 04 Feb 1903  
Allen, George  
Death: 18 May 1928  
Marr: 24 Feb 1865  
Allen, George Hermis  
Marr: 30 Nov 1921  
Allen, George Homer  
Birth: 28 Jul 1901

Allen, Harriet Abigail  
Marr: 10 Dec 1884  
Allen, James Sanford  
Birth: 04 Jun 1885  
Allen, John Cecil  
Birth: 27 Nov 1907  
Allen, John Henry  
Death: 16 Feb 1918  
Allen, Lavina Emily  
Marr: 18 Aug 1897  
Allen, Lionel David  
Birth: 13 Sep 1904  
Allen, Marjorie Alberta  
Birth: 03 Nov 1899  
Allen, Mary Ellen  
Marr: 30 Jun 1875  
Allen, Mary Jane  
Death: 04 Jun 1929  
Allen, Sarah Jane  
Birth: 07 Jun 1894  
Marr: 12 Feb 1913  
Death: 18 Aug 1922  
Allen, Sarah Jane Verna  
Death: 17 Apr 1917  
Allen, William Blair  
Birth: 20 Feb 1920  
Marr: 15 Sep 1945  
Elliott, Basil Ernest  
Birth: 02 Jun 1912  
Elliott, Orley Allen  
Birth: 13 Jan 1904  
Elliott, Robert F.  
Marr: 04 Feb 1903  
Birth: 22 Dec 1878  
Elliott, Robert Haddon  
Birth: 07 Mar 1907  
Goodliffe, Inez  
Marr: 15 Sep 1945  
Harper, Charles Ara  
Birth: 03 Jun 1881  
Harper, Edith Ann  
Birth: 29 Dec 1882  
Harper, George Alexander  
Birth: 06 May 1880  
Death: 05 Jul 1880  
Harper, Harriet Abigail  
Birth: 15 Jun 1876  
Harper, Philip  
Birth: 06 Jan 1848  
Marr: 30 Jun 1875  
Harper, Vernon Richmond  
Birth: 27 Apr 1897

Hutchinson, Alfred  
Marr: 10 Dec 1884  
Keep, Archibald Rush  
Marr: 15 Jun 1899  
Morrison, Irwin Arthur  
Marr: 18 Aug 1897  
Neil, Ephemina  
Marr: 30 Nov 1921  
Neil, Mary Elizabeth  
Marr: 10 Apr 1918  
Birth: 24 Dec 1898  
Rooney, Arthur Reginald  
Birth: 29 May 1889  
Marr: 12 Feb 1913  
Rooney, John Henry  
Death: 1918  
Thompson, David Glenn  
Death: 07 Sep 1938  
Thompson, Elizabeth Ellen  
Death: 04 Jun 1929  
Marr: 24 Feb 1865  
Thompson, Hugh  
Marr: 08 Apr 1874  
Thompson, Kenneth A. H.  
Birth: 17 Apr 1935  
Williams, Eliza  
Death: 03 Jan 1892

### **Wentworth**

Allen (Allan), William Henry Allen  
Marr: 31 Jan 1916  
Burgess, Maud Ada  
Marr: 31 Jan 1916

### **Wingham**

Allen, Andrew  
Death: 1900  
Allen, George  
Death: 05 Sep 1953  
Allen, George Clive  
Birth: 03 Jun 1911  
Allen, George Redvers  
Birth: 28 Feb 1900  
Allen, Helena Jane  
Birth: 28 Jul 1882  
Allen, John Andrew  
Birth: 07 Aug 1896  
Allen, Robert A.  
Death: 1957  
Allen, Viola May McKenzie  
Birth: 14 May 1901  
Flynn, Jane  
Death: 06 Sep 1891

Hanna, Mary Isabella  
Marr: 04 Sep 1895  
Porter, D. Bertram  
Marr: 27 Oct 1932

### **York**

Allen, Catherine G.  
Death: 08 Dec 1913  
Allen, John Andrew  
Marr: 17 Apr 1924  
Blackwell, Charles H.  
Marr: 08 May 1922  
Hanna, Mary Isabella  
Death: 26 Jun 1929  
Hutchinson, Bertha  
Marr: 08 May 1922  
Sproat, Agnes Hannah  
Marr: 17 Apr 1924

### **Quebec**

#### **Montreal**

Hyatt, Frederick Allen  
Birth: 02 Sep 1936  
Hyatt, Frederick Ernest  
Death: 07 Oct 1943  
Hyatt, Norma Grace  
Birth: 14 May 1931

### **Saskatchewan**

Allen, Harvey  
Birth: 1920  
Harper, Edna May  
Birth: 1912  
Harper, James  
Birth: Jun 1911  
Harper, Mabel Irene Louise  
Birth: 28 Jul 1895  
Wilson, Burdette Joseph  
Birth: 16 May 1921

#### **Rosetown**

Allen, John Herman  
Birth: 1918

#### **Tisdale**

Allan, Dorothy Ann  
Death: 17 May 2000  
Wilson, Burdette Joseph  
Death: 14 Nov 2010

## **Yorkton**

Allen, Mary Ellen

Death: 22 Aug 1936

Harper, Charles Ara

Death: 14 Feb 1941

Harper, Edith Ann

Death: 11 Nov 1983

Harper, Philip

Death: 17 May 1924

Hutchinson, Bertha

Birth: 11 May 1886

## **Denmark**

Jensen, Alma Jensine

Birth: 11 May 1891

## **England**

Roach (Roche), Elizabeth Roach

Birth: 1874

Marsden, Aileen Barbara

Birth: 08 May 1926

Marsden, Andrew Neil

Birth: 21 Jun 1955

Marsden, Joanna

Birth:

## **Cambridgeshire**

### **Bassingbourn**

Morley, Gwendoline

Birth: 02 Dec 1893

## **Cheshire**

### **Birkenhead**

Cocks, Annie Mabel

Birth: 23 Feb 1888

### **Hoylake, Cheshire**

Allen, Anne

Marr: 10 Aug 1885

Allen, Margaret Frances

Marr: 01 Jan 1888

Cocks, Stephen

Marr: 01 Jan 1888

Lowe, George

Marr: 10 Aug 1885

## **Lymm**

Fairclough, Ruth

Death: 20 Oct 2010

Marsden, Alan Whitlow

Death: 26 Apr 1973

Marsden, George

Death: 08 Mar 2003

## **Trafford**

Lowe, Amy Peel

Death: 27 Sep 1978

## **Channel Islands**

### **Guernsey**

Burgess, Maud Ada

Birth: 1897

## **Cheshire**

### **Birkenhead**

Cocks, Annie Mabel

Birth: 23 Feb 1888

### **Hoylake**

Allen, Anne

Marr: 10 Aug 1885

Allen, Margaret Frances

Marr: 01 Jan 1888

Cocks, Stephen

Marr: 01 Jan 1888

Lowe, George

Marr: 10 Aug 1885

### **Warrington**

Fairclough, Ruth

Birth: Oct 1924

## **Cornwall**

### **Truro**

Cocks, Stephen

Birth: 1867

### **Gloucestershire**

District of Chipping Sodbury

Isaac, Albert

Birth: Aug 1841

## **Hampshire**

### **Portsea Island**

Greaves, Herbert Albert Rio  
Birth: 04 Jun 1896

### **Portsmouth**

Greaves, Herbert Albert Rio  
Marr: Jan 1923  
Greaves, Otho Desse  
Death: Apr 1973  
Mccann, Helena Frances E.  
Marr: Jan 1923

### **Runcom**

Fairclough, Ruth  
Marr: 21 Jan 1951  
Marsden, George  
Marr: 21 Jan 1951

## **Kent**

### **Shorncliffe Camp**

Allen (Allan), Robert Andrew James Allen  
Death: 15 Jul 1917

## **Lancashire**

### **Aughton**

Halewood, William  
Birth: 10 Sep 1876

### **Edge Hill**

Cocks, Ethel  
Birth: 01 Dec 1889  
Halewood, William  
Marr: 07 Sep 1898  
Isaac, Sarah Ann  
Marr: 07 Sep 1898

### **Fylde**

Lowe, Amy Peel  
Marr: 27 Feb 1919  
Marsden, Alan Whitlow  
Marr: 27 Feb 1919

### **Liverpool**

Allen (Allan), Alice Hanna  
Birth: 07 Feb 1886  
Allen, Mary  
Marr: 14 Oct 1869  
Carroll, Anne  
Death: 06 Mar 1942

Halewood, Albert Wollie  
Birth: 25 Sep 1901  
Halewood, Rhoda May  
Death: 22 Jan 1971  
Isaac, Albert  
Marr: 14 Oct 1869  
Isaac, Hannah  
Birth: 1880  
Death: 1884  
Isaac, Rhoda Alberta  
Birth: 19 Feb 1877  
Isaac, Ruth  
Birth: 07 Sep 1883  
Isaac, Sarah Ann  
Birth: Jan 1879  
Morris, Catherine  
Death: Oct 1948  
Roach (Roche), Ann  
Birth: 1868  
Roach (Roche), Jane  
Birth: 1874  
Roach (Roche), Margaret  
Birth: Jan 1863  
Roach (Roche), Mary Ann  
Birth: 15 Mar 1864

#### **Manchester**

Marsden, Alan Whitlow  
Birth: 29 Jun 1896  
Marsden, George  
Birth: 24 Apr 1920

#### **Prescot**

Halewood, Mary Patricia  
Birth: Apr 1906

#### **St Annes on the Sea**

Lowe, Annie Cable  
Birth: Oct 1892  
Lowe, Amy Peel  
Birth: 15 Apr 1896  
Lowe, George  
Birth: 28 Nov 1890  
Lowe, Ramsey Allan  
Birth: Oct 1894

#### **Toxteth Park**

Allen, John Bouchier  
Marr: 17 May 1885  
Allen, Mary  
Death: 18 Jan 1904  
Greaves, Otho Desse  
Marr: Jan 1895

Halewood, Rhoda May  
Birth: 14 May 1903  
Isaac, Albert  
Death: 27 May 1911  
Isaac, Herbert Henry  
Birth: 29 Jan 1875  
Isaac, Rhoda Alberta  
Marr: Jan 1895  
Roach (Roche), Mary Ann  
Marr: 17 May 1885  
Roach (Roche), Thomas Roach  
Death: Jan 1894

### **West Derby**

Cocks, Cecil May  
Birth: 09 May 1894  
Cocks, Stephen Henry  
Birth: 12 Jan 1892  
Halewood, Rhoda May  
Marr: Jan 1927  
Morris, Catherine  
Birth: Jan 1903  
Simpson, William  
Marr: Jan 1927

### **Whittingham**

Allen, Anne  
Death: 16 Apr 1919

### **Surrey**

#### **Dulwich**

Stunt, Howard  
Birth: 23 Jul 1875

#### **Surrey Northern**

Conway  
Marr: Jan 1952  
Greaves, Frank Lewis Olive  
Marr: Jan 1952

### **Warwickshire**

#### **Aston**

Cocks, Annie Mabel  
Death: Jan 1899  
Cocks, Sydney Augustus  
Birth: Jan 1898  
Death: Jul 1901

## **Birmingham**

Cocks, Cyril

Death: Sep 1972

Cocks, Edward Victor

Death: 02 Dec 1923

Cocks, Phyllis Emily

Birth: 01 Jan 1900

Death: Jul 1990

Dodd, Percy

Death: 17 Feb 1959

## **Solihull**

Cocks, Cyril

Birth: 30 Jan 1902

Cocks, Ethel

Death: Oct 1895

## **West Midlands**

### **Birmingham**

Allen, Margaret Frances

Death: 07 Oct 1921

Cocks, Phyllis Emily

Marr: 01 Dec 1924

Dodd, Percy

Marr: 01 Dec 1924

## **West Yorkshire**

### **Batley**

Sumbler, Miriam

Birth: 20 Aug 1911

## **Wiltshire**

### **Salisbury**

Mccann, Helena Frances E.

Death: Feb 1991

## **Worcestershire**

### **Kings Norton**

Cocks, Stephen

Death: Jun 1920

## **Yorkshire**

### **Batley**

Sumbler, Miriam

Birth: 20 Aug 1911

## **Selby**

Hutchinson, Alfred  
Birth: Jul 1860

## **Sheffield**

Allen, Alexander  
Marr: 16 Apr 1854  
Cocks, Edward Victor  
Birth: Jan 1896  
Thompson, Harriet Anne  
Marr: 16 Apr 1854

## **France**

Cocks, Stephen Henry  
Death: 25 Oct 1918

## **Ireland**

Roach (Roche), Thomas Roach  
Birth: 1831  
Allen, Ellen  
Birth: 1849  
Allen, William  
Birth: 02 Apr 1853  
Drew, Anna  
Birth:  
Park, Ann  
Birth: 1839  
Park, Thomas  
Birth:  
Death:  
Thompson, Hugh  
Birth: 1851

## **Clare**

### **Cappaduff**

Allen, Catherine G.  
Birth: 05 Feb 1855  
Allen, Fanny  
Birth: 07 Jan 1856  
Bouchier, Alice  
Marr: 07 Feb 1874  
Nash, Michael  
Marr: 07 Feb 1874

**Cloonamirran**

Allen, Robert A.

Birth: 22 Aug 1868

**Loch Derg**

Allen, Henry

Birth: 21 Jun 1863

**Mountshannon**

Allen, Alexander

Birth: 02 May 1827

Allen, Andrew

Birth: 1815

Allen, Andrew

Birth: 15 Jul 1858

Allen, Anne

Birth: 02 Oct 1858

Allen, Ellen

Marr: 30 Oct 1848

Allen, Ellen

Birth: 10 Apr 1861

Allen, George

Birth: Feb 1830

Allen, George

Birth: 16 Mar 1866

Allen, Henry

Birth: 1805

Death: 26 Feb 1874

Allen, James

Birth: 1840

Allen, James

Birth: 15 Apr 1852

Allen, John

Birth: 1784

Allen, John

Birth: 1845

Allen, John Bouchier

Birth: 1846

Allen, Margaret Frances

Birth: 11 Feb 1862

Allen, Mary

Birth: 1843

Allen, Mary

Birth: 1846

Allen, Mary Ellen

Birth: 09 Feb 1855

Allen, Sarah

Birth: 1850

Allen, Susannah

Birth: 1837

Bouchier, Alice

Birth: 1807

Death: 1882

Carroll, Andrew  
Birth: 1823  
Marr: 30 Oct 1848  
Flynn, Jane  
Birth: 1830  
Minahan, Elisabeth  
Death: 1805  
Park, Margaret  
Birth: 09 May 1840  
Thompson, Elizabeth Ellen  
Birth: 13 Mar 1848  
Thompson, Harriet Anne  
Birth: 25 May 1835  
Williams, Rebecca  
Death: 22 Mar 1860

## **Derry**

Reid, George  
Birth: 1833

## **Eire**

### **Killaloe**

Allen, John  
Marr: 1795  
Minahan, Elisabeth  
Marr: 1795

## **Galway**

### **Inniscalthra**

Allen, Henry  
Birth: 1848

## **Sligo**

Allen, Ellen  
Birth: 1849  
Allen, John  
Birth: 1822

### **Ballysodare Parish**

Williams, Eliza  
Birth: 24 Jul 1825

## Northern Ireland

### Londonderry

Reid, George  
Birth: 1833

## Scotland

### Angus

#### Carmyllie

Lowe, George  
Birth: 10 Sep 1856

### Ayrshire

#### Ochiltree

Robb, Thomas White  
Birth: 30 Jul 1922

### Lanarkshire

#### Lanark

Murdoch, George  
Birth: 1852

## United States of America

### Florida

Allen, Barbara Jean  
Birth: 19 Aug 1927  
Allyn, Royce Rupert  
Birth: 1925

### Bradenton

Allyn, Charles Francis  
Birth: 17 May 1928

### De Soto

Allen, Mary Aileen  
Death: 24 Feb 1972

### Hillsborough

Allen, John Thompson  
Marr: 1927  
Hopkins, Charlotte Anna  
Marr: 1927

**Largo**

Allen, Robert Henry  
Death: 14 Sep 2007

**Manatee**

Allen, William James  
Death: 23 Oct 1947

**Miami**

Allyn, Charles Francis  
Marr: Aug 1961  
Angle, Joyce Emily  
Marr: Aug 1961

**Pinellas**

Allen, George Wayne  
Death: 12 Mar 1985  
Allen, Rupert Royce  
Marr: 23 Nov 1945  
Hovis, Eleanor J.  
Marr: 23 Nov 1945  
Knestrick, Rose Evelyn  
Death: 11 Jan 1957  
Walch, Linus Andrew  
Death: 26 Aug 1987

**Plant City, Hillsborough**

Allen, Dorothy  
Death: 03 Mar 2001

**Sarasota**

Allen, Dorothy  
Birth: 04 Oct 1909

**St. Petersburg**

Allen, John Thompson  
Death: 25 Jan 1953  
Allen, Rupert Royce  
Death: 13 Jul 1968  
Allyn, Charles Francis  
Death: 16 Apr 1988  
Angle, Joyce Emily  
Death: 02 Jul 2005  
Hopkins, Charlotte Anna  
Death: 13 Apr 1962

**Tampa**

Allen, Charles Derondo  
Death: 25 Jan 1946  
Churchill, Edna Myrtle  
Death: 1918  
Keep, Archibald Rush  
Death: Aug 1927

## **Hawaii**

### **Honolulu**

Allen, Marcella

Death: 06 Apr 1959

## **Indiana**

Churchill, Edna Myrtle

Birth: 1879

## **Iowa**

### **Beloit**

Allen, Rupert Royce

Birth: 06 Jul 1901

### **Dubuque**

Walch, Linus Andrew

Birth: 18 Aug 1914

## **Michigan**

### **Detroit**

Agnew, Alfred

Death: 23 Jun 1958

Allen, Marion (Nellie)

Death: 12 Apr 1947

Allen, Norman Mcdonald

Marr: 13 Jul 1930

Carron, Mary L.

Marr: 13 Jul 1930

### **Harbor Beach**

Allen, George Clive

Death: 20 Dec 1990

## **Minnesota**

Allen, Marjorie Alberta

Marr: 15 Jun 1925

MacGregor, Eugene E.

Marr: 15 Jun 1925

## **Montana**

Thompson, Kenneth A. H.

Death: 20 Apr 1994

## **New Jersey**

Gilbert, Alice B.

Birth: 1902

### **Califon**

Allen (Allan), Annie Ruth

Death: 30 Jun 1979

Greenlaw, Frank H.

Death: 22 Sep 1977

### **New York**

#### **Lewiston**

Allen, Betty Jean

Death: 09 Feb 1985

Glasgow, John B.

Death: 09 Feb 1985

Glasgow, John Brian

Death: 15 Jul 1988

### **North Dakota**

Allen, Charles Llewellyn

Birth: 05 Feb 1903

### **Ohio**

Allen, Mary Aileen

Birth: Jun 1898

### **Canaan, Wayne**

Knestrick, Rose Evelyn

Birth: 02 Apr 1868

### **Cleveland**

Hill, Arthur Allen

Birth: 30 Dec 1912

### **Cuyahoga**

Allen, Marcella

Marr: 17 Dec 1907

Hill, Arthur Geoffrey

Marr: 17 Dec 1907

### **Mayfield Heights**

Hill, Arthur Allen

Death: 21 Dec 1996

### **Pennsylvania**

Glasgow, John B.

Birth: 11 Nov 1923

## Virginia

### Franklin

Angle, Joyce Emily

Birth: 28 Oct 1923

## Wisconsin

### Vernon

Allen, Charles Derondo

Marr: 05 Apr 1899

Churchill, Edna Myrtle

Marr: 05 Apr 1899

## West Indies

### Barbados

Greaves, Otho Desse

Birth: 10 Sep 1875

Research Artifacts

George Hermis Allen [1139] – Attestation Paper

DUPLICATE  
No. 428922

**ATTESTATION PAPER.**

CANADIAN OVER-SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FORCE.

QUESTIONS TO BE PUT BEFORE ATTESTATION.  
(ANSWERS)

1. What is your surname? Allen

1a. What are your Christian names? George Hermis

1b. What is your present address? 111 St. St. & Mt. Road, Dal.

2. In what Town, Township or Parish, and in what Country were you born? Andrew Township, Dal.

3. What is the name of your next-of-kin? William C. Allen

4. What is the address of your next-of-kin? Rt. 1 St. & Mt. Road, Dal.

4a. What is the relationship of your next-of-kin? Brother

5. What is the date of your birth? July 4, 1898

6. What is your Trade or Calling? Journalist

7. Are you married? No

8. Are you willing to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated and inoculated? Yes

9. Do you now belong to the Active Militia? No

10. Have you ever served in any Military Force? No

11. Do you understand the nature and terms of your engagement? Yes

12. Are you willing to be attested to serve in the }  
CANADIAN OVER-SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FORCE? } Yes

**DECLARATION TO BE MADE BY MAN ON ATTESTATION.**

I, George Hermis Allen, do solemnly declare that the above are answers made by me to the above questions and that they are true, and that I am willing to fulfil the engagements by me now made and I hereby engage and agree to serve in the Canadian Over-Seas Expeditionary Force, and to be attached to any arm of the service thereof, for the term of one year, or during the war now existing between Great Britain and Germany should that war last longer than one year, and for six months after the termination of that war provided His Majesty should so long require my services, or until legally discharged.

Date July 21 1916. George Hermis Allen (Signature of Recruit)  
Carl John Link (Signature of Witness)

**OATH TO BE TAKEN BY MAN ON ATTESTATION.**

I, George Hermis Allen, do make Oath, that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King George the Fifth, His Heirs and Successors, and that I will as in duty bound honestly and faithfully defend His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Person, Crown and Dignity, against all enemies, and will observe and obey all orders of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and of all His Generals and Officers set over me. No help me God.

Date July 21 1916. George Hermis Allen (Signature of Recruit)  
Carl John Link (Signature of Witness)

**CERTIFICATE OF MAGISTRATE.**

The Recruit above-named was cautioned by me that if he made any false answer to any of the above questions he would be liable to be punished as provided in the Army Act.

The above questions were then read to the Recruit in my presence.

I have taken care that he understands each question, and that his answer to each question has been duly entered accordingly, and the said Recruit has made and signed the declaration and takes the oath before me, at St. John's this 21<sup>st</sup> day of July 1916.

G. P. Allen (Signature of Justice)

M. E. W. 22  
7038-2-11  
M. G. 1712-21-21

Description of George Herman Allen on Enlistment.

Apparent Age 18 years 6 months  
(To be described according to the instructions given in the Regulations for Army Medical Services.)

Distinctive marks, and marks indicating congenital peculiarities or previous disease.

Should the Medical Officer be of opinion that the recruit has any of the above, he will, before he signs acknowledgment to entry into service, attach a slip to this sheet, for the information of the Approving Officer.

None

Height 5 ft 5 in.

Birth when fully expanded 33 ins.  
 Range of expansion 3 ins.

Complexion Clear

Eyes Blue

Hair Brown

Religious denomination  
 Church of England   
 Presbyterian  
 Methodist  
 Baptist or Congregationalist  
 Roman Catholic  
 Jewish  
 Other denominations  
(denominations to be stated.)

CERTIFICATE OF MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

I have examined the above named Recruit and find that he does not present any of the causes of rejection specified in the Regulations for Army Medical Services.

He can see at the required distance with either eye; his heart and lungs are healthy; he has the free use of his joints and limbs, and he declares that he is not subject to fits of any description.

I consider him Fit for the Canadian Over-Sea Expeditionary Force.

Date July 31<sup>st</sup> 1916

Place Det Forest

Wm. P. Hadley  
 Medical Officer.

\*Insert here "fit" or "unfit".  
 Note.—Should the Medical Officer consider this Recruit unfit, he will fill in the foregoing (third) field only in the case of those who have been selected, and will briefly state below the cause of unfitness.

CERTIFICATE OF OFFICER COMMANDING UNIT.

George Herman Allen having been finally approved and inspected by me this day, and his Name, Age, Date of Attestation, and every prescribed particular having been recorded, I certify that I am satisfied with the correctness of this Attestation.


W. P. Hadley (Signature of Officer)  
 C.O.C. 153rd Co. Bn. C.E.F.

Date July 31<sup>st</sup> 1916





Mary Allen [122] and Albert Isaac's Marriage Certificate

  
**CERTIFIED COPY OF AN ENTRY OF MARRIAGE**      GIVEN AT THE GENERAL REGISTER OFFICE  
 Application Number: 288480/1

1879. Marriage solemnized at <u>St Michael's Church</u> in the <u>Parish of Liverpool</u> in the County of <u>Lancaster</u>								
No.	When Married	Name and Surname	Age	Condition	Rank or Profession	Residence at time of Marriage	Father's Name and Surname	Rank or Profession of Father
591	October	Albert Isaac	27	Bachelor	Mariner	26 Upper Pitt Street	Isaac Isaac	Sawyer
	14	Mary Allen	22	Spinster	—	8 Kent Street	Henry Allen	Farmer

Married in the Church of St Michael according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Established Church, by license or after \_\_\_\_\_ by me, \_\_\_\_\_  
G. Farrant Roberts (Minister)

This Marriage was solemnized between us, Albert Isaac and Mary X Allen in the presence of us, James Wilson and William Baller

CERTIFIED to be a true copy of an entry in the certified copy of a register of Marriages in the Registration District of **Liverpool**  
 Given at the General Register Office, under the Seal of the said Office, the **23rd** day of **June** 2008

MXD 848504  
 CAUTION: THERE ARE OFFENCES RELATIVE TO FALSIFYING OR ALTERING A CERTIFICATE AND UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF A FALSE CERTIFICATE & CROWN COPYRIGHT.  
 WARNING: A CERTIFICATE IS NOT EVIDENCE OF IDENTITY.

Robert Andrew James Allan [1234] – Military Enlistment Papers

176  
*R.A.J.A.*  
*12-10-16*  
*Battalion C.E.F.*

DUPLICATE

ATTESTATION PAPER.

No. *T60367*  
 Folio.

CANADIAN OVER-SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FORCE.

QUESTIONS TO BE PUT BEFORE ATTESTATION.  
 (ANSWERS.)

1. What is your surname? *Allan*
- 1a. What are your Christian names? *Robert Andrew James*
- 1b. What is your present address? *96 Henry St St Catharines Ont*
2. In what Town, Township, Parish, and in what Country were you born? *Mount Forest, Ontario, Canada*
3. What is the name of your next-of-kin? *Mrs Annis Allan*
- 4a. What is the address of your next-of-kin? *96 Henry St St Catharines Ontario*
- 4b. What is the relationship of your next-of-kin? *Mother*
5. What is the date of your birth? *February 25<sup>th</sup> 1892*
6. What is your Trade or Calling? *Mechanic*
7. Are you married? *no*
8. Are you willing to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated and inoculated? *yes*
9. Do you now belong to the Active Militia? *no*
10. Have you ever served in any Military Force? *no*  
If so, state particulars of former Service.
11. Do you understand the nature and terms of your engagement? *yes*
12. Are you willing to be attested to serve in the CANADIAN OVER-SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FORCE? *yes*

DECLARATION TO BE MADE BY MAN ON ATTESTATION.

I, *Robert James Andrew Allan*, do solemnly declare that the above are answers made by me to the above questions and that they are true, and that I am willing to fulfil the engagements by me now made, and I hereby engage and agree to serve in the Canadian Over-Seas Expeditionary Force, and to be attached to any arm of the service therein, for the term of one year, or during the war now existing between Great Britain and Germany should that war last longer than one year, and for six months after the termination of that war provided His Majesty should so long require my services, or until legally discharged.

Date *March 8<sup>th</sup>* 1916. *Robt Allan* (Signature of Recruit)  
*Edwards* (Signature of Witness)

OATH TO BE TAKEN BY MAN ON ATTESTATION.

I, *R. J. A. Allan*, do make Oath, that I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George the Fifth, His Heirs and Successors, and that I will as in duty bound honestly and faithfully defend His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Person, Crown and Dignity, against all enemies, and will observe and obey all orders of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and of all the Generals and Officers set over me. So help me God.

Date *March 31<sup>st</sup>* 1916. *Robt Allan* (Signature of Recruit)  
*E. M. Wylie* (Signature of Witness)

CERTIFICATE OF MAGISTRATE.

The Recruit above-named was cautioned by me that if he made any false answer to any of the above questions he would be liable to be punished as provided in the Army Act.  
 The above questions were then read to the Recruit in my presence.

I have taken care that he understands each question, and that his answer to each question has been duly entered as replied to, and the said Recruit has made and signed the declaration and taken the oath

before me, at *ST. CATHARINES* this *31<sup>st</sup>* day of *March* 1916.  
*M. A. Wylie* (Signature of Justice)  
 CAPTAIN

M. F. W. 23.  
 400M.-1-15.  
 H. Q. 1772-20-241.

Annie Allen [127] and George Lowe Marriage Record

1885. Marriage solemnized at *Holy Trinity Church* in the *Parish* of *Haylake* in the County of *Chester*

No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.
101	<i>August</i> <i>10<sup>th</sup></i>	<i>George Lowe</i>	<i>full</i>	<i>Bachelor</i>	<i>Golf-Club</i> <i>Makr.</i>	<i>Haylake</i> <i>Prescot</i>	<i>George Lowe</i>	<i>Railway</i> <i>Service - Out</i>
		<i>Annie Allen</i>	<i>full</i>	<i>Spinster</i>	<i>Widow</i>	<i>Lancashire</i>	<i>Henry Allen</i>	<i>Farmer.</i>

Married in the *Church of Holy Trinity* according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Established Church, by *Licence* or after \_\_\_\_\_ by me, \_\_\_\_\_ *J. Holland*

This Marriage was solemnized between us, (*George Lowe* \_\_\_\_\_) in the Presence of us, (*David Lowe* \_\_\_\_\_  
*Annie Allen* \_\_\_\_\_) (*Margaret Allen* \_\_\_\_\_)

---

1885. Marriage solemnized at *Holy Trinity Church* in the *Parish* of *Haylake* in the County of *Chester*

No.	When Married.	Name and Surname.	Age.	Condition.	Rank or Profession.	Residence at the time of Marriage.	Father's Name and Surname.	Rank or Profession of Father.
102	<i>Oct.</i> <i>25<sup>th</sup></i>	<i>Hart Binner</i>	<i>full</i>	<i>Bachelor</i>	<i>Butcher</i>	<i>Haylake</i>	<i>Edward Binner</i>	<i>Blacksmith.</i>
		<i>Sarah Heyland Smith</i>	<i>full</i>	<i>Spinster</i>	—	<i>Haylake.</i>	<i>Edward Smith</i>	<i>Butcher.</i>

Married in the *Church of Holy Trinity* according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Established Church, by *Licence* or after \_\_\_\_\_ by me, \_\_\_\_\_ *J. Holland*

This Marriage was solemnized between us, (*Hart Binner* \_\_\_\_\_) in the Presence of us, (*Harry Lloyd* \_\_\_\_\_  
*Sarah Heyland Smith* \_\_\_\_\_) (*Elizabeth Ann Smith* \_\_\_\_\_)

Norman Mcdonald Allen [1442] - Military Enlistment Papers

**DUPLICATE**

DIVISIONAL SIGNAL COMPANY  
**ATTESTATION PAPER.**

No. 507263  
Folio.

CANADIAN OVER-SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FORCE.

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**QUESTIONS TO BE PUT BEFORE ATTESTATION.**  
(ANSWERS)

**A L L E N**

1. What is your surname? ..... **NORMAN McDONALD**

1a. What are your Christian names? ..... **Burwash Hall, Queen's Park Toronto.**

1b. What is your present address? .....

2. In what Town, Township or Parish, and in what Country were you born? ..... **Paisley, Ont. Canada**

3. What is the name of your next-of-kin? ..... **Margaret Allen**

4. What is the address of your next-of-kin? ..... **Box 231 Paisley, Ont. Canada**

4a. What is the relationship of your next-of-kin? ..... **Mother**

5. What is the date of your birth? ..... **June 30th 1895**

6. What is your Trade or Calling? ..... **Teacher**

7. Are you married? ..... **Single**

8. Are you willing to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated and inoculated? ..... **Yes**

9. Do you now belong to the Active Militia? ..... **No**

10. Have you ever served in any Military Force? ..... **Yes. Lieutenants Certificate.**  
If so, state particulars of former Service.

11. Do you understand the nature and terms of your engagement? ..... **Yes**

12. Are you willing to be attested to serve in the } **Yes**  
CANADIAN OVER-SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FORCE? }

---

**DECLARATION TO BE MADE BY MAN ON ATTESTATION.**

I, **Norman McDonald Allen**, do solemnly declare that the above are answers made by me to the above questions and that they are true, and that I am willing to fulfil the engagements by me now made, and I hereby engage and agree to serve in the Canadian Over-Seas Expeditionary Force, and to be attached to any arm of the service therein, for the term of one year, or during the war now existing between Great Britain and Germany should that war last longer than one year, and for six months after the termination of that war provided His Majesty should so long require my services, or until legally discharged.

Date **August 4th** 191**6** *Norman McDonald Allen* (Signature of Recruit)  
*H. Moore* (Signature of Witness)

---

**OATH TO BE TAKEN BY MAN ON ATTESTATION.**

I, **Norman McDonald Allen**, do make Oath, that I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George the Fifth, His Heirs and Successors, and that I will as in duty bound honestly and faithfully defend His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Person, Crown and Dignity, against all enemies, and will observe and obey all orders of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and of all the Generals and Officers set over me. So help me God.

Date **August 4th** 191**6** *Norman McDonald Allen* (Signature of Recruit)  
*H. Moore* (Signature of Witness)

---

**CERTIFICATE OF MAGISTRATE.**

The Recruit above-named was cautioned by me that if he made any false answer to any of the above questions he would be liable to be punished as provided in the Army Act.

The above questions were then read to the Recruit in my presence.

I have taken care that he understands each question, and that his answer to each question has been duly entered as replied to, and the said Recruit has made and signed the declaration and taken the oath before me, at **Toronto, Canada** this **4th** day of **August**, 191**6**.

*Moore* (Signature of Justice)

M. F. W. 22.  
400M-1-15.  
H. Q. 1172-30-241.

Alexander Stewart Lowe [1271] – Birth Certificate

E 475636

CERTIFIED COPY of an ENTRY OF BIRTH Pursuant to the Births and Deaths Registration Acts, 1836 to 1947.

Registration District Yeadon

Birth in the Sub-District of Latham in the County of Yorkshire

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Name and where born	Date, if any	Sex	Name and surname of father	Name and maiden surname of mother	Rank or profession of father	Signature, description and residence of informant	When registered	Signature of Registrar	Signature of a medical officer (if any)
<u>Sister</u>				<u>Anna</u>		<u>Annie Lowe</u>		<u>Robert</u>	
<u>Number</u>				<u>born</u>		<u>Teacher</u>	<u>Swanwick</u>		
<u>1918</u>			<u>George</u>	<u>January</u>	<u>Coff</u>	<u>Saint Andrews</u>	<u>December</u>	<u>Henry</u>	
<u>Saint Andrews</u>	<u>Alexander</u>	<u>Boy</u>	<u>Lowe</u>	<u>Allen</u>	<u>Registrar</u>	<u>Road West</u>	<u>1918</u>	<u>Registrar</u>	
<u>East North</u>	<u>Stewart</u>					<u>Saint Anne's</u>			
<u>Saint Anne's</u>						<u>on the Sea</u>			
<u>on the Sea</u>									
<u>USA</u>									

T. WADSWORTH  
 I, T. WADSWORTH, Superintendent Registrar for the District of Yeadon do hereby certify that this is a true copy of the Entry No. 547 in the Register Book of Births No. 12 for the above named Sub-District, and that such Register Book is now legally custody.

Witness my Hand this 24th day of April 1918.

T. Wadsworth  
 Superintendent Registrar

Margaret Frances Allen [128] – Marriage Certificate

Registration District Rippenhead

Marriage solemnized at Holy Trinity Church in the County of Chester

District of Parish of Hoylake in the County of Chester

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
When married	Name and surname	Age	Condition	Rank or profession	Residence at the time of marriage	Father's name and surname	Rank or profession of father
<u>21 Jan 1st</u>	<u>Stephen Cocks</u>	<u>22 yrs</u>	<u>Bachelor</u>	<u>Indoor Servant</u>	<u>St Johns Truro</u>	<u>Edward Cocks</u>	<u>Shoe Maker</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>Margaret Frances Allen</u>	<u>25 yrs</u>	<u>Spinster</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>Hoylake</u>	<u>Henry Allen</u>	<u>Farmer</u>


Which in the Church of Holy Trinity according to the rites and ceremonies of the Established Church by Licence \_\_\_\_\_ by me.

Marriage solemnized by \_\_\_\_\_ in the presence of us, \_\_\_\_\_  
Stephen Cocks \_\_\_\_\_ George Love \_\_\_\_\_  
Margaret Frances Allen \_\_\_\_\_ Jane Collins \_\_\_\_\_

Certified to be a true copy of an entry in a register in my custody.

D. Broadhead  
 Superintendent Registrar  
 20th February 1967 Date


Susannah Allen [16] – Marriage Certificate

  
MARRIAGE REGISTERED IN NEW SOUTH WALES, AUSTRALIA.

CERTIFIED COPY FURNISHED UNDER PART V OF THE  
REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES ACT, 1973.


No.	Date and place of marriage	Names and surnames of parties	Conjugal status	Birthplace	Usual occupation	Age	Usual place of residence	Father's name mother's name and maiden surname	Father's occupation
2107	21st Sydney Road July 1889	George Reed Susannah Allen	Bachelor Spinster		Boomer		Jamberoo		
Married to the _____ According to the rites of the Anglican Church					This Marriage was solemnized between us George Reed Susannah Allen In the presence of James Gallagher By (or before) us, <i>Barbara Flett</i> Officiating Minister or Registrar.				

I, BARBARA FLETT, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE IS A TRUE COPY OF PARTICULARS RECORDED IN A REGISTER KEPT BY ME.

*Barbara Flett*   
PRINCIPAL REGISTRAR

ISSUED AT SYDNEY, 28<sup>th</sup> SEPTEMBER, 1993.


William John Reid [161] – Birth Certificate

  
BIRTH REGISTERED IN NEW SOUTH WALES, AUSTRALIA.

CERTIFIED COPY FURNISHED UNDER PART V OF THE  
REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES ACT, 1973.

No.	Date and place of birth of child	Name and whether present or not	Sex	Father's name, occupation, age and birthplace	Date and place of marriage—previous issue	Mother's name and maiden surname, age and birthplace	Informant	Witnesses	Particulars of registration	Name if added after Registration of Birth
7760	21st April 1860	William Albert	Male	(1) George Reed (2) Labourer (3) 26 (4) St. George Island	(1) 1859 Kiama (2)	(1) Susannah Allen (2) 28 (3) St. George Island	(1) Dr. Charles W. Toomey (2) Mrs. Toomey	W. Toomey 21st May 1860	Kiama	

I, BARBARA FLETT, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE IS A TRUE COPY OF PARTICULARS RECORDED IN A REGISTER KEPT BY ME.

*Barbara Flett*   
PRINCIPAL REGISTRAR

ISSUED AT SYDNEY, 21<sup>st</sup> APRIL 1994

William Henry Allen [1233] – Military Enlistment Papers

ORIGINAL  
**ATTESTATION PAPER.**  
 120th. CITY OF HAMILTON, Bn. C.E.F.  
 CANADIAN OVER-SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FORCE.

No. 1257001  
 Folio.

---

**QUESTIONS TO BE PUT BEFORE ATTESTATION.**  
 (ANSWERS)

1. What is your name? Allen, Wm. Henry

2. In what Town, Township or Parish, and in what Country were you born? Mount Forrest, Ont.

3. What is the name of your next-of-kin? Allen, John B. Father

4. What is the address of your next-of-kin? 96 Henry St, St. Catharines, Ont.

5. What is the date of your birth? Jan. 26th, 1890

6. What is your Trade or Calling? Cors Maker

7. Are you married? No

8. Are you willing to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated? and inoculated Yes W. H. A.

9. Do you now belong to the Active Militia? No

10. Have you ever served in any Military Force? No  
If so, state particulars of former service.

11. Do you understand the nature and terms of your engagement? Yes

12. Are you willing to be attested to serve in the } Yes  
 CANADIAN OVER-SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FORCE? }

William Henry Allen (Signature of Man.)  
W. H. A. (Signature of Witness.)

---

**DECLARATION TO BE MADE BY MAN ON ATTESTATION.**

I, Wm. Henry Allen, do solemnly declare that the above answers made by me to the above questions are true, and that I am willing to fulfil the engagements by me now made, and I hereby engage and agree to serve in the Canadian Over-Seas Expeditionary Force, and to be attached to any arm of the service therein, for the term of one year, or during the war now existing between Great Britain and Germany should that war last longer than one year, and for six months after the termination of that war provided His Majesty should so long require my services, or until legally discharged.

William Henry Allen (Signature of Recruit)  
W. H. A. (Signature of Witness)

Date Nov. 29th 1915.

---

**OATH TO BE TAKEN BY MAN ON ATTESTATION.**

I, Wm. Henry Allen, do make Oath, that I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George the Fifth, His Heirs and Successors, and that I will as in duty bound honestly and faithfully defend His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Person, Crown and Dignity, against all enemies, and will observe and obey all orders of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and of all the Generals and Officers set over me. So help me God.

William Henry Allen (Signature of Recruit)  
W. H. A. (Signature of Witness)

Date Nov. 29th 1915.

---

**CERTIFICATE OF MAGISTRATE.**

The Recruit above-named was cautioned by me that if he made any false answer to any of the above questions he would be liable to be punished as provided in the Army Act.  
 The above questions were then read to the Recruit in my presence.  
 I have taken care that he understands each question, and that his answer to each question has been duly entered as replied to, and the said Recruit has made and signed the declaration and taken the oath before me, at Hamilton this 10th day of December 1915.

W. H. A. (Signature of Justice)  
Wentworth County

I certify that the above is a true copy of the Attestation of the above-named Recruit.

W. H. A. (Signature of Removing Officer)

1900

M. F. W. 21.  
 299 M. T. 15.  
 H. Q. 1712-20-241.

Description of Allan, Wm. Henry on Enlistment.

Apparent Age 25 years 0 months.  
(To be determined according to the instructions given in the Regulations for Army Medical Services.)

Distinctive marks, and marks indicating congenital peculiarities or previous disease.

Should the Medical Officer be of opinion that the recruit has served before, he will, unless the man acknowledges to any previous service, attach a slip to that effect, for the information of the Approving Officer.

Height 5 ft 8 ins.

Vacc. Nil

Chest measure - inches  
 (Girth when fully expanded) 34 ins.  
 Range of expansion 3 ins.

Small mole in front of right shoulder.

Complexion Fair

Eyes Blue

Scar of burn back of left hand.

Hair Fair

Religious denominations.  
 Church of England Yes  
 Presbyterian  
~~Wesleyan~~ Methodist  
 Baptist or Congregationalist  
 Other Protestants  
(Denomination to be stated.)  
 Roman Catholic  
 Jewish

CERTIFICATE OF MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

I have examined the above-named Recruit and find that he does not present any of the causes of rejection specified in the Regulations for Army Medical Services.

He can see at the required distance with either eye; his heart and lungs are healthy; he has the free use of his joints and limbs, and he declares that he is not subject to fits of any description.

I consider him\* Fit for the Canadian Over-Sea Expeditionary Force.

Date Nov. 27th 1915.

Place Hamilton, Ont.

*W. J. Murray*  
*Capt.*  
 Medical Officer.

\*Insert here "fit" or "unfit."

NOTE.—Should the Medical Officer consider the Recruit unfit, he will fill in the foregoing Certificate only in the case of those who have been attested, and will briefly state below the cause of unfitness:—

CERTIFICATE OF OFFICER COMMANDING UNIT.


Wm. Henry Allan having been finally approved and inspected by me this day, and his Name, Age, Date of Attestation, and every prescribed particular having been recorded, I certify that I am satisfied with the correctness of this Attestation.

*W. J. Murray* (Signature of Officer)

Date Nov. 27th 1915



Alexander Stewart Lowe [1271] – Military Enlistment Papers


**AUSTRALIAN MILITARY FORCES.**

A

108640 **ALIAN IMPERIAL FORCE.**

Attestation Paper of Persons Enlisted for Service Abroad.

No. 1291 Name LOWE, Alexander Stewart M.M.  
Unit  
Joined on 28/10/11.

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Questions to be put to the Person Enlisting before Attestation.

<p>1. What is your Name? .....</p> <p>2. In or near what Parish or Town were you born? .....</p> <p>3. Are you a natural born British Subject or a Naturalized British Subject? (N.B.—If the latter, papers to be shown.) .....</p> <p>4. What is your age? .....</p> <p>5. What is your trade or calling? .....</p> <p>6. Are you, or have you been, an Apprentice? If so, where, to whom, and for what period? .....</p> <p>7. ... married? .....</p> <p>8. ... your next of kin? (Address to be stated) .....</p> <p>9. ... ever been convicted by the Civil Power? .....</p> <p>10. ... ever been discharged from any part of His Majesty's Forces, with Ignominy, or as Insolvent and Worthless, or on account of Conviction of Felony, or of a Sentence of Penal Servitude, or have you been dismissed with Disgrace from the Navy? .....</p> <p>11. ... now belong to, or have you ever served in, His Majesty's Army, the Marines, the Militia, the Yeomanry, the Territorial Force, Royal Navy, or Colonial Forces? If so, state which, and if not now serving, state cause of discharge .....</p> <p>12. Have you stated the whole, if any, of your previous services? .....</p> <p>13. Have you ever been rejected as unfit for His Majesty's Service? If so, on what grounds? .....</p> <p>14. (For Married Men and Widowers with children)—Do you understand that no Separation Allowance will be issued to you either before or after embarkation during your term of service? .....</p>	<p>1. <u>Alexander Stewart Lowe</u> .....</p> <p>2. In the Parish of <u>S. James-on-Sea</u> in or near the Town of <u>Blackpool</u> .....</p> <p>in the County of <u>Lancashire</u> .....</p> <p>3. <u>Natural born</u> .....</p> <p>4. <u>25 1/2 years</u> .....</p> <p>5. <u>Coff and maker</u> .....</p> <p>6. <u>Hugh &amp; Low, S. James-on-Sea</u> .....</p> <p>7. <u>No</u> .....</p> <p>8. <u>Father, Hugh &amp; Low, S. James-on-Sea, Lancashire</u> .....</p> <p>9. <u>No</u> .....</p> <p>10. <u>No</u> .....</p> <p>11. <u>No</u> .....</p> <p>12. <u>Yes</u> .....</p> <p>13. <u>No</u> .....</p> <p>14. ....</p>
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I, Alexander Stewart Lowe do solemnly declare that the above answers made by me to the above questions are true, and I am willing and hereby voluntarily agree to serve in the Military Forces of the Commonwealth of Australia within or beyond the limits of the Commonwealth.

\* And I further agree to allot not less than two-fifths of the pay payable to me from time to time during my service for the support of my wife three-fifths wife and children

Date 31/10/11 Signature of person enlisted, A. Stewart Lowe

\* This clause is to be omitted where necessary and should be struck out in the case of unmarried men or widowers without children under 18 years of age.

George Lowe [1272] – Military Enlistment Papers

AUSTRALIAN  MILITARY FORCES.

**AUSTRALIAN IMPERIAL FORCE.**

Attestation Paper of Persons Enlisted for Service Abroad.

907 Name George Lowe  
 10 Bth. Unit 10th Battalion  
 Joined on 1/1/14

Questions to be put to the Person Enlisting before Attestation.

1. What is your Name? George Lowe

2. In the Parish of St Anne on the Sea in or near the Town of Blackpool in the County of Lancashire

3. Are you a natural born British Subject or a Naturalized British Subject? (N.B.—If the latter, papers to be shown.) Born British

4. What is your age? 23

5. What is your trade or calling? Solo Professional

6. Are you, or have you been, an Apprentice? If so, whom, to whom, and for what period? No

7. Are you married? No

8. Who is your next of kin? (Address to be stated) Sister - George Lowe  
27 St. Andrews Rd South  
St Anne on Sea, Lancs. England.

9. Have you ever been convicted by the Civil Power? No

10. Have you ever been discharged from any part of His Majesty's Forces, with Ignominy, or as Insubordinate and Worthless, or on account of Conviction of Felony, or of a Sentence of Penal Servitude, or have you been dismissed with Disgrace from the Navy? No

11. Do you now belong to, or have you ever served in, His Majesty's Army, the Marines, the Militia, the Militia Reserve, the Territorial Force, Royal Navy, or Colonial Forces? If so, state which, and if not now serving, state cause of discharge. No

12. Have you stated the whole, if any, of your previous service? Yes.

13. Have you ever been rejected or unfit for His Majesty's Service? If so, on what grounds? No.

14. (For married men, widowers with children, and soldiers who are the sole support of widowed mother)—Do you understand that no Separation Allowance will be granted to you after mobilization during your term of service? Yes

I, George Lowe do solemnly declare that the above answers made me to the above questions are true, and I am willing and hereby voluntarily agree to serve in the Military Forces of the Commonwealth of Australia within or beyond the limits of the Commonwealth.

And I further agree to abstain from the use of any intoxicating liquors at the pay payable to me from time to time during my service the support of my wife and children.

Date November 26<sup>th</sup> 1914. George Lowe  
 Signature of person enlisting.

\*This clause should be struck out in the case of unmarried men or widowers without children under 16 years of age.  
 † Two-fifths may be allowed to the wife, and if there are children three-fifths may be allowed.

# Evelyn Muriel Allen Marriage Certificate [1386]

Affidavit required by Section 23 of The Marriage Act before License is granted.

**REGISTRAR GENERAL**  
 ONTARIO  
 JUL 8 1929

**Instructions to Persons Solemnizing Marriage:**

Special Attention is directed to the excerpts from The Marriage Act set forth at the Right of Affidavit herein.

EXCEPT as in The Marriage Act provided, any person who solemnizes a marriage earlier than the third day after the day of the date of this License shall be guilty of an offence and shall incur a penalty of not more than \$100.

After solemnizing the marriage, fill in all the blank spaces below and forward this License forthwith to the Registrar General, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

**3 Certify** that I solemnized the marriage of:—

*George Alexander Sepsmith*  
*Evelyn Muriel Allen*

Witness: *George Allen*  
*E. Winifred Green*

Address: *493 Jepson St.*  
*646 Lumsden St.*

City: *Wagons Falls*

Province of Ontario

Date: *Sixth* day of *July* 1929

Name of Bridegroom's Father: *Richard Sepsmith*  
 Name of Bridegroom's Mother: *Annie Sepsmith*  
 Name of Bride's Father: *Henry Allen*  
 Name of Bride's Mother: *Margaret Jane Light*

Signature and Registration Certificate Number of person solemnizing Marriage: *E. B. Reilinger* 7995

Address: *Christ Church*

Diocese: *Ch. of England*

For statistical purposes, furnish the following information:—

Diocese of Registrar's Office: *Hamilton Ont.*

Diocese of Bride's Father: *London*

Can Bridegroom read? *Yes*

Can Bride read? *Yes*

**3** I, *George Alexander Sepsmith* do hereby certify that the above named persons have taken and read the foregoing License and have signed the same in full of deposit or of the other

in the County of *Welland* in the Province of *Ontario*

**That**, for the space of fifteen days\*\* immediately preceding the date of this affidavit, *George Alexander Sepsmith* has resided at his usual place of abode within the Province of Ontario, (say, 30, 60 or 90)

**That**, I believe there is no affinity, consanguinity, prior marriage or other lawful cause or legal impediment to bar or hinder the solemnization of the marriage, and

**That**, the contents set forth herein are to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, true in every particular.

NAMES in full	George Alexander Sepsmith	Evelyn Muriel Allen
OCCUPATION	Clerk	Home
AGE AND CONDITION IN LIFE	35 Bachelor	23 Spinster
RELIGIOUS DENOMINATION	Anglican	Anglican
RESIDENCE WHEN MARRIED	1785 Cecil St.	493 Jepson
PLACES OF BIRTH	Hamilton Ont.	Wagons Falls Ont.
INTENDED PLACE OF MARRIAGE	Wagons Falls	Welland

**WITNESSED** before me at the City of *Wagons Falls* in the County of *Welland* in the Province of *Ontario* this *24th* day of *June* 1929

*George Alexander Sepsmith*  
*Evelyn Muriel Allen*

*H. C. [Signature]*  
 Registrar General of Ontario

\*\*If the affidavit is made by both parties, each has the name, address and occupation of the other party. When both the parties to the intended marriage attend before the issuer and each of them makes the affidavit required in subsection 1, the issuer may in his discretion dispense with the proof required by subsection 3.

\*\*If either of the parties is under the age of 18 years, the oaths in printing, provided by affidavit, of the person whose consent is required, must be filed with the issuer for transmission to the Registrar General. (The Marriage Act, Sections 17 and 24.)

\*\*If either of the parties has reached in Ontario for 15 days immediately preceding the date of this affidavit and the intention to marry has not been duly advertised, a permit to issue License must be obtained from the Provincial Secretary. A fee of \$10 is charged for each permit.

John Andrew Allen [13(10)1] – Military Enlistment Papers

West Horon Battalion, C. E. F. ORIGINAL

**ATTESTATION PAPER.**

No. 654716  
Folio.

**CANADIAN OVER-SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FORCE.**

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**QUESTIONS TO BE PUT BEFORE ATTESTATION.**  
(ANSWERS)

1. What is your surname? Allen
- 1a. What are your Christian names? John Andrew
- 1b. What is your present address? Wingham, Ontario, Canada
2. In what Town, Township or Parish, and in what Country were you born? Wingham, Ontario, Canada
3. What is the name of your next-of-kin? Robert Allen
4. What is the address of your next-of-kin? Wingham, Ontario, Canada
- 4a. What is the relationship of your next-of-kin? Father
5. What is the date of your birth? Aug. 7, 1896
6. What is your Trade or Calling? Bank Clerk
7. Are you married? No
8. Are you willing to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated and inoculated? Yes
9. Do you now belong to the Active Militia? No
10. Have you ever served in any Military Force?  
If so, state particulars of former Service. No
11. Do you understand the nature and terms of your engagement? Yes
12. Are you willing to be attested to serve in the }  
CANADIAN OVER-SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FORCE? } Yes

---

**DECLARATION TO BE MADE BY MAN ON ATTESTATION.**

I, John Andrew Allen, do solemnly declare that the above are answers made by me to the above questions and that they are true, and that I am willing to fulfil the engagements by me now made, and I hereby engage and agree to serve in the Canadian Over-Seas Expeditionary Force, and to be attached to any arm of the service therein, for the term of one year, or during the war now existing between Great Britain and Germany should that war last longer than one year, and for six months after the termination of that war provided His Majesty should so long require my services, or until legally discharged.

Allen (Signature of Recruit)

Date March 20 1916 W. V. Hamilton (Signature of Witness)

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**OATH TO BE TAKEN BY MAN ON ATTESTATION.**

I, John Andrew Allen, do make Oath, that I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George the Fifth, His Heirs and Successors, and that I will as in duty bound honestly and faithfully defend His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Person, Crown and Dignity, against all enemies, and will observe and obey all orders of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and of all the Generals and Officers set over me. So help me God.

Allen (Signature of Recruit)

Date March 20 1916 W. V. Hamilton (Signature of Witness)

---

**CERTIFICATE OF MAGISTRATE.**

The Recruit above-named was cautioned by me that if he made any false answer to any of the above questions he would be liable to be punished as provided in the Army Act.

The above questions were then read to the Recruit in my presence.

I have taken care that he understands each question, and that his answer to each question has been duly entered as replied to, and the said Recruit has made and signed the declaration and taken the oath before me, at Wingham this 19<sup>th</sup> day of March 1916.

Walter Adams (Signature of Justice)

M. F. W. 33. 293 M.-41-15. H. G. 1172-29-841. OCT 25 1916 Wingham, Ontario

W. V. Hamilton

Description of John Andrew Allen on Enlistment.

Apparent Age 19 years 7 months.  
(To be determined according to the instructions given in the Regulations for Army Medical Services.)

Distinctive marks, and marks indicating congenital peculiarities or previous disease.

(Should the Medical Officer be of opinion that the recruit has served before, he will, unless the man acknowledges to any previous service, attach a slip to that effect, for the information of the Approving Officer.)

Height 6 ft 4 ins.

None

Chest measure - unaltered  
 Girth when fully expanded 39 ins.  
 Range of expansion 4 ins.

Complexion Fair

Eyes Blue

Hair Light

Religious denominations.  
 Church of England   
 Presbyterian .....  
 Methodist .....  
 Baptist or Congregationalist .....  
 Roman Catholic .....  
 Jewish .....  
 Other denominations  
(Denomination to be stated.)

CERTIFICATE OF MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

I have examined the above-named Recruit and find that he does not present any of the causes of rejection specified in the Regulations for Army Medical Services.

He can see at the required distance with either eye; his heart and lungs are healthy; he has the free use of his joints and limbs, and he declares that he is not subject to fits of any description.

I consider him\* Fit for the Canadian Over-Seas Expeditionary Force.

Date Mar 19<sup>th</sup> 1916.

Place Wingham Ontario Canada J. P. Kennedy  
\*Insert here "fit" or "unfit." Medical Officer.

NOTE.—Should the Medical Officer consider the Recruit unfit, he will fill in the foregoing Certificate only in the case of those who have been attested, and will briefly state below the cause of unfitness:—

CERTIFICATE OF OFFICER COMMANDING UNIT.

John Andrew Allen having been finally approved and inspected by me this day, and his Name, Age, Date of Attestation, and every prescribed particular having been recorded, I certify that I am satisfied with the correctness of this Attestation.

J. B. Brooks (Signature of Officer)

Date April 4<sup>th</sup> 1916 C. G. 161st Huron Battalion, C. E. F.

Charles Euart Allen [1451] – Military Enlistment Papers

Card  
P. 2  
4/5/16

DUPLICATE

ATTESTATION PAPER.

No. 928822

CANADIAN OVER-SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FORCE.

Folio 1469

QUESTIONS TO BE PUT BEFORE ATTESTATION.

(ANSWERS).

1. What is your surname? ..... Allen
- 1a. What are your Christian names? ..... Charles Euart
- 1b. What is your present address? ..... Mt. Forest, Ontario
2. In what Town, Township or Parish, and in what Country were you born? ..... Mt. Forest, Ontario *Canada*
3. What is the name of your next-of-kin? ..... John T. Allen
4. What is the address of your next-of-kin? ..... Mt. Forest, Ontario
- 4a. What is the relationship of your next-of-kin? ..... Father
5. What is the date of your birth? ..... May 29th 1892
6. What is your Trade or Calling? ..... Student
7. Are you married? ..... No
8. Are you willing to be vaccinated or re-vaccinated and inoculated? ..... Yes
9. Do you now belong to the Active Militia? ..... No
10. Have you ever served in any Military Force? ..... No  
(i. e. since termination of former service.)
11. Do you understand the nature and terms of your engagement? ..... Yes
12. Are you willing to be attested to serve in the CANADIAN OVER-SEAS EXPEDITIONARY FORCE? ..... Yes

DECLARATION TO BE MADE BY MAN ON ATTESTATION.

I, Charles Euart Allen, do solemnly declare that the above are answers made by me to the above questions and that they are true, and that I am willing to fulfil the engagements by me now made, and I hereby engage and agree to serve in the Canadian Over-Seas Expeditionary Force, and to be attached to any arm of the service therein, for the term of one year, or during the war now existing between Great Britain and Germany should that war last longer than one year, and for six months after the termination of that war provided His Majesty should so long require my services, or until legally discharged.

Date, April 5th, ..... 1916.

*Charles Euart Allen* (Signature of Recruit)  
*C. A. Benhardt* (Signature of Witness)

OATH TO BE TAKEN BY MAN ON ATTESTATION.

I, Charles Euart Allen, do make Oath, that I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George the Fifth, His Heirs and Successors, and that I will as in duty bound honestly and faithfully defend His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in Person, Crown and Dignity, against all enemies, and will observe and obey all orders of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and of all the Generals and Officers set over me. So help me God.

Date, April 5th, ..... 1916

*Charles Euart Allen* (Signature of Recruit)  
*C. A. Benhardt* (Signature of Witness)

CERTIFICATE OF MAGISTRATE.

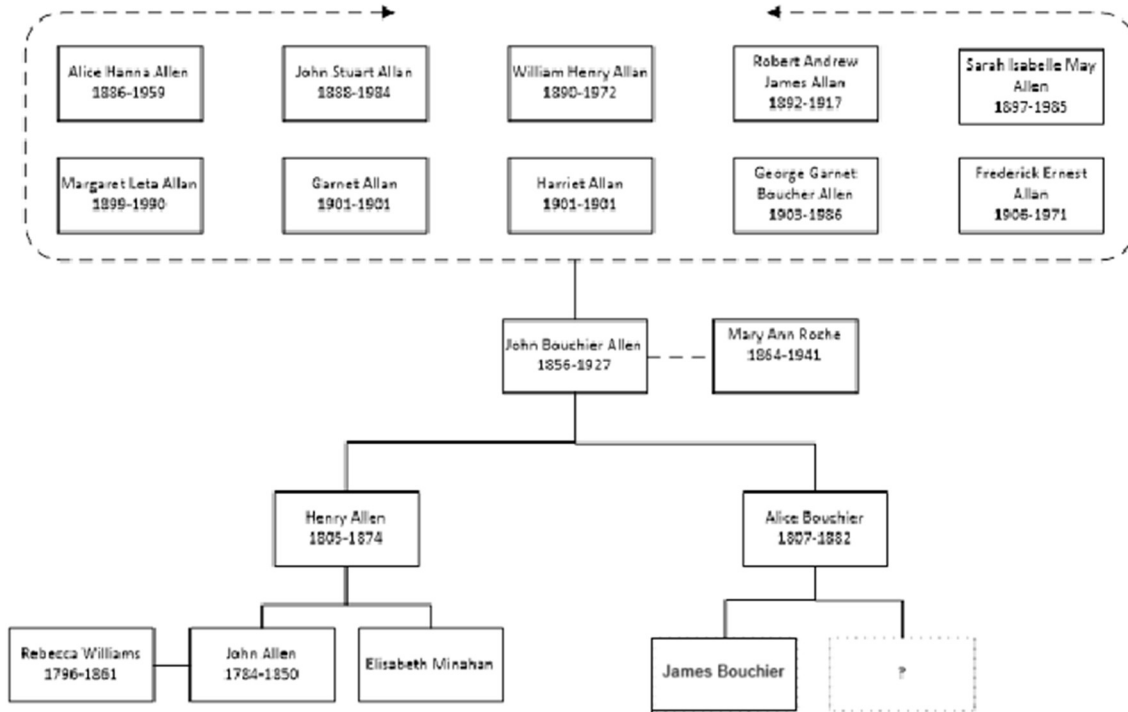
The Recruit above-named was cautioned by me that if he made any false answer to any of the above questions he would be liable to be punished as provided in the Army Act.

The above questions were then read to the Recruit in my presence. I have taken care that he understands each question, and that his answer to each question has been duly entered as replied to, and the said Recruit has made and signed the declaration and taken the oath before me, at Guelph, Ontario this 5th day of April, 1916.

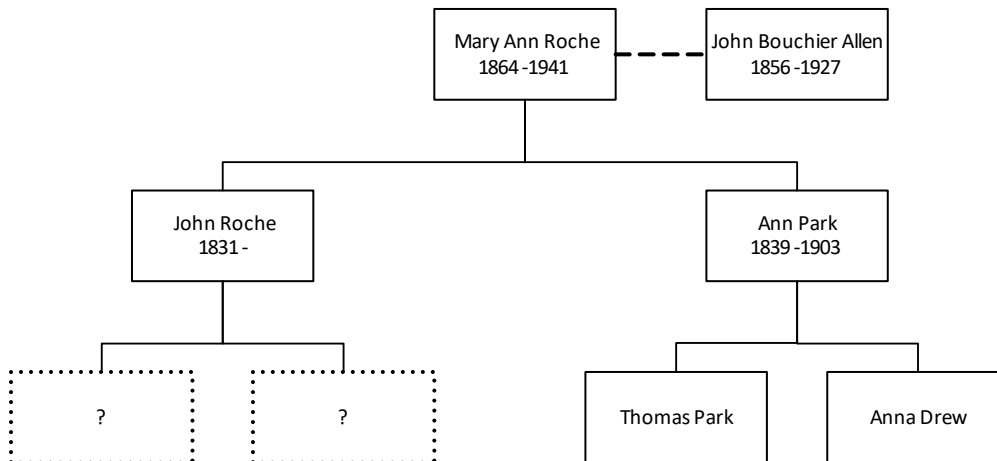
*John Nutrie* (Signature of Justice)

## Ancestral Charts

### Allen Ancestors



### Roche Ancestors



## References

*A Brief History of Ireland Land, People, History*

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\* The Tithe Applotment Books record the results of a unique land survey taken to determine the amount of tax payable by landholders to the Church of Ireland, the established church until 1869. They are known as the Tithe Applotment Books because the results of this land survey were originally compiled in nearly 2,000 hand-written books. This data set represents a virtual census for pre-Famine Ireland. Since it covers all of Ireland it is immensely important in terms of constructing, not just an image of a particular family line, but of wider social conditions in the country.